# Peer Comparison: National Transit Database Community Oversight Panel

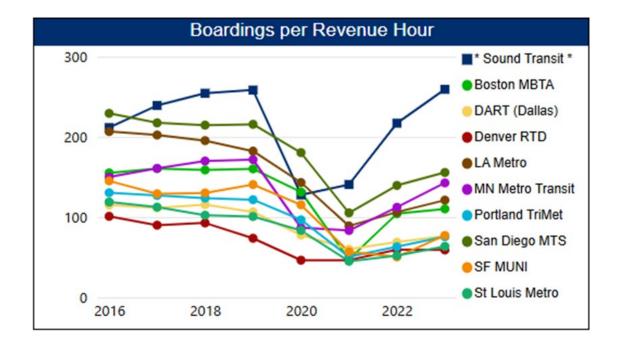






### Link – Service Efficiency

 Passenger volumes rose 13.7% from 23.6 million in 2022 to 26.9 million in 2023 — one of the strongest ridership rebounds postpandemic among peer cities

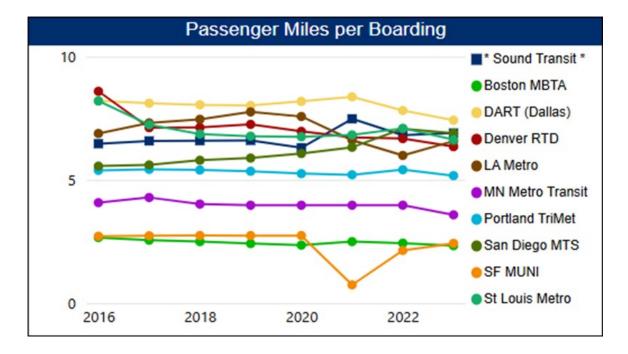




# Link – Trip Length

•ST passengers tend to travel further on an average trip than nearly all their peers

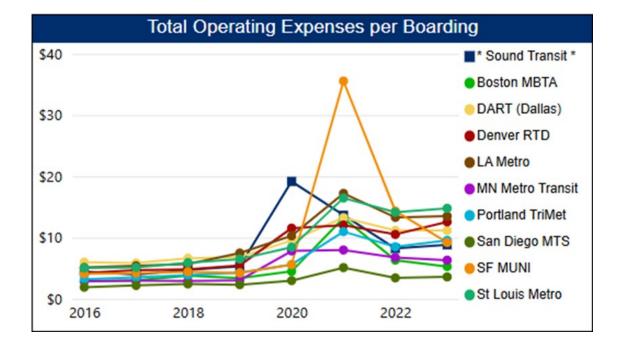
•That distance has grown slightly over time and now stands at about 7 miles.





#### Link – Cost Effectiveness

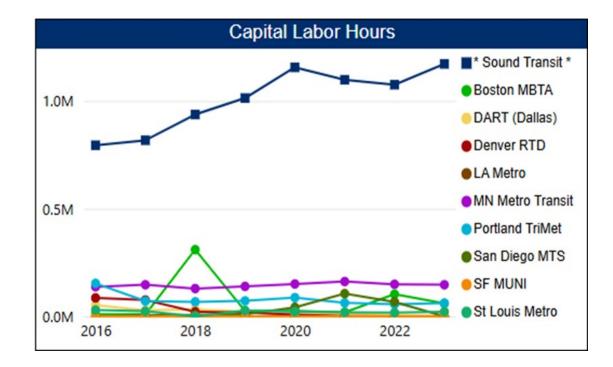
 Although the cost per passenger rose slightly to \$8.82 in 2023, Seattle maintained a better costefficiency than highexpense markets like Los Angeles and San Francisco.





#### Link – Capital Labor Commitment

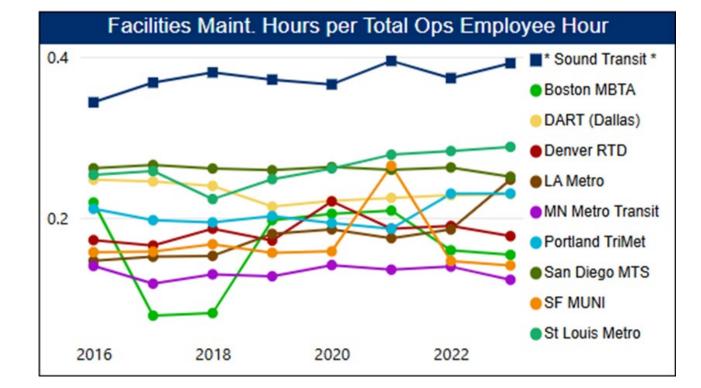
 As part of ST 2 Sound Transit made significant investments in capital facilities, which is reflected in the capital labor hours.





### Link – Investment in Facilities Maintenance

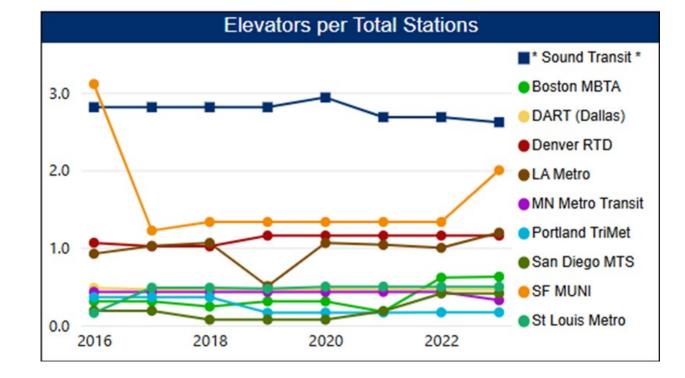
•Among its peers, Sound Transit has the highest percentage of their total operating expenses go to facilities maintenance





#### Link – Vertical Transportation

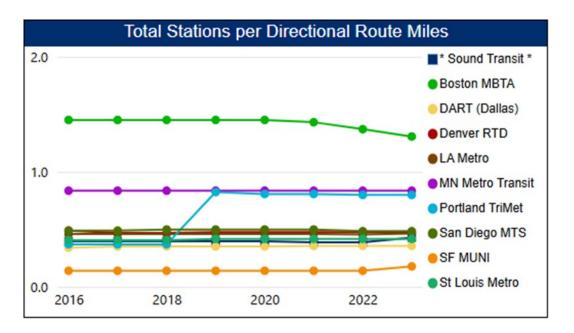
 With 55 elevators in 2023, Sound Transit provides more than two times the peer average, signaling high vertical transportation capability across its stations.





#### Link – Distance Between Station

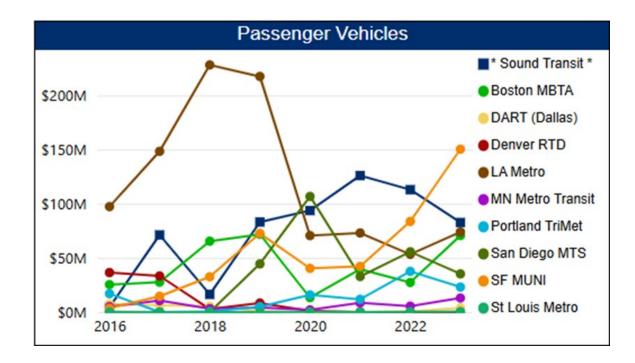
 The distance between stations (entry points on the Link system) for Sound Transit is on the higher end compared to many of its peers





#### Link – Investment in Vehicles

 ST's vehicle investment supports fleet expansion tied to ST2 expansion





#### Link to the NTD Peer Comparison Tool

## **NTD Peer Comparison Tool**

NTD Glossary

(Clickable only in slideshow mode)