















Regional Transit Long-Range Plan Update

Scoping Summary Report

February 2014



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Attachment

Verbatim Comments Received (CD insert in back cover)

Acronyms and Abbreviations

BAT business access and transit
BNSF Burlington Northern-Santa Fe

BRT bus rapid transit

Ecology Washington State Department of Ecology

EIS environmental impact statement

ERC Eastside Rail Corridor

FTA Federal Transit Administration

HCT high-capacity transit

HOV high-occupancy vehicle

I-5 Interstate 5

LRP Long-Range Plan

LRT light rail transit

PSRC Puget Sound Regional Council

RTA Regional Transit Authority

SEIS supplemental environmental impact statement

SEPA State Environmental Policy Act

SR State Route

ST Sound Transit
ST2 Sound Transit 2

TOD transit-oriented development

UW University of Washington

WSDOT Washington State Department of Transportation

1 Introduction

Sound Transit is considering updating the 2005 Regional Transit Long-Range Plan. An updated plan will guide the Agency's future efforts to provide additional high-capacity transit (HCT) facilities and services within Sound Transit's regional transit district of urbanized Snohomish, King, and Pierce Counties.

Sound Transit's Long-Range Plan was originally developed in 1996 (*The Regional Transit Long-Range Vision*, As Adopted May 31, 1996) and last updated in 2005 (*Regional Transit Long-Range Plan Adopted July 7, 2005*). Sound Transit is preparing a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) to inform the new Long-Range Plan update. The SEIS is being prepared in accordance with Washington's State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), which requires environmental review at the plan level when a government agency is preparing to adopt or amend a plan such as the Long-Range Plan.

In October 2013, Sound Transit issued a SEPA Determination of Significance and a Scoping Notice initiating a 30-day public comment period from October 25 to November 25, 2013.

2 Purpose of Report

This report describes how Sound Transit conducted public involvement and outreach activities to support scoping and provides a summary of comments received from local jurisdictions, public agencies, tribes, stakeholder organizations, and the general public through the close of the scoping comment period. Sound Transit will consider this information to identify potential improvements and environmental issues for study in the Long-Range Plan Update SEIS.

This report is organized into the following sections:

- Long-Range Plan Update Process
- Scoping Process Description
- Summary of Comments
 - Comments from jurisdictions, agencies, and tribes
 - Comments from stakeholder organizations
 - Comments from the general public
- Next Steps

3 Long-Range Plan Update Process

The Long-Range Plan represents Sound Transit's goals, policies, and strategies to guide the long-term development of the HCT system. It is based on years of intensive planning, environmental analysis, and public outreach. It is intended to guide how the Sound Transit system can best address the region's mobility needs and support growth management objectives. The Long-Range Plan will be implemented in a series of phases and will be updated over time.

Following completion of an environmental impact statement (EIS) in 1993, the Long-Range Plan (Regional Transit Long-Range Vision) was originally adopted in 1996. Also in 1996, Sound Transit adopted *Sound Move*—Sound Transit's initial phase of regional HCT investments. Where the Long-Range Plan is fiscally unconstrained and represents a broad regional framework for long-term investments, *Sound Move* represents a more detailed set of projects that were approved for funding by voters. Most *Sound Move*

projects and services have been implemented and are successfully addressing many regional mobility needs.

After completing an SEIS in 2005, the Board adopted an updated Long-Range Plan and directed staff to develop priorities for the next phase of investments in Sound Transit's HCT system, known as Sound Transit (ST2). ST2 was approved by voters in 2008 and financed expansion of the light rail, commuter rail, and regional express bus facilities and services.

On November 29, 2012, the Sound Transit Board of Directors directed staff to begin planning for the next set of investments in Sound Transit's HCT system. The first step in this process is to supplement the environmental review in accordance with SEPA and update the agency's Regional Transit Long-Range Plan.

The process to update the Long-Range Plan will take a renewed look at the region's needs taking into account the projected regional population, employment, and transportation growth. This will be done in coordination with the growth management strategies established in regional land use, transportation, and economic development plans. Upon completion of the environmental review process, the Board will decide what revisions to the Long-Range Plan should be made, if any, potentially resulting in adoption of an updated Long-Range Plan.

4 Scoping Process Description

As part of the Long-Range Plan Update, Sound Transit will prepare an SEIS. The first step in this planlevel environmental review process is called scoping. Scoping helps Sound Transit determine which improvements and environmental issues will be studied in the SEIS. The formal Scoping Notice was issued by Sound Transit in accordance with SEPA requirements on October 18, 2013.

Between October 25 and November 25, 2013, this important process:

- Gave the general public, local jurisdictions, public agencies, tribes, and other stakeholder organizations a chance to learn more about the Long-Range Plan Update and provide comments
- Helped Sound Transit identify a range of HCT improvements to consider in the SEIS and which
 environmental topics to address when evaluating those improvements

Outreach during the scoping process included the following:

- Federal, state, and local agencies, local jurisdictions, and tribes
- Individual residents and businesses across the Sound Transit District
- Commuters and transit riders, particularly of Sound Transit services
- Public officials and regional leaders
- Interested organizations, including transit, environmental, bicycle, pedestrian, and land use groups
- Business interest groups, such as local chamber of commerce organizations
- Environmental justice organizations, including low-income, social service, minority, and ethnic groups

Two basic alternatives were presented for further comment and development as part of the scoping process—the No-Action and the Action alternatives. In accordance with SEPA requirements for these types of projects, the No-Action Alternative consists of no change from current management direction. The No-Action Alternative is defined as Sound Transit's 2005 Long-Range Plan plus subsequent Sound Transit Board actions implementing the Sound Transit 2 (ST2) program. The No-Action Alternative will

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be referred to in the SEIS as the "Current Plan Alternative." It will serve as a basis for comparison of benefits and impacts of the Action Alternative, which consists of potential modifications to the current Long-Range Plan as identified primarily through scoping. The Action Alternative will be referred to as "Potential Plan Modifications Alternative" in the SEIS. The Sound Transit Board will consider the various plan modifications - including those modifications suggested by jurisdictions, agencies, tribes, stakeholder organizations, and the public - as they go through the process of updating the Long-Range Plan.

Within the Potential Plan Modifications Alternative, a number of potential options exist for revising the existing Long-Range Plan. As noted in the Scoping Notice, these include new or modified HCT corridors, specification of the transit technology in HCT corridors (light rail, commuter rail, bus rapid transit, or regional express bus), annexation of new areas to the Sound Transit District (or extending services beyond the District's boundaries), enhanced multimodal system access (such as park-and-ride lots and bicycle/pedestrian access), and new policies or programs. Input on these options was solicited as part of the scoping process.

The Scoping Notice also identified the environmental issues for potential discussion in the SEIS:

- Transportation
- Air quality/greenhouse gases
- Ecosystems
- Water resources
- Geology and soils
- Noise and vibration
- Visual effects
- Land use
- Energy
- Hazardous materials
- Public services and utilities
- Environmental justice
- Cultural, historic, and archeological resources
- Parks
- Construction impacts
- Cumulative impacts

4.1 Public notices

Information about the project and the scoping process was broadcast across the region using a variety of methods aimed at reaching a diverse cross section of the community, including low-income and minority groups. To advertise information about the project, including the scoping comment period and public scoping meetings, Sound Transit:

- Issued the formal Scoping Notice on October 18, 2013, that was subsequently published in the SEPA Register on October 25.
- Provided copies of the Scoping Notice to the Olympia bureaus of the Associated Press and United Press International.

- Provided legal notices in three major local newspapers in Snohomish, King, and Pierce Counties—
 The Seattle Times, The News Tribune, and The Herald.
- Published a press release (October 25, 2013) on the project website that formally announced the Long-Range Plan environmental process, including the scoping period and ways to comment.
- Distributed a direct mailer to all registered voters within the Sound Transit District boundary, reaching approximately 938,100 single-family homes, apartments, and businesses.
- Sent a project-specific email update to a project list of over 17,000 existing Sound Transit contacts on October 28 and a list of over 16,000 existing Sound Transit contacts on November 21—contacts who have expressed interest in Sound Transit news and capital projects. All the project-specific updates included information translated into Spanish, Chinese, Russian, Vietnamese, and Korean to ensure members of the public who spoke one of these languages had opportunity to receive the information.
- Included information on the Long-Range Plan public scoping period in the CEO Report on November 8, 2013, which was available on Sound Transit's website in the "CEO Corner" www.soundtransit.org/About-Sound-Transit/CEO-Corner.
- Sent approximately 350 letters and the Scoping Notice to all jurisdictions within the Sound Transit District; federal, state, regional, and local agencies; tribes; and other stakeholders.
- Posted information and a survey on the Sound Transit website: www.soundtransit.org/longrangeplan.
- Distributed over 900 event posters across the region, including community centers, social service agencies, businesses, and utility poles beginning 10 days before the public meetings. Posters were also translated into Spanish, Korean, Russian, Vietnamese, and Chinese as part of the environmental justice outreach. The locations where posters were distributed as well as example translated posters are shown in Appendix A of this report.
- Posted display ads publicizing the six public meetings and encouraging readers to take the online survey in 14 local daily, weekly, or monthly print publications between October 28 and November 17. Between the same period, 21 newspapers displayed online advertisements linking to the project website either continuously or based on number of views. Some ads were regionally targeted focusing on the public meeting in that subarea. Environmental justice populations were reached through translated ads (Spanish, Russian, Vietnamese, Korean, and Chinese) in print and online formats in 8 publications. Table 4-1 lists the print and online publications where display ads were placed as well as the dates the ads were run.
- Posted display advertisements in local online platforms—the Seattle Transit Blog and the West Seattle Blog. Two weeks prior to the first meeting engagement was made with entities that house community calendars.

Table 4-1. Online and print display advertisements

Newspaper	Туре	Run Date(s)
The Seattle Post-Intelligencer	Online	October 28–November 17
The Tacoma News Tribune	Online	October 28-November 17
The Tacoma News Tribune	Print	November 1, November 6, November 14
The Seattle Times	Online	November 1-November 17
The Seattle Times	Print	November 6, November 8, November 11
Seattle Transit Blog	Online	October 28-November 15
HearldNet.com	Online	November 1-November 16
The Daily Herald (Everett)	Print	November 7, November 15
Kent Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Bellevue Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Kirkland Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Issaquah Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Redmond Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Auburn Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Renton Reporter	Online	November 1-November 14
Federal Way Mirror	Online	November 1-November 14
The Highline Times	Online	October 28-November 15
Bellevue Business Journal	Online	October 28-November 15
West Seattle Blog	Online	October 28-November 15
King5.com	Online	November 11-November 19
Bothell-Kenmore Reporter	Online	November 6-November 12
Mercer Island Reporter	Online	November 6-November 19
Crosscut.com	Online	November 4–November 18
The Seattle Medium	Online	October 30, November 6, November 14
Tacoma Weekly	Print	November 1, November 8
Herald Business Journal (Snohomish County)	Print	November 7
The Stranger	Print	October 30, November 6
Northwest Asian Weekly ¹	Print	October 31, November 7
La Raza ¹	Print	November 1, November 8
International Examiner ¹	Print	November 6
Korea Daily ¹	Print	November 5, November 13
The Seattle Chinese Times ¹	Print	October 31, November 7
The Seattle Chinese Post ¹	Print	October 31, November 7
Northwest Vietnamese Weekly ¹	Print	November 1, November 8
La Raza (nuestronoroeste.com) ¹	Online	October 30–November 13

¹ Environmental justice audience-targeted publication

4.2 Public scoping meetings

Between November 12 and November 19, 2013, Sound Transit held a series of evening public scoping meetings in each of the five subareas that were advertised for 5:30–8:00 p.m. The locations of these scoping meetings are shown in Table 4-2. Over 260 Puget Sound residents attended these meetings in Seattle, Federal Way, Redmond, Tacoma, and Everett.

Table 4-2. Date and location of scoping meetings

Date	Location
11/12/2013	Seattle: Seattle University, Campion Ballroom
11/13/2013	Federal Way: Federal Way Community Center
11/14/2013	Redmond: Marriott Hotel
11/18/2013	Tacoma: Tacoma Convention Center
11/19/2013	Everett: Eisenhower Middle School
11/21/2013	Seattle: Sound Transit/Union Station

For each public scoping meeting, the following format and agenda were used:

- Guests arrived and signed in at a welcome station.
- Guests toured the open house where Sound Transit staff answered one-on-one questions and engaged

in discussions with members of the public. The following five displays were set up around the room as part of the open house:

- Station 1: "Welcome"—At this station, guests signed in, were provided a brief orientation, and were offered a Long-Range Plan Update 11x17 folio handout.
- Station 2: "Puget Sound is growing"—At this station, guests were provided with a generalized overview of Puget Sound, its growth, and transit as a platform to make the region more livable.
- Station 3: "Sound Transit is part of our mobility solution"—This station provided an understanding of how other transit systems connect to Sound Transit's regional system and provided information about other jurisdictions and transit agencies.





- Station 4: "Frame our transit future"—This station highlighted what the Long-Range Plan is and what it includes, and it provided a display of HCT studies.
- Station 5 "Here's our process ahead"—This station provided information about the process ahead for Sound Transit's Long-Range Plan Update.
- Presentation and question-and-answer period:
 - The facilitator provided an overview of the agenda

- A Sound Transit Board member provided opening comments
- Sound Transit staff gave presentation
- A question-and-answer period followed and then the meeting returned to open house format before being adjourned

Each public scoping meeting provided several ways for attendees to submit formal scoping comments, including the following:

- Comment forms to submit written comments
- Computer terminals to submit comments via online survey
- Court reporter to provide oral comments

In addition, attendees at each meeting were given the opportunity to provide informal comments. Sound transit launched a pilot project at all six public



meetings, asking guests to share informal comments on video. Participants were also given the opportunity to participate in a dot exercise by placing one "dot" on their home and two dots on places where they would like Sound Transit to take them. A total of 387 dots were gathered with over 250 dots labeled as desired destinations. The results of the dot exercise can be found in Appendix B of this report.

The video and dot exercise were available to encourage participation in, and awareness of, the Long Range Plan/SEIS process. At all times, participants in the informal video recording and dot exercise were also instructed on how to provide formal scoping comments.

4.3 Agency scoping

A letter launching the public scoping period, and follow up email, was sent on October 18, 2013, to approximately 350 agency contacts, including legislators, city administrators, tribes, and SEPA officials within Sound Transit's District. This notified recipients of the scoping period and invited all recipients to an agency scoping meeting.

On November 8, 2013, Sound Transit hosted an agency scoping meeting at Union Station from 9:30–11:30 a.m. The briefing included a presentation that provided an overview of the Long-Range Plan Update SEIS process. The presentation was available online after the meeting. Following the presentation, there was a question and answer session. Approximately 20 agency representatives attended the event.

A reminder email of the ongoing outreach efforts and request for scoping comments was sent to legislators, administrators, tribes, and SEPA officials on November 19.

4.4 Other outreach

Sound Transit performed the following additional outreach to provide information about the project and solicit input:

- During October and November 2013, individual briefings were conducted with a variety of city councils, chambers, boards, and interest groups. These briefings included the following:
 - City Councils/City Council Staff

- Auburn City Council
- Bellevue City Council
- Bothell City Council
- Burien City Council
- Des Moines City Council
- Edmonds City Council
- Everett City Council
- Federal Way City Council
- Issaquah City Council
- Kent City Council
- Kirkland City Council
- Lake Forest Park Council
- Lakewood City Council
- Lynnwood City Council
- Metropolitan King County Council
- Mill Creek City Council
- Mount Lake Terrace Council
- Mukilteo City Council
- Puyallup Council
- Redmond City Council
- Renton City Council
- SeaTac City Council
- Seattle City Council
- Shoreline City Council
- Sumner Council
- Tacoma City Council
- Tukwila City Council
- Woodinville City Council

Boards

- Bicycle Advisory Board
- Puget Sound Regional Council—Transportation Policy Board
- South County Area Transportation Board (King County)

Chambers of Commerce/Downtown Associations

- Bellevue Chamber
- Bellevue Downtown Association
- Downtown Seattle Association
- Federal Way Chamber
- Seattle Chamber
- Sumner/Puyallup Chamber
- Tacoma-Pierce County Chamber

Other

Bellevue College

- Eastside Transportation Partnership
- Economic Development Alliance
- Northwest Environmental Business Council
- SeaShore Transportation Forum
- Snohomish County Committee for Improved Transportation
- Snohomish County Tomorrow
- Implemented an online questionnaire/survey to gather feedback as part of the scoping process. A total of 11,280 surveys were completed. The topline results of the non-scientific online survey can be found in Appendix C of this report.
- Used Facebook as a marketing tool to reach the online social media community. From November 7–25, the ads generated 3,976 clicks (clicks include clicking through to the website, "likes," or comments).
- Hosted and continues to host a Long-Range Plan Update information line. Formal scoping comments
 were not accepted over the phone; however, the information line provided a way for callers to interact
 with a member of the outreach team directly. The outreach team received 31 calls during the scoping
 comment period.
- Managed a Long-Range Plan website that had over 14,900 unique page views during the scoping period.

4.5 Comment opportunities

Sound Transit provided several different methods to submit official scoping comments during the comment period. These included:

- Email—longrangeplan@soundtransit.org
- Online survey—linked from <u>www.soundtransit.org/longrangeplan</u>
- Mail—Sound Transit, Attn: James Irish, 401 S. Jackson, Seattle WA 98104
- At public meetings
 - Written comment form
 - Speaking to court reporter

5 Summary of Comments

5.1 Overview of comments

Approximately 5,000 narrative comments were received during scoping via public meetings, emails, letters, and an online survey. During the formal scoping period, comments were received from:

- 32 agencies, tribes, and jurisdictions
- 19 stakeholder organizations
- 11,655 members of the general public

A summary of comments for these three groups of commenters is presented in the following sections. All verbatim comments received are included in the attached CD.

5.2 Comments from agencies, tribes, and jurisdictions

During the formal scoping comment period, comments were received from 25 local jurisdictions (city or county governments or districts), two transit agencies, one regional agency, two state agencies, one public institution, and one tribal group. The following themes emerged from these comments:

- High-level support for an enhanced HCT system
- Requests for projects already included as part of the current Long-Range Plan
- Interest in evaluating an Eastside Rail Corridor
- General preference for rail in the long-term
- Many specific bus-related suggestions for near-term service
- Support for continued consistency with land use plans
- Interest in corridors serving West Seattle and Ballard
- Support for partnering with Sound Transit for transit-oriented development (TOD)
- Desire for improved access to HCT stations
- Differing access preferences by jurisdictions
 - New and expanded park-and-ride facilities
 - Bicycle and pedestrian facilities
 - Local transit connections
 - Potential infill for funded or operational routes
 - Roadway and direct access

Each agency, tribe, and jurisdiction that provided comments is listed below with a summary of their comments.

5.2.1 Washington State Department of Ecology

The Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) acknowledged that this is a non-project action. Ecology further commented that Sound Transit operates facilities in an area that may have been contaminated with heavy metals due to the air emissions originating from two old Asarco smelters in North Everett and North Tacoma. Ecology recommends that Sound Transit:

- Consider adopting future policies related to the Everett and Tacoma smelter plumes
- Provide contact information and necessary actions for projects that involve the movement of soils within either of these plume locations

5.2.2 Washington State Department of Transportation

The Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) stated its support of Sound Transit's Long-Range Plan goals and is dedicated to partnering with Sound Transit to achieve their common goals:

- Community engagement
- Environmental stewardship
- Modal integration while strategically planning and implementing corridor investments

WSDOT suggested that plans acknowledge current technology while being flexible enough to be enhanced by new technology. WSDOT asked to partner with Sound Transit to study and implement tolling and other strategies to manage demand. WSDOT would like to partner with Sound Transit and

local jurisdictions to get their own HCT network within regional centers. Investment alternatives should be adaptable and flexible to achieve objectives in increments of time, and the phasing of operations should be considered early in the process and be deliberate.

WSDOT requested that any constraints on the use of the downtown transit tunnel be considered, particularly noting its use by feeder services. It requested that non-rail corridors be evaluated for potential improvements to make rubber-tire transit more reliable, faster, and accessible.

5.2.3 Muckleshoot Indian Tribe

The Tribe commented that the Long Range Planning Area covers areas within the Muckleshoot Tribe's Usual and Accustomed Fishing Area. This overlap creates a unique situation that requires close coordination to ensure that the Tribe's fisheries resources are fully protected.

The Tribe noted that it raised several issues of concern with respect to its fisheries resources in its comments to the Lynnwood and East Link National Environmental Policy Act documents. The Tribe indicated that these concerns should also be considered for the Long-Range Plan Update. These included issues related to:

- Culverts and stream crossings
- Riparian areas
- Connectivity between resource areas
- Potential concerns regarding tribal fishing activities from Sound Transit projects

For purposes of the SEIS, the Tribe commented that there should be discussion about these issues and how Sound Transit proposes to work with the Tribe to ensure sufficient coordination and timely issue resolution when it is needed.

5.2.4 Puget Sound Regional Council

The Puget Sound Regional Council (PSRC) noted its ongoing interest in planning for the expansion of Sound Transit's system because of long-term transportation plans and also the Growing Transit Communities Program. This program focuses on developing equitable transit communities at station areas within Sound Transit's light-rail corridors.

It was noted that "consistency with regional plans" is shown in the original SEIS in Table 2-1: Principles, Goals and Objectives of Sound Transit's Long Range Plan. The council requested that this table be updated to reflect significant changes that have been made to the regional plans since 2005, particularly the inclusion of a numeric Regional Growth Strategy in the VISION 2040 plan that is now being implemented through local growth targets. PSRC also commented on "areas of impact and elements of the environment." PSRC was pleased with Sound Transit for including at least 16 "areas of impacts" for the SEIS. They also commented that the following issues were not directly listed but should be part of the analysis:

- The inclusion of "housing" and "plans and policies" as part of the Land Use analysis
- The inclusion of parking and access to transit more generally as part of the Transportation analysis

Additionally, PSRC identified additions and clarifications to the following areas of impacts that will augment Sound Transit's analysis:

Regional and local development—PSRC recommends that Sound Transit consider how the
development of high-capacity transit will affect the economy at both the regional and local areas in

which service is deployed. Assessment of regional and local economic development plans is supported by updated Federal Transit Administrations (FTA) evaluation criteria for some of its funding programs.

- Transit-supportive land use development—PSRC recommends that when assessing corridors for
 inclusion in the Long Range Plan, Sound Transit evaluate the potential for transit-supportive land use
 development along and within corridors, as supported by updated FTA evaluation criteria for some of
 its funding programs.
- Land-use—PSRC encourages Sound Transit to include plans and policies that address future land
 use and development patterns in the region to ensure that investments help implement VISION
 2040's Regional Growth Strategy goals to accommodate future growth in the region. Plans and
 policies analysis should take into consideration consistency with regional, countywide, and local plans
 and policies.
- Transportation/transit—When considering the impacts to transportation and transit, PSRC encourages Sound Transit to address the interrelationship of local transit to HCT and how local transit service may change in the areas near potential HCT corridors. PSRC also supports analysis on the issue of station access improvements.

5.2.5 Community Transit

Community Transit provided the following comments:

- Prioritize completion of the light rail system to downtown Everett on an expeditious timeline
- Consider alignment options that serve the locally designated centers at 164th/I-5 and 128th/I-5 as well as the regional employment center in southwest Everett
- Evaluate alignments based on ridership, trip making to/from centers, relative cost, regional travel time, and achievement of regional growth goals
- Consider Community Transit's planned Swift Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) network when planning in Snohomish County
- Consider funding of Swift corridors as important feeders to Link in the service component of the 2016 ballot measure (at a minimum, the study should assume the following future Swift corridors included in PSRC's Transportation 2040: 196th Street SW, 164th Street SW, Airport Road/128th Street, SR 527)
- Include bus priority infrastructure (such as dedicated lanes) as a component of the capital program, particularly on critical east-west corridors connecting to the regional system
- Describe a bold vision for a multi-modal system that prioritizes pedestrian movement rather than cars
- Study and promote best design practices to accommodate bus and walk access and scale investments
 in infrastructure relative to the anticipated benefit in terms of ridership gained (bus and pedestrian
 amenities for majority of riders emphasized over parking for minority of riders in cars)
- Place greater emphasis on effective TOD in station design so these facilities are conceived as vibrant community centers integrating housing, retail, and commercial functions with rail, bus, and pedestrian movements

5.2.6 King County Metro

King County Metro's comments were based on the King County Metro Transit Strategic Plan and the King County Comprehensive Plan. Consistent with these documents, King County Metro suggests that the SEIS's Purpose and Need should address the objective of maximizing total regional transit ridership from all of the region's transportation by optimizing connections to transit, paratransit, rideshare, and trails and by facilitating non-motorized access to the high-capacity system.

King County Metro also requests that Sound Transit consider the following as part of the SEIS action alternative:

- Integration with other transportation system components
- Consideration of transit movement through downtown Seattle as the tunnel reaches capacity
- Improvements to HCT transit station access with a focus on pedestrian connectivity
- Additional infill Link light rail transit (LRT) stations
- Upgrades and operational improvements for service and passengers
- Eastside Rail Corridor
- Integration between regional trail system and regional transit systems
- Consideration of regional express bus service as a complement to rail, at least on an interim basis

In concert with the above items, King County Metro developed a "Representative Project List for the Action Alternative" for potential inclusion in the SEIS. The representative projects suggested by King County Metro are as follows:

- System-wide
 - Improved bicycle storage at all stations
 - Real-time information at stations and major transfer points
 - Pedestrian access and circulation improvements, including user-friendly wayfinding at existing and future stations and intermodal hubs
 - Increased bus layover capacity at stations and intermodal hubs
- Regional Express Bus
 - I-90 center access ramps to and from the west at Issaquah (SR 900)
 - New Regional Express Bus route from Issaquah to Overlake via Sammamish and Redmond when East Link comes on-line
 - Additional bus base capacity to support service expansion—If Sound Transit builds a base in South King County, Metro could keep Sound Transit service at Metro's Eastside campus into the future as Metro expands by allowing for expansion of both systems through joint use of a base that would be well-positioned for South King/Pierce County service.
 - Revised Route 594 to serve Federal Way Transit Center via South 317th Street center access ramp
 - Improved service on SR 522 corridor between Woodinville and Roosevelt Link Station with very frequent all-day service, providing additional stops in Seattle and evaluation of increased HCT potential

- Revised Route 522 to serve NE 185th Street in Bothell, which may require commuter parking on NE 185th Street
- More frequent Route 574 service between Angle Lake Station and Tacoma via Federal Way Transit Center
- New Regional Express Bus route between Everett and Bellevue on I-5 and I-405 via Lynnwood Link Station, University Washington Bothell/Cascadia Community College, and NE 128th Street as Lynnwood Link and East Link come on-line
- Olive Way flyer stop
- New connection from SODO busway to Downtown Seattle (reconnects the SODO busway
 when the tunnel is no longer available to provide a pathway for buses from the south)
- Direct-access ramps from I-5 to SODO busway using Industrial Way
- Redesigned high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane configuration on Lake City Way–NE 130th
 Street to NE 145th Street
- Improved passenger facilities, including bigger and better shelters at Kent Transit Center

Link Light Rail

- Infill station on Central Link at South Graham Street
- Infill station at S 133rd Street or Boeing Access Road—explore connections with Sounder
- Improved bus/rail connections near Mount Baker Station—These could include a pedestrian bridge to Mount Baker Transit Center and northbound stops on Rainier Avenue South. Alternatively, reconfigured street operations and bus facilities to also provide safe, fast connections across Rainier Avenue.
- Pedestrian-bicycle bridge between North Seattle Community College and the Northgate Link Station mezzanine
- Pedestrian-bicycle bridge between 156th Avenue NE and inbound on-ramp to SR 520 via the Overlake Transit Center

• Sounder Commuter Rail

- New Sounder North Station at Broad Street
- Improved bicycle storage at all Sounder stations
- Two-way, all-day, reverse-peak, and weekend service on Sounder South service

Eastside Rail Corridor and I-405 Corridor

- Two-way, all-day, frequent service between Woodinville and Bellevue via Totem Lake and Kirkland—consider electric or other quiet mode to minimize noise
- Two-way, all-day, frequent service between Bellevue and Renton—consider electric or other quiet mode to integrate into neighborhood

King County Metro also suggested that Sound Transit's environmental analysis be as inclusive as possible and address the following:

- **Sustainability**—The SEIS should use the same metrics used by Sound Transit's sustainability program to evaluate impacts on appropriate elements of the environment.
- Environmental justice—The environmental justice analysis should include a robust community
 engagement process and expanded data collection and analysis of equity and social justice
 communities in order to identify these residents' transportation needs and issues.
- Greenhouse gas emissions—The SEIS should analyze and ensure that the Long-Range Plan Update
 contributes to achieving significant regional greenhouse gas emissions reductions by displacing vehicle
 miles traveled and operating energy efficient and non-polluting transit technologies.
- Plans and policy consistency—The analysis should address consistency with regional and statewide plans, including long-range planning and targets for growth, economic and community development, transit ridership, vehicle miles traveled, and greenhouse gas reduction.
- Impacts to health—The SEIS should include a heath impact analysis that considers how planning
 decisions affect crash risks, air and noise pollution exposure, physical activity, and ease of access to
 the transit service as well as other daily needed services.

5.2.7 Metropolitan King County Council

Metropolitan King County Council noted the importance of the Eastside Rail Corridor (ERC) in its potential to fill the "missing link" of rail connections between the growing residential communities in South King County and the growing job centers in East King County. The council would like to see transit options compared between the ERC and BRT on I-405. The council would like to see that the multi-use vision be reflected in the Long-Range Plan Update, including a full spectrum of HCT options, such as rail connections in the ERC between the cities of Renton, Bellevue, Kirkland, and Redmond.

5.2.8 Snohomish County

Snohomish County's comments include the following:

- Prioritize light-rail investment funding to complete the Everett-Seattle-Tacoma Link light-rail system
- Consider both a light-rail alignment following I-5 to Everett Station and a light rail or BRT connection to the Paine Field Manufacturing and Industrial Center generally following 128th Street SW and Airport Road
- To be consistent with Snohomish County's Comprehensive Plan, consider Link light-rail service to the compact, mixed-use urban centers at 164th Street SW and I-5, as well as 128th Street SW and I-5
- Consider multimodal access improvement projects such as:
 - BRT routes along the following corridors:
 - The Airport Road/128th Street SW/SR 96/SR 527 route providing connection to the Paine Field Manufacturing and Industrial Center, the 128th Urban Center at 128th Street SW/I-5, the Mill Creek Town Center, and the Regional Growth Center at Canyon Park

- The SR 524/Alderwood Mall Parkway/164th Street SW route providing connection to the ferry terminal and Sounder rail station at Edmonds, the Lynnwood Regional Growth Center, the 164th Urban Center at 164th Street SW/I-5, and the Mill Creek town center
- Pedestrian and bicycle connections across I-5 connecting station areas with neighborhoods and trails, such as the Interurban Trail
- Completion of the HOV direct access ramp to I-5 at Ash Way, HOV direct access at Mariner park-and-ride, HOV improvements at I-5 interchange at 128th Street SW
- Increased use of parking structures and opportunities for joint use and TOD on park-and-ride properties
- Consider the benefits of including additional areas within the Sound Transit District, north and east of Everett
- Consider the impacts on housing affordability and transit-dependent populations
- Consider station access improvements in Community Transit's planned Swift BRT corridors
- Consider the use of the ERC for commuter rail service from Woodinville to Bellevue and Redmond
 within the current Sound Transit District, as well as opportunities to expand the system from
 Woodinville to Snohomish
- Consider opportunities for a public/private partnership to construct an additional Sounder station in the Snohomish-King County line vicinity as traffic mitigation for a planned urban village

5.2.9 City of Bellevue

The City of Bellevue stated that the HCT system should implement the regional growth centers strategy of Vision 2040, furthering the implementation of the PSRC Transportation 2040, and strengthen the region's growing economy as envisioned by the Regional Economic Strategy. In its comments the City also:

- Reaffirmed its support for the extension of light rail from Overlake to Downtown Redmond, as well as extensions to Tacoma and Everett
- Requested that Sound Transit conduct a "...study of the capacity and siting of the east side park-and-ride system..."
- Reaffirmed its support of BRT on I-405 near-term, with future passenger rail consideration
- Requested that the definition of HCT be broadened to include supporting services and access, including local, sub-regional, and regional bus service
- Requested that HCT system be studied in the context of a multi-modal regional system (auto, transit, pedestrian, bicycle)
- Supported a study of ERC in tandem with I-405 BRT, with convenient connections to other modes
- Reiterated its support of efforts to build a regional HCT system, including connections between downtown Bellevue to Kirkland and downtown Bellevue to Issaquah, and noted the City's 2005 "Future High Capacity Transit Interest Statement" that was included as part of its comment submittal
- Requested that system connect regional centers with feeder bus service

5.2.10 City of Bothell

The City of Bothell provided an update on the expected growth in the city and its surrounding communities. Comments from the city on the Long-Range Plan focused on the following two areas:

- The corridor of SR 522
- The Canyon Park Regional Urban Growth Center

The city requested increased service frequency and upgrading the existing transit service along SR 522 and I-405 corridors to a higher level of HCT that could include light rail or BRT.

The city also requested that the Bothell Transit Center, which was part of the ST2 package but not funded due to the recession, be included in the next system plan, including opportunities for TOD and additional transit improvements downtown. The city also brought up the potential for bus improvements along the 98th Avenue NE/NE 185th Street corridor in downtown that would benefit the co-located campuses of Cascadia Community College and the University of Washington (UW) Bothell.

5.2.11 City of Edmonds

The City of Edmonds reiterated its strong support for extending light rail along I-5, as was included in ST2, to provide reliable and efficient transit service.

The city also revisited a letter that was sent to Sound Transit requesting the evaluation of an alternative alignment of the light-rail extension that would locate it along the western edge of I-5 near 220th Street SW. The three closest stations to Edmonds, as proposed in ST2, are at NE 185th Street, the Mountlake Terrace Freeway Station at 236th Street and I-5, and the Lynnwood park-and-ride at 200th Street SW and 46th Avenue W. The city commented that a light-rail station at 220th Street SW would provide a more convenient location for many commuters to transfer to the planned system, whether by using a park-and-ride or bus trip to reach the station.

5.2.12 City of Everett

The City of Everett provided an update on their expected population and employment growth. The city's comments primarily focused on priorities in the planning process rather than to advocate for specific improvement projects in a given corridor. The city offered the following comments for Sound Transit's consideration:

- The City assumes that light rail transit will be the preferred mode of HCT to Everett
- "...extremely important to connect the region and our two regionally designated growth centers in this corridor—the downtown metropolitan center and the southwest Everett–Paine Field–Boeing Manufacturing and Industrial Center ..."
- Travel time between Everett and Seattle seen as less important than serving growth centers and additional LRT stations in Everett
- Station locations should be based on how well they serve growth centers and stimulate TOD
- "...station in Downtown Everett as well as at Everett Station..."
- Station along north Broadway north of downtown to serve the college/medical center area around 10th Street

- Additional parking capacity at Everett Station and in South Everett
- Need easy transfers between LRT and planned local Swift BRT
- Stations should not be placed in I-5 right-of-way due to their lack of connection/redevelopment benefits—site them to maximize community benefit

5.2.13 City of Fife

The City of Fife noted, "A light-rail corridor segment in Fife is identified in the adopted 'Sound Transit 2: A Mass Transit Guide' document as part of the Tacoma Link Light Rail expansion. While the Fife extension alternative was not selected as part of that process, the selection criteria for the Tacoma expansion route focused on benefits to City of Tacoma neighborhoods and businesses. The city was informed that light rail to Fife would best be provided as part of the next system plan."

Comments received from the City of Fife primarily focused on an extension of light rail to the city and included the following:

- Completion of the regional transit system's LRT spine to connect cities such as Tacoma and Fife (and perhaps cities farther south) to the overall light-rail system
- Extension of the light-rail system from Des Moines/Federal Way to and through Fife to Tacoma
- The city continues to reinforce its City Center vision for a neighborhood-based, pedestrian-oriented
 mixed-use City Center embracing TOD principles and would thus serve as an appropriate location for
 future light-rail stations as part of Sound Transit's regional high-capacity system

5.2.14 City of Issaquah

The city asks that Sound Transit maintain its plans for BRT to Issaquah and that it consider Issaquah for a light-rail extension in the next system plan, citing the Central Issaquah Plan, the city's recent TOD projects, and high usage of both the city's King County Metro and Sound Transit park-and-ride facilities as supporting reasons.

Other comments included:

- Potential route corridors, with the highest probability of supporting light rail, are located along the I-90 corridor and within the Central Issaquah Plan boundary
- Attachments to the city's letter show potential light-rail routes, station locations, and several possible locations for a Sound Transit maintenance facility

5.2.15 City of Kenmore

The City of Kenmore stated that SR 522 should remain a consideration for a HCT corridor and noted that light rail connecting Seattle to Bothell through Kenmore would be a welcome long-term goal. Kenmore added that BRT should be considered as an interim solution until light rail becomes feasible in the long term.

The city also commented that its comprehensive plan continues to support a passenger ferry from Kenmore to the University District, and HCT along SR 522 would enhance this multimodal opportunity. The city is interested in potential future stations in Kenmore and focused particularly on locations in the city where Kenmore has purchased land along SR 522 and where a large park-and-ride currently exists.

Connections to light rail station at NE 145th Street and I-5 were noted as being especially important. Due to the current congested nature of NE 145th Street, improvements were requested that included completion of business access and transit lanes from NE 145th Street and I-5 to Bothell, bus service connections from SR 522 to the NE 145th Street light-rail station, and mitigation of parking overflow in corridor cities.

5.2.16 City of Kent

The City of Kent submitted the following suggestions for Sound Transit to review as part of the Long-Range Plan Update:

- An additional 400- to 500-stall parking garage constructed at or near the Kent Sounder Station to
 provide adequate service for current and future train users; alternatively, interest in working with
 Sound Transit/King County Metro on TOD in their downtown core that would include Sounder
 commuter parking
- A direct-access HOV ramp from SR 167 in downtown Kent
- Extended hours of Sounder Commuter Rail to include earlier morning and afternoon trips as well as weekend service
- An extension of the Sound Transit District to the east and southeast of Kent
- East/west HCT service in the Kent Valley

5.2.17 City of Kirkland

The City of Kirkland does not support Sounder Commuter Rail on any alignment in the foreseeable future. The city suggested that transit improvements on the Cross Kirkland Corridor/ERC should be accompanied by or preceded by construction of a regional trail facility for walking and biking. In addition, the city provided the following comments:

- Extend LRT on I-405 possibly in combination with other route; BRT as precursor to Link; replace Express Bus with BRT
- LRT on Cross Kirkland Corridor to Totem Lake; BRT or Express Bus as LRT Link precursor; add paved transit platform
- Make SR 520 service available at South Kirkland park-and-ride
- Replace Express Bus with BRT on I-405 and SR 520
- Add HCT stations at South Kirkland park-and-ride/Yarrow Bay area, Houghton area near Google campus and/or the Houghton shopping district, NE 85th Street (with connections to Downtown Kirkland), southwest portion of the Totem Lake Urban Center/Business District, northeast portion of the Totem Lake Urban Center/Business District to serve Evergreen Hospital and Totem Lake Mall redevelopment
- Evaluate various types of connections at NE 85th Street to make access to Downtown Kirkland viable, including reconstruction of freeway interchanges
- Expand Kingsgate park-and-ride and provide for TOD
- Provide access for bicycles and pedestrians along with ample bike parking throughout the system

Bike share to extend reach of transit

5.2.18 City of Lake Forest Park

The City of Lake Forest Park's comments primarily focused on asking Sound Transit to address the following capital and service investments:

- Multi-modal improvements to the NE 145th Street corridor, including improved transit connections between SR 522 and the light rail station and improvements to the interchange at I-5 that will help with traffic and transit flow throughout the corridor.
- The inclusion of a parking garage for a Link light-rail station on NE 145th Street.
- Identification of the appropriate type of HCT service for the SR 522 corridor, as well as a plan for Sound Transit to work with jurisdictions along the SR 522 corridor to develop roadway and service improvements. These improvements should include completion of the business access and transit lanes from NE 145th Street (and possibly farther south) to Bothell; bus service connections from SR 522 to the NE 145th light rail station; parking garages; and BRT or other HCT for SR 522.
- A Transit Access Study for Lake Forest Park because of the difficult local topography.
- Identification of Lake Forest Park as the next location for a new park-and-ride facility.

5.2.19 City of Lakewood

The City of Lakewood requested that Sound Transit consider a new rail station in the Tillicum Neighborhood as shown in the Tillicum Neighborhood Plan (Figure 4.4, Urban Design Framework for Tillicum), adopted June 2011. The urban design framework for Tillicum, which shows a potential future rail station, has been incorporated into the City's Comprehensive Plan.

5.2.20 City of Lynnwood

The City of Lynnwood expressed continued support for expansion of light rail along I-5 through Lynnwood to the Ash Way park-and-ride facility. The city further commented that:

- The alignment that best serves the PSRC-designated Lynnwood Regional Growth Center includes stations in the heart of the Lynnwood City Center, in the vicinity of Alderwood Mall, and at the Ash Way park-and-ride.
- City Council supported C3 Modified as the preferred alignment and station location in Lynnwood for ST2—address connection between ST2 and the Long-Range Plan.
- The extension of light rail north from Ash Way should follow an alignment that best connects the Everett–Paine Field–Boeing Manufacturing and Industrial Center and the Everett Regional Growth Center with the funded rail system. This extension should minimize impacts to the City Center while providing opportunities for TOD.

5.2.21 City of Mountlake Terrace

The City of Mountlake Terrace provided the following comments:

- Complete projects that were included in Phase 2 of the Long-Range Plan
- Build the LRT "spine" north to Everett and east to Redmond

- Provide a LRT station at 220th and I-5
- Improve the east/west connectivity to transit systems, and work with Community Transit to improve "feeder" bus routes
- Encourage TOD around LRT stations
- Research and implement technology strategies
- Consider providing opportunities for vehicle parking and shuttle service for people that live or work farther from station locations
- Adopt an overall approach that emphasizes sustainability, including building design and operations

5.2.22 City of Puyallup

The City of Puyallup provided comments supporting the current ST2 plan and a few regarding long-term opportunities that could be incorporated in Sound Transit's next System Plan, including:

- Increased transit connections within Puyallup, focusing on greater capacity and frequency of feeder stations from satellite parking facilities and local activity nodes to the Sounder station
- BRT opportunities in the vicinity of Puyallup, particularly the Meridian corridor extending south of the city as well as potential east-west connections
- Targeted improvements such as transit signal priority at key intersections and potential road lanes
- Continued improvement of Pierce County inter-urban connections
- Potential Puyallup Station access improvements

5.2.23 City of Redmond

The City of Redmond stated that the first priority for the Long-Range Plan Update should be extending East Link LRT to downtown Redmond and extending Link LRT south to Federal Way. The City also commented that:

- Light rail service should also be extended from Bellevue to Issaquah and Totem Lake
- New light rail service should be provided along the SR 520 corridor that would link Redmond, other communities in the Eastside, and Seattle
- BRT service and supporting facilities should be provided on the I-405 corridor, including HCT connections to Overlake and Redmond.
- Sound Transit Express service operating between South King County and Overlake should be extended to downtown Redmond until the light rail extension to downtown Redmond is completed
- Early implementation of a downtown Redmond park and ride structure with bus service to Overlake LRT
- Access to HCT stations should be improved, including coordination with local jurisdictions, added park-and-ride capacity, and pedestrian/bicycle facilities, and support for TOD including encouraging public/private partnerships

5.2.24 City of Renton

The City of Renton expressed concern that revenues provided to Sound Transit by Renton residents and businesses exceeds the cost of services and capital improvements historically provided to the residents of Renton. The city requested that the Long-Range Plan Update recognize that Renton has historically been an underserved area. The city suggested that the following capital projects and service improvements be included in the update:

- Sound Transit Express (BRT) on I-405 with connections to Renton; on I-405 right-of-way and not along the Burlington Northern-Santa Fe (BNSF) corridor to avoid impacts to the Renton Kennydale Community
- Link extension to Renton's center
- HCT connection between North Renton and Tukwila Sounder Station, Sea-Tac Airport, and West Seattle via Burien
- Complete SW 27th Street/Strander Boulevard project
- Enhance service hours on ST Express Routes 560 and 566
- Express route between Renton and downtown Seattle
- Transit center and direct access ramp/lanes at I-405 and N 8th Street
- Flyer station at I-405 and N 30th Street; at other I-405 interchanges as identified by corridor studies
- Parking facilities at several key locations in Renton
- Invest in regionally designated multi-use trails
- Provide incentives for TOD (in partnership with City of Renton)

5.2.25 City of SeaTac

The City of SeaTac suggested that the SEIS address the following issues:

- The Long-Range Plan should show potential rail extension past Burien to West Seattle and the Seattle Central Business District as well as other projects consistent with other Sound Transit planning efforts, such as the South King County HCT Corridor study
- Local economic development impacts and the need for parking at stations
- Economic, traffic, and other environmental impacts of Sound Transit's support facilities, such as bus layover lots

5.2.26 City of Seattle

The City of Seattle submitted a Resolution conveying the city's comments. Through the Resolution, the city asks that Sound Transit:

Give priority to corridors/modes in the city's Transit Master Plan that may be appropriate candidate
projects for the Long-Range Plan, potentially in partnership with the City of Seattle. The Resolution
notes that this may include broadening Sound Transit's interpretation of HCT, consistent with state

enabling legislation, or may entail identifying partnership programs for municipal systems that feature alternative high-capacity transit modes.

- Study feasibility of providing capital or operating support for connector services.
- Seek opportunities for enhanced role of partner governments in TOD. Includes opportunities for stations developed under *Sound Move*, ST2, and future programs.
- Look at opportunities to expand the System Access Program developed under ST2 in order to enhance access to HCT stations.
- Build on current HCT corridor studies to consider additional HCT corridors in Seattle (e.g., University District/Ballard, Ballard/Downtown, Downtown/West Seattle).

5.2.27 City of Shoreline

The City of Shoreline's comments primarily focused on asking Sound Transit to address the following capital and service investments:

- Improvements to NE 145th Street, which would include improved connections to and from SR 522 to the east and improved pedestrian and bicycle access from the west side of I-5.
- Identification of the appropriate type of HCT service for the SR 522 corridor as well as a plan for Sound Transit to work with jurisdictions along the SR 522 corridor to develop roadway and service improvements. These improvements should include completion of the business access and transit lanes from NE 145th Street (and possibly farther south) to Bothell; bus service from SR 522 to the NE 145th Street rail station; parking garages; and BRT or other HCT for SR 522.
- Inclusion of a commuter rail station in the Richmond Beach area of Shoreline and evaluation of a new station(s) in Seattle. Capital improvements to help prevent future landslides should be implemented for commuter rail in the north corridor or, if it is discontinued, alternative service to Mukilteo and Edmonds should be provided.
- Improved BRT service along the SR 99 corridor.
- Reconstruction of the SR 104/SR 99 interchange to provide for business access and transit (BAT) lanes.
- Light rail from Ballard to Shoreline Community College.
- Improved east-west high capacity transit service in Shoreline.
- Sidewalks and other pedestrian amenities for SR 104 and 5th Avenue NE.
- Development of TOD catalyst projects around new and existing light rail stations as part of the next ballot measure.
- Examination of options to apply parking fees to fund additional bus service.

5.2.28 City of Snohomish

The City of Snohomish's comments focused on the expansion of Sound Transit's District boundaries to incorporate communities around the ERC, as well as use of the ERC as a relatively low-cost method to expand commuter rail services to both Snohomish and King County communities.

The city suggested the following alternatives be included in the Long-Range Plan Update:

- Rail transit on the full length of the existing Renton-to-Snohomish corridor
- Rail transit from Snohomish to Tukwila Station including restoring the Wilburton gap
- Rail transit from Bellevue to Snohomish on the ERC
- Rail transit on the ERC corridor from Redmond's East Link Station to Snohomish
- Study of potential alignment, ridership, and cost to extend rail transit on the ERC corridor from Snohomish to the Sounder Everett Station
- Study of ERC's ability to provide reliable backup alternative when Sounder service is suspended due to a mudslide
- Comparison of costs, reliability, and travel times between I-405 capacity improvements and ERC transit alternatives

Other suggestions made by the city included the following:

- Make available a portion of the savings from the University Link project to fund Sound Transit capital improvements on the ERC
- Explore an alternative taxing rate for areas that have less direct benefit from Sound Transit's services within its current boundaries

5.2.29 City of Tukwila

The City of Tukwila provided an overview of various system improvements that would increase local and regional mobility, support residential and employment growth, and leverage the improvements to help meet the city's and the region's needs.

The city's suggestions for modifications to the Long-Range Plan are as follows:

- ST Express Route 560 stop at Tukwila International Boulevard Link Station
- Link infill station at Boeing Access Road and South 133rd Street should be given high priority
- Link between West Seattle, Burien, Tukwila/International Boulevard Station, Tukwila Urban Center, Tukwila Sounder Station, and Renton
- Station access improvements—real-time arrival info
- Station access improvements—direct pedestrian connection between Tukwila International Boulevard and Tukwila International Boulevard Station mezzanine
- Additional parking at Tukwila International Boulevard Station, per results of studies following University Link completion
- Improved non-motorized access to Tukwila Sounder Station from the west: Strander Boulevard
 Extension/BNSF underpass, Southcenter Non-Motorized Transit Link (Baker Boulevard
 Improvements), Union Pacific Railroad underpass, signalized crossing of West Valley Highway, and
 path from West Valley Highway to Tukwila Sounder Station
- HCT service between downtown Seattle and Tukwila

- Increased frequency of two-way Sounder service during peak times and ultimately expand to all-day
- Improved connections between Link and nearby regionally designated centers
- Partner with Tukwila to encourage TOD; properties within station areas should be catalyst projects
- Consistency with regional Growing Transit Communities effort

5.2.30 City of Woodinville

The City of Woodinville submitted the following comments:

- The ERC (from Renton to Snohomish) should be included in the Long-Range Plan for dual use "rails and trails" and passenger rail service should be a priority in this corridor.
- A passenger station/platform should be located in the city's Central Business District, with accompanying parking and transit connections.
- There are potential benefits and cost savings associated with the multimodal link of incorporating the existing Metro park-and-ride lot in Woodinville into a new passenger rail station/platform.
- The Long-Range Plan should include improved/expanded express bus service to and from Woodinville along the SR 522 and I-405 transit corridors.
- Sound Transit should investigate expansion of the Regional Transit Authority (RTA) boundaries into southeast Snohomish County to the cities of Snohomish (along the SR 9 corridor) and to Monroe (along the SR 522 corridor)

5.2.31 Port of Seattle

The Port of Seattle submitted comments on the topics of freight mobility, Seattle industrial areas, Link Light Rail, Sounder Rail, regional bus service, and transit agency coordination. The Port offered the following suggestions:

- Ensure that increased frequency, speed, and station stops of Sounder Commuter trains do not impede freight mobility
- Evaluate potential impacts on high-capacity freight corridors in Ballard, Interbay, the North Seattle
 Manufacturing and Industrial Center, and the Duwamish Manufacturing and Industrial Center as
 improvement to transit facilities and services could have a negative impact on freight mobility and
 increase gentrification pressures
- Look at the impact of allowing trucks to use transit-only lanes in certain locations (e.g., Elliott Avenue/15th Avenue W)
- Support for the extension of Link Light Rail to Everett and Tacoma
- Concern over siting a commuter rail stop in the vicinity of Broad Street in Seattle, as there may not be
 enough room and a stop there may add to the delay on the BNSF mainline just south of the Seattle
 Art Museum's Sculpture Park
- Analyze a connection between the Tukwila rail station and Sea-Tac Airport
- Evaluate additional service on ST Express routes 560 and 574 and additional routes serving Sea-Tac Airport
- Increase coordination and integration with other transit agencies in the Puget Sound region

5.2.32 University of Washington

UW expressed support for Sound Transit's existing goals and noted the reliance of the university's population (students, employees, and visitors) on the public transportation system. The university requested that Sound Transit study the following:

- Station enhancements and improvements to non-motorized access
- Light rail/express bus service expansion from UW to Redmond and from UW to Ballard, as well as from UW Bothell to Seattle and Tacoma
- Reevaluation of implementing a counterclockwise flow at the Montlake Triangle (as the existing clockwise flow has the potential to maximize pedestrian crossings of Montlake and Pacific rather than minimize them)
- Integration with the Puget Sound Bike Share Program, with the focus on integrating bike share facilities into new and existing HCT stations

5.3 Comments from stakeholder organizations

Nineteen stakeholder organizations provided comments during the scoping period. Their comments, organized alphabetically, are summarized below.

5.3.1 Bellevue Chamber of Commerce

The Bellevue Chamber of Commerce's comments focused on:

- Improved transit connections between the Eastside cities of Bellevue, Redmond, Kirkland, Renton, Issaquah, Bothell, and Woodinville
- Studying buses and BRT as a preferred, cost effective transit method to get people to and from work during peak commute hours
- A special focus on expanding BRT service on I-405

5.3.2 Bellevue Downtown Association

The Bellevue Downtown Association commented that:

- The Long-Range Plan Update should evaluate extending Link from the Overlake Transit Center to Redmond
- Regional bus or HCT should be enhanced to serve travel demand and connect downtown Bellevue to other growth centers within or adjacent to the I-405, SR 520, and I-90 corridors
- Improvements to access at key locations, such as park-and-ride lots, direct-access ramps, and arterial
 connections, as well as along major travel corridors are needed
- Sound Transit should look for efficiencies and improve service capacity with other regional public (e.g., Community Transit) and private (e.g., Microsoft Connector) providers
- Long-range transit planning should incorporate recent updates to the Bellevue Transit Master Plan and Bellevue's emerging and adopted transportation plans

5.3.3 Cascade Bicycle Club

The Cascade Bicycle Club recommended the following updates to the Long-Range Plan to create "compact urban communities" and build on an already strong existing Long-Range Plan:

- Improve planning and funding for bicycle and pedestrian access to station areas
- Improve location siting decisions for new light-rail stations to encourage TOD
- Increase focus on pedestrian and bicycle station access

To achieve the three goals highlighted above, the club has specific recommendations. In addition, the club requested specific textual revisions be made to the 2005 Long-Range Plan.

5.3.4 Eastside Rail Corridor Regional Advisory Council

The ERC Advisory Council requested that the following issues be considered in the Long-Range Plan Update:

- Recognize the regional significance of the ERC and that planning efforts be coordinated with jurisdictions and those with ownership interests
- Ensure that the HCT corridor study and the Long-Range Plan Update encompass the entirety of the public right-of-way in the corridor, including the ERC and the I-405 corridor
- Examine the benefits of HCT respective to connecting growing populations to job centers
- Address the needs of multiple uses within the corridor
- Recognize the value of integrating transit and regional trail development and maximize opportunities for strengthening connections between motorized and non-motorized travel
- Account for the environmental impacts of the various alternatives under consideration and include actions that will avoid or minimize negative impacts

5.3.5 Eastside Transportation Association

The Eastside Transportation Association recommended that Sound Transit recognize BRT as HCT and that current and future Sound Transit Regional Express bus routes on managed freeway lanes (HOV and high-occupancy toll lanes) be considered as BRT.

The association suggested the Long-Range Plan Update include at least two funding and timing scenarios:

- Long-Range Plan 1—No additional local tax funding: this would describe what could be accomplished with no additional funding. For example, it could potentially include replacing light-rail extensions with BRT.
- Long-Range Plan 2—Additional local tax funding: this would describe the additional funding required to accommodate the next system plan.

The association also suggested that the Long-Range Plan Update for the East King subarea include the BRT system element of the I-405 Corridor Program Master Plan as the top priority element of the next phase of the regional transit program and that the I-405 BRT lines extend from Puyallup to Everett.

Finally, the association recommended a review of Sound Transit's policy on subarea equity, as it should be fair in its allocation of benefits in proportion to taxes collected within each subarea.

5.3.6 FeetFirst, Futurewise, Housing Development Consortium Seattle-King County, OneAmerica, Puget Sound Sage, Transportation Choices Coalition, Washington Bikes

Representatives from these seven organizations signed one letter in which they shared their principles for consideration while Sound Transit is in the process of planning for expansion of transit in the region. These principles generally focused on:

- Improving access to, and interoperability between, transit systems
- Ensuring that transit systems serve populations equitably and concentrate on serving those areas with the highest ridership potential
- Optimizing the potential for TOD where possible

5.3.7 Lake2Bay Coalition

The Lake2Bay Coalition commented on the ideas behind the coalition's visioning process for the area, which include a transit hub integrated into a renovated Memorial Stadium site. The coalition also voiced its strong support for the Downtown-to-Ballard HCT Corridor and recommended a future stop/station be located near Thomas Street to allow for easy east-west pedestrian routes.

5.3.8 Northwest Progressive Institute

The Northwest Progressive Institute's suggestions for additions to the Long-Range Plan Update included the following:

- Expansion of Link light rail service to Tacoma, Everett, Ballard, and West Seattle
- Study of a new Lake Washington crossing from Sandpoint to Kirkland, light rail around the north side of Lake Washington, and light rail on SR 520
- Consideration of new ST Express bus service linking Cascadia, UW/Bothell, Redmond, and Sammamish
- Expansion of the Tacoma Link to serve more neighborhoods in Tacoma
- Examination of the feasibility of a streetcar line in Bellevue
- Addition of Sounder stops in North Seattle or Shoreline as well as extending Sounder service to Olympia with a stop in DuPont
- Addition of more bike lockers at existing parking garages
- Charging parking fees to help manage demand at high-use facilities
- Extension of the Sound Transit District to Olympia and more of Snohomish County

5.3.9 SeaShore Transportation Forum

The SeaShore Transportation Forum continues to recognize the SR 522, SR 99, and 145th Street corridors as high-priority corridors for the regional transportation system and asked Sound Transit to include the following capital and service investments as part of the Long-Range Plan Update:

SR 522 Corridor

- Completion of BAT lanes between Bothell and NE 145th Street
- Improved BRT-level transit service along the SR 522 corridor
- Intersection improvements on SR 522
- Parking facilities in cities along the SR 522 corridor to improve access to bus service
- Other capital improvements to improve transit speed and reliability
- Completion of a transit access study and implementation of specific recommendations to improve access to transit for this corridor

• SR 99 Corridor

- Improvements for continuous BAT lanes in the Seattle portion of the corridor and between Lynnwood and Everett in Snohomish County
- Improvements at the SR 104/SR 99 interchange to remove a chokepoint and to provide continuous BAT lanes in the corridor
- Improved BRT-level transit facilities and service, including off-board fare collection at all stops, level boarding for passengers, and greater stop spacing with underlying local service
- Other capital improvements to improve transit speed and reliability

SR 523/145th Street Corridor

- Improvements at the 145th Street interchange at I-5 to add capacity and improve safety and operations
- Capital investments in the 145th Street corridor to improve multi-modal access to the light-rail station, including transit speed and reliability
- Improved transit service along 145th Street to connect SR 522 service from Woodinville to the light-rail station

The forum also urged Sound Transit to assess ways to promote TOD at key station locations and consider opportunities to build on the System Access Program developed for ST2, including paid parking to provide additional revenue to support bus service, additional park and rides, and improved bicycle and pedestrian access.

5.3.10 Seattle Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce

The Seattle Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce strongly believed that the regional transit service provided by Sound Transit plays an integral role in the region's long-term economic vitality and livability and encourages a plan that:

- Ensures that Sound Transit's new service complements city, regional, and state investments in the region's transportation system
- Reflects population and employment growth that have occurred since the previous update, as well as
 updated projections for population and employment growth
- Emphasizes completion of high-capacity transit corridors identified in earlier rounds of planning that continue to demonstrate a need for investment
- Connects regional growth centers to enhance mobility between these concentrated areas of residential and employment growth
- Assesses TOD early in system planning to promote transit ridership and leverage transit investments for regional and local economic benefits

5.3.11 Seattle Subway

The Seattle Subway group urged Sound Transit to take a holistic approach by building out the system in a way that anticipates future expansion, uses driverless technology for all new lines in order to lower costs, increases speed and reliability, and improves upon the current system to maximize current and future investments. The Seattle Subway group identified several issues as priorities for inclusion in the Long-Range Plan Update:

- Extend light rail from Ballard to West Seattle and Burien via a new tunnel under Downtown Seattle
- Extend light rail in a tunnel from Downtown Seattle and South Lake Union then north on Aurora
- Add Graham and Boeing Access Road stations

5.3.12 Upper Eastside TRailway

The Upper Eastside TRailway requested that Sound Transit recommit to a provision that was part of ST2 to set aside up to \$50 million for capital investments in the former BNSF line for passenger rail. It expressed appreciation for Sound Transit's purchase of a section of the corridor along with an operating easement from the Port of Seattle for passenger rail to enhance East Link light rail and connect with the region. The organization noted that more convenient and direct transit service between East King County and East Snohomish County would be appreciated, particularly in light of the significant population growth in both areas.

5.3.13 West Seattle Transportation Coalition

The West Seattle Transportation Coalition is an organization working to address transportation and mobility issues for the 10-square-mile area between the Duwamish River and Puget Sound. The coalition advocated extending light rail to West Seattle.

5.4 Comments from the general public

The vast majority of the approximately 5,000 narrative comments were from the general public. Key themes that emerged from these public comments included the following:

- The public wants more mass transit
- There is overwhelming public support for expanded light rail service
- Transit should be fast, reliable, and frequent
- It needs to be easier to access and use transit

Those who provided comments as part of the Long-Range Plan Update scoping process were self-selected and therefore key themes identified above are qualitative in nature, and are not statistically valid. Origin of comments by subarea:

- Snohomish County—5%
- East King County—12%
- North King County—60%
- South King County—8%
- Pierce County—8%
- Unknown—6%

The scoping participation reflected a particularly high level of interest and support for transit expansion in the North King subarea, which included attention from neighborhood blogs and transit advocacy organizations. This high interest was amplified to some degree by who was included in the e-mails Sound Transit sent to more than 16,000 contacts promoting involvement. The email database emphasized contacts who have signed up to receive information on active Sound Transit capital projects, which meant that a higher percentage of email contacts were from North King County because of the active University Link and Northgate Link construction projects. This factor further contributes to the non-scientific nature of the input. The majority of participation in the scoping process came through the online survey, and much of that participation was spurred by the e-mails.

Major topic areas from the general public included specific ideas on expansion and potential corridors and destinations, transit technology, access to transit, linking land use to transit, environmental issues, funding, and multiple agencies/coordination. Comments received on these topics are summarized in the following sections.

5.4.1 Service

Comments related specifically to service typically suggested expansion of existing service patterns (e.g., all-day Sounder service) or modifications to existing bus routes. Other comments suggested changes to services not provided by Sound Transit, such as King County Metro's Rapid-Ride. For example:

There needs to be a mid-day (noon) option for the Sounder Train.

Because of the reliance on buses, bus connections need to be timed better.

Transit should be easy to use (easy access, distinctive signs, many hubs). When it is confusing, people won't use it. Recently, I was stranded because I was unaware that my bus did not run at the hours I expected it to.

Would like to see beefed-up service from city center to city center—e.g. Bellevue to Issaquah. Would also like to see some one-seat-rides from suburban cities to Seattle neighborhoods, such as Capitol Hill to Redmond or Bellevue.

5.4.2 Corridors

Many commenters suggested specific corridors where they would like Sound Transit to consider adding HCT or a supporting service. A portion of these comments suggested services already included in the current Long-Range Plan. Other comments suggested extensions to existing corridors on the Long-Range Plan map or entirely new corridors. One of the most suggested additions was a Downtown Seattle to West Seattle Corridor. Other suggestions, but not limited to these, included expansion to the Eastside, Ballard to Downtown, and eventual expansion to Tacoma and Everett. For example:

... We need better in city connection service for regional transit to be effective. Currently we have lots of transit options that don't connect to one another ...

Stop focusing on north/south! Do something about east/west—Ballard, West Seattle, Seward, Mt. Baker, etc.

5.4.3 Modes

The majority of comments related to modes were of suggestions reflecting a preference for one existing mode over another (e.g., LRT over Express bus or BRT). Overall there was general support for light rail with BRT, in some locations, for the short-term. Other comments received on the topic of mode were suggestions for Sound Transit to consider new modes that are not currently operated by the agency, such as gondolas, high-speed rail, driverless vehicles such as computer-controlled automobiles, and water taxis. For example:

The focus really needs to be on light rail service. Buses can be delayed by too many factors (traffic, lights, etc.). Light rail should be given preference at all lights, crosswalks and stop signs.

I really like the idea of investing in high capacity transit that is less vulnerable to congestion, like the light rail.

Perhaps consider a stand-alone system of trolleys like the South Lake Union Streetcar.

5.4.4 Access

A significant portion of the comments received suggested improvements to various facilities that provide access to the Sound Transit system. The types of suggestions fell into the following categories discussed below:

Parking

Many parking-related comments requested either more parking at existing park-and-ride facilities or that entirely new park-and-ride facilities be constructed both at suburban and in-city locations. A few comments voiced opposition to building new parking facilities citing environmental concerns. Several examples of parking comments include:

... there is not enough parking at the Federal Way Transit Center after 7:30 a.m., even with the additional parking in the nearby shopping center. If Metro cuts the extension of the route to Twin Lakes, there will be even more cars trying to find parking at the Transit Center.

... existing Park and Ride locations are full before 7:30 in the morning nowadays. Many businesses stagger hours. This makes it impossible for people who go in to work later in the morning to take the bus, because the park & ride is full.

Park and Ride facilities are of critical importance, particularly in the Lake City/Lake Forest Park area.

Walking

Some of the comments received on the topic of pedestrian access indicated safety as a concern and many requested closer station spacing in the city. Other comments recommended prioritizing construction of new Sound Transit facilities in existing walkable communities and communities with higher percentages of transit-dependent populations. One commenter said:

Invest in improvements to pedestrian access and do not discount the importance of urban TOD—ridership cannot be solely driven by suburban park & rides.

Bicycle

The majority of comments on bicycle access to transit focused on increasing bicycle storage on board buses and light-rail cars, as well as providing more covered bicycle storage at park-and-ride facilities and stations. For example a commenter said:

The Plan should encourage the use of non-car transportation to get to transfer areas (safe bike routes and pedestrian routes/paths people can use to get to Sound Transit stations, without increasing congestion on streets; also adequate and secure bike racks at Sound Transit facilities).

But we are a biking city and with the ability to quickly step on a light rail to get to major points in the city and surrounding area as quickly as driving, the extra personal travel from a station to my destination suddenly is worth it.

Bus

In regard to bus access, comments focused primarily on making roadway improvements to either enhance bus access or separate buses from non-transit traffic.

I am in favor of BRT, transit priority / HOT lanes, signal prioritization, and queue jumps for transit vehicles.

Dedicated bus lanes over the West Seattle Bridge are good—so a bus to downtown is typically faster than driving—but it's still a bus: not many seats, and erratic scheduling and getting stuck in traffic.

5.4.5 Roads and highways

A few commenters indicated that there is a great need to improve roads and highways and greater spending should be refocused on those efforts instead of or in combination with mass transit. For example:

... The West Seattle Freeway is beyond full capacity during commute hours. Is it time to build another bridge to/from West Seattle and highway into downtown, or shall we augment our transit systems, or both???

5.4.6 Environment

In comparison to the total number of scoping comments received, only a small percentage of commenters submitted comments on environmental issues. In general, when responders commented on environmental issues they indicated that transit, and in some cases rail, benefited the environment or were "environmentally friendly." For example, two commenters said:

...It is ridiculous. It's a waste of time, money, gas, it's bad for the environment to idle in stop and go traffic, and generally bad for the overall economy of the area. A real, lasting solution to the traffic congestion traveling around Puget Sound would add so much to the quality of life for everyone.

...why not require more businesses in and around the Seattle area to subsidize the buses? This would be considered their contribution to a green environment, plus their contribution to a healthier air condition, waterways and certainly a more commuter friendly community.

Among the environmental issues that received comments, the largest number focused on sustainability, land use, energy, environmental justice, noise, and air quality/greenhouse gases. Comments received on each of these issues are summarized below.

Sustainability

Comments received on sustainability generally focused on the importance of transit, specifically HCT, for the long-term sustainability of the region economically and environmentally:

This is a moment where our region can secure a prosperous and livable future or a long time. We need to rapidly expand regional transit for future economic vitality, livability, and sustainable transportation options.

Other comments on this issue included the use of rail being essential to sustain growth and a reduction in traffic congestion as a way to balance the trade-offs between growth and sustainability. It also should be noted that of those who commented on sustainability, several found economic growth and sustainability to mean connecting people to jobs.

Land use

Numerous comments were made in the context of linking land use and transit, with the majority of these comments focusing on the issue of density. Many comments suggested prioritizing system expansion in dense areas and development of HCT in current/future dense urban areas.

Please prioritize accommodating high-density areas or areas with clear potential to accommodate growth. This includes requiring municipalities to up-zone station areas before the alignment starts construction.

Transit must keep up with the (unwelcome) high-density development in West Seattle and in other neighborhoods.

Sound Transit should focus on the areas with the most potential users—existing dense neighborhoods like Ballard, UW, downtown, and Capitol Hill—rather than far-flung suburban lines.

Respondents also considered the Long-Range Plan Update as an opportunity to plan for land use and TODs, as reflected in these two comments:

A careful balance should be struck in order to encourage transit-oriented development in suburbs while discouraging needless sprawl. Increasing density should ultimately be the target.

Linking transit-oriented development to expansion of rail and high frequency transit is a must. Station overlays and station design should include density and development as well.

Environmental justice

A number of environmental-related comments were made on the issue of environmental justice. Those commenters generally felt that more of Sound Transit's attention needs to be focused on transit-dependent and environmental justice communities as they are underrepresented. Example comments include the following:

[Transit] should preferentially serve people who are being displaced, and forced into longer commutes—low wage earners. It should be affordable and have better services to places where poorer people live. Focusing on the eastside and Ballard is bad policy from a whole community perspective, and sends the wrong message about who counts in our city and county.

[Sound Transit] should be focusing on serving the low-income populations in Seattle.

A Long-Range Plan should prioritize social justice issues, to make sure that all communities can have quality, reliable, affordable transit access between their homes and economic/job centers. This includes building transit-oriented development with affordable housing and making sure environmental justice questions are being addressed, especially when building new routes and siting construction projects.

Commenters felt that service cuts affect low-income riders the most and low-income riders need have more transit options. Comments included:

I think one difficulty I'm experiencing as someone who uses exclusively public transit and is also low-income is that many of the neighborhoods in Seattle that cost less to live have slower service or less frequent service to other areas of Seattle.

Please put more of an emphasis on the link between income and transit service rather than just population and ridership. The low-income neighborhoods are served rather poorly by public transit.

Commenters suggested implementation of a need-based/reduced-fare pass system for low-income passengers, as well as improvements to better accommodate individuals with disabilities and the elderly.

Noise

A few comments were received on the issue of noise. Those comments generally asked Sound Transit to be mindful of noise pollution caused by transit and explore subway-related options as a means to decrease transit-related noise. An example of these comments follows.

Above-ground design and budget shortcuts lead to unacceptable noise nuisance and added expenses. Any expansion to and thru residential neighborhoods MUST be tunneled or somehow adequately shelter noise pollution. Noise pollution is a public health impact and it makes NO SENSE to sacrifice protection from undo levels of noise in the trade off to find transit solutions.

Commenters also requested an increase in the operation speed of trains while minimizing associated noise.

Air quality/greenhouse gases

Comments received on the topic of air quality/greenhouse gases focused on concerns about how congestion worsened air quality and increased greenhouse gases. It was generally felt that expansion of transit would reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve air quality.

The majority of vehicles that are commuting I-5 are single drivers in SUV's that are contributing to the congestion, accidents, CO2 problems, stress and long days.

Light rail is the only feasible way we can remove cars from the road while increasing capacity and reducing pollution as our region's population grows.

The idea that reducing greenhouse gas emissions starts to address global warming was also reflected in the comments.

5.4.7 Funding

Several comments were received on the issue of funding. Some commenters supported using/increasing taxes as a way to fund future transit projects.

Mass transit should be paid for by gas tax and licensing fees just like roads and highways.

Expand/increase the RTA tax.

I would gladly pay hundreds of dollars more in local taxes each year to move transit projects forward and faster.

However, some commenters were strongly opposed to using tax money to expand transit, instead suggesting that public transportation should be totally self-supporting. Example comments include:

I am not in favor of any additional taxes to fund public transit. I don't use it, and don't benefit from it in any way.

Please do not expand on taxpayer dime, stop taxing, levies and useless routes that do not pay for themselves.

It needs to be more self-funded. Less taxpayer support. It should be more user funded.

Some commenters also asked Sound Transit to consider its existing subarea equity policy suggesting:

All money collected should be spent in areas with the greatest overall impact for the entire area. Meaning specific dollars collected from specific areas should not be required to be spent in those areas.

Commenters also offered support for Sound Transit to charge for parking at park-and-ride facilities as a way to increase revenues stating:

It's time to stop investing in free parking.

5.4.8 Multiple agencies/coordination

A few commenters noted a perceived lack of coordination between the many transit agencies and expressed the need for centralization and common vision.

Without a Western WA Regional Transit authority we will continue to have a dysfunctional system that perpetuates a disjointed, ineffectual, system with limited resources and lack of vision.

Possibility / opportunity to bring multiple transit agencies under one cohesive system of operation, function and management. Switching in from one system to anther is still confusing and not well coordinated.

Comments were also made stating that future funding levels of local transit partners (King County Metro, Pierce Transit, Community Transit, and Everett Transit) should be considered when planning future Sound Transit service.

6 Next Steps

The public and agency comments received during scoping will help Sound Transit (at the direction of the Sound Transit Board) identify the issues and alternatives to be considered in the SEIS. The next project phases and milestones are as follows:

- December 2013 and January 2014—Board reviews alternatives to be studied
- July-August 2014—Draft SEIS available for public review and comment
- September–November 2014—Respond to comments and complete Final SEIS
- December 2014—Board updates Long-Range Plan

Appendix A Poster Distribution Locations and Images

Posters targeting traditionally underrepresented populations were distributed to the following locations:

Organization	Street Address	City
Lake Heights Center YMCA	12635 SE 56th Street	Bellevue
South Bellevue Community Center	14509 SE Newport Way	Bellevue
Senior Services of Snohomish County	Suite B, 11627 Airport Road	Everett
Catholic Community Services	1918 Everett Avenue	Everett
Housing Consortium of Everett and Snohomish County	2827 Rockefeller Avenue	Everett
United Way of Snohomish County	3120 McDougall Avenue	Everett
Issaquah Community Center	301 Rainier Blvd S	Issaquah
GenCare Lynnwood at Scriber Gardens	6024 200th Street Southwest	Lynnwood
Korean Women's Association	4629 168th Street SW # G	Lynnwood
Lynn Crest Senior Housing Association	4629 194th Street Southwest	Lynnwood
Lynnwood Senior Center	19000 44th Avenue West	Lynnwood
Pathways For Women	6027 208th Street Southwest	Lynnwood
SEA MAR Community Health Center	19707 44th Avenue West	Lynnwood
Washington State Worksource	20311 52nd Avenue West	Lynnwood
The Everett Clinic	15418 Main Street	Mill Creek
Rosehill Community Center	304 Lincoln Ave	Mukilteo
Coal Creek Family YMCA	13750 Newcastle Golf Club Rd	Newcastle
Boys & Girls Club	16800 NE 80th Street	Redmond
Renton Community Center	1715 SE Maple Valley Hwy	Renton
Pine Lake Community Center	21333 SE 20th Street	Sammamish
Sammamish Muslim Association	22011 220th Ave SE	Sammamish
Boys & Girls Club	1310 N 45th Street	Seattle
Catholic Community Services	100 23rd Ave S	Seattle
Community Psychiatric Clinic	11000 Lake City Way Northeast	Seattle
Evergreen Adult Family Homes	11339 8th Avenue Northeast	Seattle
Filipino Community Center	5740 Martin Luther King Jr Way	Seattle
Futurewise, Suite 200	816 2nd Avenue	Seattle
Refugee Women's Alliance	4008 Martin Luther King Jr Way	Seattle
Seattle Housing Authority	4570 Martin Luther King Jr Way S	Seattle
Seattle Housing Authority	720 North 143rd Street	Seattle
Social & Health Services Department	2106 2nd Avenue	Seattle
Tukwila Community Center	12424 42nd Ave S	Seattle
West Seattle Family YMCA	4515 36th Ave SW	Seattle
Center For Human Services	17018 15th Avenue Northeast	Shoreline
Dale Turner Family YMCA: Child Care	19290 Aurora Avenue North	Shoreline
Shoreline Lake Forest Park Senior Center	18560 1st Avenue Northeast	Shoreline
Auburn Valley YMCA	1620 Perimeter Rd	Auburn
YMCA-Burndale Homes Community Center	1044 18th Street NE	Auburn

Organization	Street Address	City
Burien Community Center	14700 6th Avenue SW	Burien
Federal Way Community Center	876 S 333rd Street	Federal Way
Boys & Girls Club	30815 8th Ave S	Federal Way
Jump Start Boys & Girls Club	11424 SE 256th Street	Kent
Lakewood Community Center	9112 Lakewood Dr SW #121	Lakewood
Pacific/Algona Community Center	100-B 3rd Avenue Southeast	Pacific
Friends & Servants YMCA	115 2nd Street SE	Puyallup
Matt Griffin YMCA	3595 S 188th Street	SeaTac
Tacoma Senior Services	747 Market Street	Tacoma
Tacoma Center YMCA	1144 Market Street	Tacoma
Sea Mar Community Health Center	1516 S 11th Street	Tacoma
Boys & Girls Club - Al Davies	1620 17th Street	Tacoma
YMCA	1002 S Pearl Street	Tacoma
Puyallup Housing Authority	6245 21st Street NE	Tacoma
Neighborhood Clinic	1323 I Street Trans	Tacoma
Boys & Girls Club	3875 S 66th Street	Tacoma
Mid-County Community Center	10205 44th Ave E	Tacoma
King County Housing Authority	313 37th PI SE	Auburn
King County Housing Authority	1424 148th Ave SE	Bellevue
Center For Human Services	18515 92nd Ave NE	Bothell
Paralyzed Veterans of America	616 Southwest 152nd Street	Burien
Sea-Mar Community Health Center	14434 Ambaum Blvd SW	Burien
King County Housing Authority	9926 NE 126th Street	Kirkland
Sea Mar CHC	10217 125th Street Ct E	Puyallup
Refugee Women's Alliance	15245 International Blvd	SeaTac
Tacoma Housing Authority	1728 E 44th Street	Tacoma
Korean Women's Association (KWA)	123 96th Street E	Tacoma
King County Housing Authority	600 Andover Park W	Tukwila
Crossroads Community Center	16000 NE 10th Street	Bellevue
Boys & Girls Club	14220 NE 8th Street	Bellevue
Bellevue Family YMCA Child Development Center	700 108th Ave NE	Bellevue
North Bellevue Community Center	4063 148th Ave NE	Bellevue
Northshore YMCA	11811 NE 195th Street	Bothell
North Kirkland Community Center	12421 103rd Ave NE	Kirkland

Large-scale poster distribution to the following locations:

Business Name	Street Address	City
Starbucks	2505 Suite A	Tacoma
6th Ave Grocery	7008 6th Ave	Tacoma
Highland hills music center	6814 6th Ave	Tacoma
Chevron	4814 Center Street	Tacoma
Taqueria 3 Hermanos	610 6th Ave	Tacoma
The ClubHouse	6501 6th Ave	Tacoma
Grocery Outlet	6425 6th Ave	Tacoma
The Green Room	6411 6th Ave	Tacoma
All green Garden	6411 6th Ave	Tacoma
Kids Kaboodle	6411 6th Ave	Tacoma
Vapor Works	6411 6th Ave	Tacoma
Life Center Thrift Store	6411 6th Ave	Tacoma
Tower Lanes	6323 6th Ave	Tacoma
McDonalds	6311 6th Ave	Tacoma
Redline Motor Sports	6305 6th Ave	Tacoma
Safeway	6201 6th Ave	Tacoma
Emerald City Smoothie	5977 6th Ave	Tacoma
Subway	5961 6th Ave	Tacoma
T-Mobile	5935 6th Ave	Tacoma
Firestone	5907 6th Ave	Tacoma
Columbia Veterinary Hospital	5916 6th Ave	Tacoma
Denny's	5924 6th Ave	Tacoma
Labor Works	5944 6th Ave	Tacoma
Mona Pizza & Pasta	6104 6th Ave	Tacoma
The Loose Wheel Bar & Grill	6108 6th Ave	Tacoma
O'Reilly Auto Parts	6110 6th Ave	Tacoma
The Clover Leaf	6430 6th Ave	Tacoma
Artco	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Harbor Freight Tools	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Comcast	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Sears Outlet	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Goodwill	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Christmas Shoppe	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Les Schwab	5131 6th Ave	Tacoma
Cutterspoint	100 6th Ave	Tacoma
Pizza Hut	5401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Sonic	5416 6th Ave	Tacoma
K-Mart	5132 6th Ave	Tacoma
Discount Medical	5510 6th Ave	Tacoma
Jones Automotive	5511 6th Ave	Tacoma
Tacoma Boys	5602 6th Ave	Tacoma
Vino Aquino	4417 6th Ave	Tacoma

Business Name	Street Address	City
Jeff's Used Tires	4301 6th Ave	Tacoma
Northwest Float Center	3907 6th Ave	Tacoma
Indoor Gardens	3833 6th Ave	Tacoma
Tacoma Metal Art Center	3833 6th Ave	Tacoma
Triple Play	3829 6th Ave	Tacoma
Rocket Records	3843 6th Ave	Tacoma
Precision Automotive	3723 6th Ave	Tacoma
Golden Oldies Records	3521 6th Ave	Tacoma
Commencement Bay Animal Hospital	3511 6th Ave	Tacoma
All Star Tattoo	3505 6th Ave	Tacoma
Papa Johns	3411 A 6th Ave	Tacoma
Lucky Dog Outfitters	3411 B 6th Ave	Tacoma
Seven Eleven	3115 6th Ave	Tacoma
The Hippie House	3109 6th Ave	Tacoma
Last Stop Computers	3101 6th Ave	Tacoma
Wild Orchid	3023 6th Ave	Tacoma
Tandem	3019 B 6th Ave	Tacoma
Casual Comfort	3019 A 6th Ave	Tacoma
Constellation Art Gallery	3013 6th Ave	Tacoma
Drastic Plastic	3005 6th Ave	Tacoma
Subway	3004 6th Ave	Tacoma
Taco Time	3915 6th Ave	Tacoma
Masa	2811 6th Ave	Tacoma
Pops Liquor	2805 6th Ave	Tacoma
Jazz Bones	2803 6th Ave	Tacoma
Annette B	2711 6th Ave	Tacoma
Crown Bar	2705 6th Ave	Tacoma
Doggy Daycare	608 N Oaks	Tacoma
Tacoma Custom Jewelry	2610 A 6th Ave	Tacoma
High Voltage Records	2612 6th Ave	Tacoma
Grateful Goods Thrift Shop	2610 B 6th Ave	Tacoma
Ballroom Studio	2608 6th Ave	Tacoma
Medis	2710 6th Ave	Tacoma
Crescent Moon	2712 6th Ave	Tacoma
Asado	2810 6th Ave	Tacoma
Starbucks	Suite 101 6th Ave	Tacoma
Taco Bell	2902 6th Ave	Tacoma
Shampooch INC	2914 6th Ave	Tacoma
Red Hot	2915 6th Ave	Tacoma
The Wedding Bell	Suite C 6th Ave	Tacoma
El Guadalajara	606 S Junette ST	Tacoma
Tacoma Food Coop	3002 6th Ave	Tacoma
Smoke Depot	3010 6th Ave	Tacoma

Business Name	Street Address	City
Farrellis Pizza	3518 Suite 100 6th Ave	Tacoma
Metronome Coffee	3518 Suite 101 6th Ave	Tacoma
Bronazage	3518 Suite 102 6th Ave	Tacoma
Black Bear	3602 Suite 101 6th Ave	Tacoma
Chroma	3624 6th Ave	Tacoma
Teriyaki Wok	3702 6th Ave	Tacoma
West End	3840 6th Ave	Tacoma
Flaming Dragon	3912 6th Ave	Tacoma
Coen Estates Services	4304 6th Ave	Tacoma
Boost Mobile	4818 6th Ave Suite 101	Tacoma
Saturn Electronic	4318 6th Ave Suite 102	Tacoma
Auto Body Inc	4408 6th Ave	Tacoma
76	4401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Walgreens	4401 6th Ave	Tacoma
Taiso Fitness	4315 6th Ave	Tacoma
Starbucks	3720 131st Ave SE	Bellevue
Sacks Gourmet Sandwiches	3640 Factoria Blvd SE #E	Bellevue
Great Harvest Bread Co	3610 Factoria Blvd SE	Bellevue
Starbucks	3560C 131st Ave SE	Bellevue
QFC	3550 Factoria Blvd SE	Bellevue
Panera Bread	4004 Factoria Blvd SE	Bellevue
Jamba Juice	3930 Factoria Square Mall SE Suite B3	Bellevue
Genki Sushi	3928 Factoria Square Mall SE	Bellevue
Seabell Bakery	12816 Factoria Blvd SE	Bellevue
South Gate Oriental Grocery & Gifts	3900 Factoria Blvd SE	Bellevue
Tully's	3080 148th Ave SE #113	Bellevue
Menchie's	14865 Main Street	Bellevue
Starbucks	15015 Main Street	Bellevue
Starbucks	2041 148th Ave NE	Bellevue
Safeway	1645 140th Ave NE	Bellevue
Overlake Square Mall	14625 NE 24th Street	Bellevue
Starbucks	2020 148th Ave NE	Bellevue
Starbucks	661 120th Ave NE	Bellevue
QFC	10116 NE 8th Street	Bellevue
University Book Store	990 102nd Ave NE	Bellevue
Zeeks Pizza Bellevue	10201 NE 10th Street	Bellevue
Pete's Wine Shop	134 105th NE Bellevue	Bellevue
Broiler Bay	10636 Main Street	Bellevue
Belle Pastry	10246 A Main Street	Bellevue
Gilbert's on Main	10024 Main Street	Bellevue
The Spot Off Main	20 103rd Ave NE	Bellevue
Cupcake Royale	21 Bellevue Way NE	Mercer Island
Max Muscle	211 Bellevue Way NE	Mercer Island

Business Name	Street Address	City
Gourmet Teriyaki	7671 SE 27th Street	Mercer Island
Starbucks	7620 SE 27th Street	Mercer Island
Starbucks	7695 SE 27th Street	Mercer Island
The UPS Store	7683 SE 27th Street	Mercer Island
Albertsons	2755 77th Ave SE	Mercer Island
Han's Garden Chinese Restaurant	3020 78th Ave SE	Mercer Island
Island Books	3014 78th Ave SE	Mercer Island
Seven Star	2885 78th Ave SE	Mercer Island
QFC	7823 SE 28th Street	Mercer Island
Tully's Coffee	7810 SE 27th Street	Mercer Island
Emerald City Smoothie	7803 78th Ave SE	Redmond
Menchie's	7785 Sunset Hwy SE	Redmond
Pacific Northwest Costume	16134 NE 87th Street	Redmond
Bandido's	16156 NE 87th Street	Redmond
Starbucks	16500 NE 74th Street	Redmond
Grand Peking	8075 161st Ave NE	Redmond
Jamba Juice	16002 Redmond Way	Redmond
Top Pot Doughnuts	16095 Cleveland Street	Redmond
Niko Teriyaki	15920 Redmond Way #102	Redmond
Starbucks	15738 Redmond Way	Redmond
SoulFood Books	15748 Redmond Way	Redmond
Redmond Cigars & Tobacco	15786 Redmond Way	Redmond
QFC	15800 Redmond Way	Redmond
Vitamin Life	15830 Redmond Way	Redmond
Half Price Books	7805 Leary Way NE	Redmond
Redmond Work & Western Wear	7829 Leary Way NE	Redmond
El Toreador Mexican Restaurant	7845 Leary Way NE	Redmond
Carniceria	16260 Redmond Way Ste 4	Redmond
Redmond's Bar and Grill	7979 Leary Way NE	Redmond
Victor's Celtic Coffee Co.	7993 Gilman Street	Redmond
Haveli Vegetarian Cuisine	16564 Cleveland Street	Redmond
Flying Apron	16541 Redmond Way	Redmond
Redmond Pony Express	16541 Redmond Way	Redmond
Mikie's Brooklyn Bagel & Deli	16640 Redmond Way	Redmond
Safeway	17246 Redmond Way	Redmond
Teriyaki Plus	11512 124th Ave NE	Kirkland
I Love Teriyaki	12077 124th Ave NE	Kirkland
Liquid Lime	12015 124th Ave NE	Kirkland
Sahand Persian Grocery	12047 124th Ave NE	Kirkland
Garlic Jim's	11523 Avondale Rd NE	Kirkland
Starbucks	12209 NE 85th Street	Kirkland
Purified Water To Go	8512 122nd Ave NE	Kirkland
Valhalla Bar & Grill	8544 122nd Ave NE	Kirkland

Business Name	Street Address	City
Taco Del Mar	210 Main Street	Kirkland
Savrika Tea	115 Kirkland Ave	Kirkland
The French Bakery	219 Kirkland Ave	Kirkland
Chasing Light Studios	223 Kirkland Ave	Kirkland
Kirkland Bicycle Bike Shop	208 Kirkland Ave	Kirkland
Pho Tai	147 Park Ln	Kirkland
Rococo	136 Park Ln	Kirkland
Zeeks Pizza	124 Park Ln	Kirkland
Sirena Gelato	109 Park Ln	Kirkland
Simplicity ABC	107 Park Ln	Kirkland
Starbucks	116 Lake Street S	Kirkland
Tully's Coffee	104 Lake Street S #100	Kirkland
Ben & Jerry's	176 Lake Street S	Kirkland
Kirkland Tattoo Studio	42 Lakeshore Plaza Dr	Kirkland
The Shop	94 Kirkland Ave	Kirkland
The Lodge Sports Grille	107 Lake Street S	Kirkland
Zoka Coffee	129 Central Way	Kirkland
Hanuman Thai Cafe	115 Central Way	Kirkland
Caffe Ladro	104 Central Way	Kirkland
Time Out Sports Bar	218 Central Way	Kirkland
Emerald City Smoothie	512 Park Place Ctr	Kirkland
Kirkland Park Place Cinema 6	404 Park Place Ctr	Kirkland
Kirkland Arts Center Store	336 Park Place Center	Kirkland
Starbucks	208 Park Ln	Kirkland
QFC	211 Park Place Ctr	Kirkland
PCC Natural Markets	10718 NE 68th Street	Kirkland
Teriyaki Madness	10600 NE 68th Street	Kirkland
Starbucks	6733 108th Ave NE	Kirkland
Healthy Grow	10 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Tobacco Joes	10 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Car Audio Designs	10 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
AmPm	220 Everett Mall Way	Everett
Panera	304 Everett Mall Way	Everett
Pho Than Brothers	500 SE Everett Mall Way #105B	Everett
Sevan Pharmacy and Medical	620 SE Everett Mall Way #210 A	Everett
Lucky Buffet	620 SE Everett Mall Way #888	Everett
Sevan Liquor and Wine	620 SE Everett Mall Way #225	Everett
Smoke Plus	620 SE Everett Mall Way #500	Everett
Gyro House	620 SE Everett Mall Way #400	Everett
La Hacienda	620 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Georgio's Subs	105 Everett Mall Way	Everett
Batteries Plus	909 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
AAA	909 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett

Business Name	Street Address	City
Pho Vk	909 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Family Christian Stores	811 Everett mall way	Everett
Pho Asia Noodle House	607 SE Everett Mall way #11	Everett
Jonee's Bake Shop	607 SE Everett Mall Way#8	Everett
Hawaiian Sun BBQ	607 SE Everett mall way #4	Everett
Chamaole Pino	607 SE Everett Mall Way#3	Everett
Taqueria El Rincosito	607 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Texaco	607 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Starbucks Coffee	515 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Sporthaus	505 SE Everett Mall Way	Everett
Toshi's Teriyaki	3101 Hoyt Ave	Everett
Sylvan Learning	221 SE Everett Mall way #m1	Everett
Broadway Beverage	811 Everett Mall Way	Everett
ampm	1806 Broadway	Everett
Café Dijor	1822 Broadway	Everett
JC Teriyaki	2116 19th Street	Everett
Ruen Thai	1931 Broadway	Everett
Tobacco Hut	1917 Broadway	Everett
Noble Palace	1912 Broadway	Everett
Hand to Hand Used clothing	2024 Broadway Ave	Everett
Ok Smoke mart	2102 Broadway	Everett
Ray's Smoke Shop	2406 Broadway	Everett
Starbucks Coffee	2615 Broadway	Everett
QFC	2615 Broadway	Everett
Moddejonge's herbals	1905 1/2 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Liquor and Wine	1907 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Papa's Mexican Grill	1909 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Tommy's Guitar Shop	1911 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Brooklyn Bros. Pizzeria	1919 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Sidekicks Grill and Lounge	1709 Hewitt Ave	Everett
refresh	2829 Wetmore Ave	Everett
Café Zippy	2811 Wetmore Ave	Everett
Trinity Lutheran College	2802 Wetmore Ave	Everett
Starbucks	2823 Colby Ave	Everett
Major League Pizza	2811 Colby Ave	Everett
Z's Gourmet Burger	2811 A Colby Ave	Everett
El Paraiso	2801 Colby Ave	Everett
Tokyo Teriyaki	2804 Colby Ave	Everett
Norbona Foodmart	3027 Broadway	Everett
China Doll Restaurant	3001 Broadway	Everett
Fish Tale Brew Pub	2019 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Ynot Sports Pub & Grub	2015 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Thai Gusio	2011 Hewitt Ave	Everett

Business Name	Street Address	City
Firewheel	2727 Colby Ave	Everett
Strawberry Patch Café	2718 Colby Ave	Everett
A-1 Smoke and Grocery	2625 Colby Ave	Everett
Four Seasons Barber	2625 2-C Colby Ave	Everett
Kate's Greek & American Deli	2512 Colby Ave	Everett
Screen Printing	2526 Colby Ave	Everett
Everett Packman	2614 Colby Ave A	Everett
Mermaid Café	2932 Colby Ave	Everett
Kama Aina Grindz	2933 Colby Ave	Everett
Majestic Café	2929 Colby Ave	Everett
Star Mini Mart	1418 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Kroakers	3021 Colby Ave	Everett
Café Amore	2819 Rucker	Everett
Sol Food	1405 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Amante Pizza and Pasta	1409 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Plaza Café	3000 Rockefeller Ave	Everett
Robert J. Drewel Building	3000 Rockefeller Ave	Everett
Administration Building West	3000 Rockefeller Ave	Everett
7 Eleven	1611 Pacific Ave	Everett
Best Tobacco	1506 Pacific Ave	Everett
Toshi's Teriyaki	3101 Hoyt Ave	Everett
Schack art center	2921 Hoyt Ave	Everett
Yummy Teriyaki	1422 Hewitt Ave	Everett
Everett Tires & Automotive	2828 Hoyt Ave	Everett
Arigato Teriyaki	4030 Hoyt Ave	Everett
3231 Creatives	3231 Broadway,	Everett
Buzz Inn	3615 Broadway	Everett
Teriyaki and Wok	3625 Broadway	Everett
Red Rock Subs	3514 Broadway	Everett
Smoke n Food Gifts	3818 Broadway	Everett
Barber Shop	3416 Broadway	Everett
Fred Meyer	4615 196th ST SW	Lynnwood
Espresso Buono	5106 196th ST SW	Lynnwood
Todo Mexico	4926 196th ST SW	Lynnwood
Kabayan Asian Mart	19709 Scriber Lake Road	Lynnwood
Safeway	19715 196th Street	Lynnwood
L & L Hawaiian BBQ	19709 Hwy 99	Lynnwood
Labor Works	19715 Scriber Lake Rd Suite A	Lynnwood
Taqueria El Antojo	20629Hwy 99	Lynnwood
Rodeo Inn	20707 Hwy 99	Lynnwood
Shake N Go	3710 Broadway	Everett
Starbucks	19038 Interurban Ave	Tukwila
Acme Bowl	100 Andover Park W	Tukwila

Business Name	Street Address	City
Sprint	100 Andover Park W # 110	Tukwila
Qdoba Mexican Grill	100 Andover Park W	Tukwila
LA Fitness	350 Baker Blvd	Tukwila
Guitar Center	230 Andover Park W	Tukwila
Starbucks	300 Andover Park W	Tukwila
Barnes and Nobel	300 Andover Park W	Tukwila
Starbucks	333 Strandler Blvd	Tukwila
Performance Bicycle	351 Strandler Blvd	Tukwila
Best Cafe Teriyaki	10990 East Marginal Way S	Tukwila
BECU coffee shop	12770 Gateway Dr	Tukwila
ITT Tech	12720 Gateway Dr #100	Tukwila
AMPM	15252 Tukwila International Blvd	Tukwila
Mc Donald's	15210 Pacific Hwy S	Tukwila
Food Mart Chevron	19923 Pacific Hwy S	Tukwila
Taco Time	15037 International Blvd	Tukwila
Bakaro Mall	15245 International Blvd	SeaTac
India Plaza	15245 International Blvd	SeaTac
El Rinconcito	15245 International Blvd	SeaTac
Sea Tac Wireless	15245 International Blvd	SeaTac
Riverton Heights Post Office	15250 32nd Ave S	SeaTac
Fred Meyer	14300 1st Ave S	Burien
Toshio's	14200 1st Ave S	Burien
Gyros Falafel	14200 1st Ave S #2	Burien
Starbucks	116 SW 148th	Burien
Burien Cleaners	116 SW 148th Street #D200	Burien
Pizza Palace	116 SW 148th Street	Burien
Taco Del Mar	116 SW 148th #D170	Burien
Emerald City Smoothie	126 SW 148th Street #C170	Burien
Dino's Gyros	126 SW 148th Street #C	Burien
Tim's Sports Cards and Coffee Shop	15511 1st Ave S	Burien
Starbucks	17829 1st Ave S	Normandy
Super Bowl Pho	21831Marine View Dr	Des Moines
Maytag Commercial Equipment	21831 Marine View Dr	Des Moines
Spyros Gyros	21851 Marine View Drive S	Des Moines
Marine View Expresso	21904 Marine View Drive S	Des Moines
Des Moines Public Library	21620 11th Ave S	Des Moines
Gina's hair Mens & Women's	21628 Pacific Hwy	Des Moines
Cemilas Tepeaca 2	21627 Pacific Hwy	Des Moines
Bob's Burgers	20054 Pacific Hwy	Des Moines
Starbucks	6719 S 211th	Kent
Aloha Hawaiian Grill	18016 71st Ave S #102	Kent
Best Cleaners	18012 West Valley Hwy S #102	Kent
Shake and Go Kent	18012 West Valley Hwy #104	Kent

Business Name	Street Address	City
Gyros House	815 N. 10th Street #A	Renton
Top Pot Doughnuts	828 N 10th Pl	Renton
University Book Store	800 10th Pl Suite A	Renton
Potbelly Sandwiches	727 N. 10th	Renton
Jimmy Johns	804 N Landing Way	Renton
Famous Footwear	828 N. 10th Pl	Renton
Seattle's Best Coffee	365 Renton Center Way SW	Renton
Fred Meyer	365 Renton Center Way SW	Renton
Tukwila Community Center	12424 42nd Ave S	Tukwila
Tukwila Pool	4414 S 144th ST	Tukwila
Foster Library	4060 S 144th ST	Tukwila
Hi Def Cuts	4021 S. 144th	Tukwila
Liquor Store	18000 International Blvd. #1	Tukwila
Juba Cafe	14223 International Blvd	Tukwila
Redog Tanning	14227 International Blvd	Tukwila
Bartell Drugs	14227 Pacific Hwy S	Tukwila
Boost Mobile	387 Strandler Blvd	Tukwila
Starbucks	27027 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Goodwill	23313 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
The Market at La Plaza	23201 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
The Market at La Plaza	23021 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Quingeanera	23223 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
LH Foot Care Massage	23301 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Los Cabos Mexican Restaurant	23223 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Konich's Teriyaki	23217 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
UW Medicine Kent/Des Moines Clinic	23213 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Sally's Beauty Supply	23231 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Highline Hamburgers	23629 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Starbucks	23325 Pacific Hwy S	Kent
Starbucks	24130 Pacific Hwy	Kent
Subs 2 Go	30 Logan Ave S	Renton
All State Insurance	2210 S 320th	Federal Way
E Mart	2200 S 320th Ste B	Federal Way
Evergreen Supermarket	2200 S 320th Ste B	Federal Way
Comics Toys	2120 S 320th Street #C12	Federal Way
Ai Teriyaki	2120 S 320th #C3	Federal Way
World Mission Tae Kwon Do	518 S 321st #7B	Federal Way
3 Amigos Vaqueras	2016 S 320th Street #J	Federal Way
Kozmoz Massage	2020 S 320th #A	Federal Way
Best Wireless Store	2016 S 320th Street # L	Federal Way
Gig Universal	2016 S 320th	Federal Way
Pho Papa	2020 S. 320th #1	Federal Way
Mi Tiendita Latina II	2020 S 320th Street # K	Federal Way

Business Name	Street Address	City
Al's Music	2020 S 320th Street	Federal Way
Desert Industries	2200 S. 320th Street #1A	Federal Way
Korean Traditional Beef Soup	31248 Pacific Hwy #7	Federal Way
Taqueria La Tentacion	31248 Pacific Hwy S #B	Federal Way
Natural Health Mart	31248 Pacific Hwy S #A1	Federal Way
I Love Ramen	31254 Pacific Hwy S	Federal Way
Mi Rak Restaurant	31260 Pacific Hwy S	Federal Way
Professional Hair Art	31260 Pacific Hwy S	Federal Way
Albertson's	31009 Pacific Hwy	Federal Way
Federal Way Boys and Girls Club	30815 8th Ave S	Federal Way
Federal Way Library	848 S 320th Street	Federal Way
Future Cuts	2210 S 320th	Federal Way

Examples of translated posters:











Đinh hướng tương lai cho hệ thống chuyên chở công cộng trong vùng

- THAM DỰ CÁC SỰ KIỆN

 GỬI ĐIỆN THƯ CHO
 CHỦNG TÔI

 ĐIỆN BẢN THẨM ĐÔ Ý

 Sọi 30 đến 8 gọi tiế,
 có thuyệt trinh lúc 6 giọi 15 tiế,
 có thuyệt trinh lúc 8 ngày 12 tháng

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CHUNG TO!

9 JEÉN BÁN THÁM DÓ Y

KIÉN TRÊN MANG TRUC

TUYÊN CỦA CHUNG TO!

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Tacoma – thứ Hai, ngày 18 tháng Mười Một



regional mass transit

- ATTEND EVENTS ● EMAIL US
- TAKE OUR ONLINE

SURVEY
Every day, thousands of people ride
Sound Transit trains and buses, and
our population is growing. Help
update the Long-Range Plan and
decide where mass transit could
expand after current voter-approved
projects are complete in 2023.

Evening events 5:30 to 8 p.m. with a presentation at 6:15 p.m.

Seattle – Tuesday, Nov. 12 Seattle University Campion Ballroom 914 E. Jefferson St.

Environmental scoping comment period: October 25 - November 25, 2013 Redmond – Thursday, Nov. 14 Redmond Marriott 7,401 164th Ave. N.E.

Tacoma - Monday, Nov. 18 Tacoma Convention Center 1500 Broadway

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Everett – Tuesday, Nov. 19 Eisenhower Middle School 10200 25th Ave. S.E.

914 E. Jefferson St.

Federal Way – Wednesday, Nov. 13
Federal Way Community Center
876 S. 333rd St.

Redmond – Thursday, Nov. 14

Daytime event
11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.
Seattle – Thursday, Nov. 21
Union Station
401 S. Jackson St.

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of transit in operation, common or
one of the first online or

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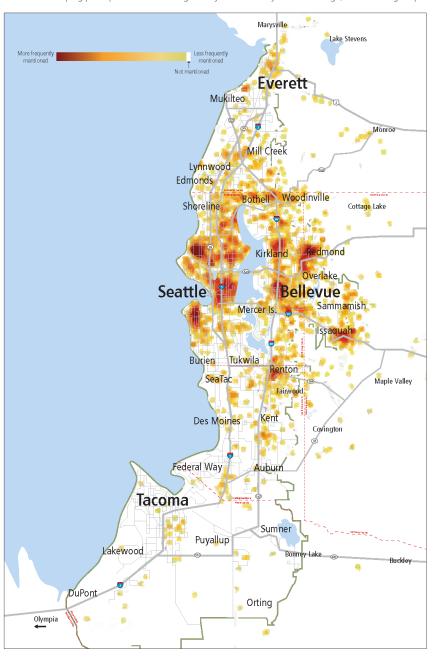
SOUNDTRANSIT

Appendix B "Dot Exercise" Results

Where do East King County scoping participants want to go?

Through the online survey and public meetings, participants were shown a map of the Puget Sound region and were asked to place "pins" (online survey) or sticky dots (public meetings) where they would like to take transit. Participants in this activity were self-selected and the results are not statistically valid.

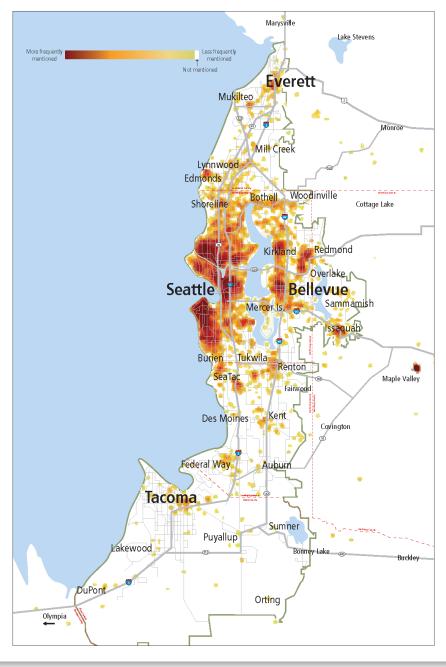
The map below represents where scoping participants from East King County indicated they would like to go, based on origin zip code provided.



Where do North King County scoping participants want to go?

Through the online survey and public meetings, participants were shown a map of the Puget Sound region and were asked to place "pins" (online survey) or sticky dots (public meetings) where they would like to take transit. Participants in this activity were self-selected and the results are not statistically valid.

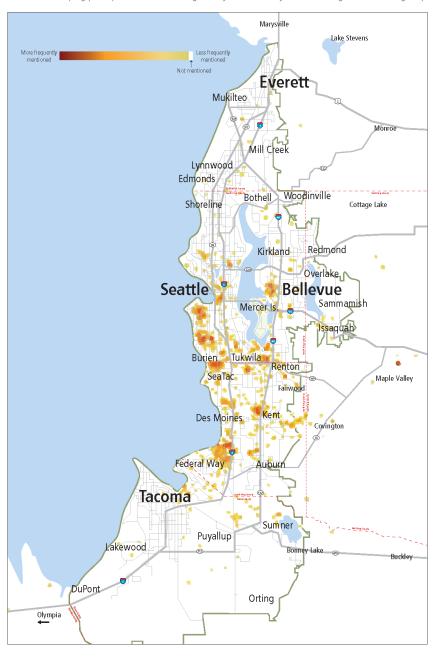
The map below represents where scoping participants from North King County indicated they would like to go, based on origin zip code provided.



Where do South King County scoping participants want to go?

Through the online survey and public meetings, participants were shown a map of the Puget Sound region and were asked to place "pins" (online survey) or sticky dots (public meetings) where they would like to take transit. Participants in this activity were self-selected and the results are not statistically valid.

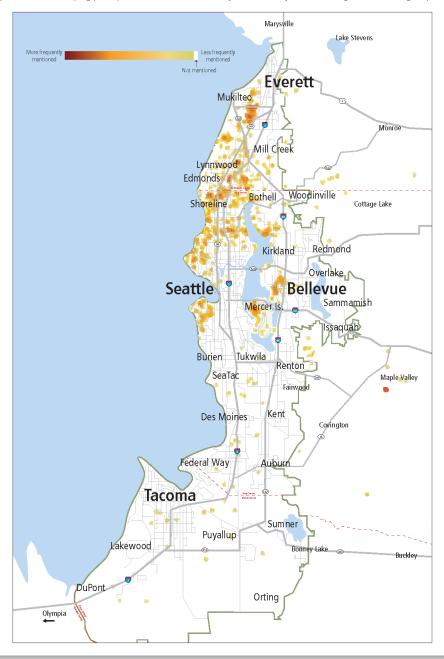
The map below represents where scoping participants from South King County indicated they would like to go, based on origin zip code provided.



Where do Snohomish County scoping participants want to go?

Through the online survey and public meetings, participants were shown a map of the Puget Sound region and were asked to place "pins" (online survey) or sticky dots (public meetings) where they would like to take transit. Participants in this activity were self-selected and the results are not statistically valid.

The map below represents where scoping participants from Snohomish County indicated they would like to go, based on origin zip code provided.



Where do Pierce County scoping participants want to go?

Through the online survey and public meetings, participants were shown a map of the Puget Sound region and were asked to place "pins" (online survey) or sticky dots (public meetings) where they would like to take transit. Participants in this activity were self-selected and the results are not statistically valid.

The map below represents where scoping participants from Pierce County indicated they would like to go, based on origin zip code provided.



Appendix C Topline Results of the Online Survey

Background

In embarking on the Long-Range Plan (LRP) effort, understanding community sentiment and interest in transit around Puget Sound will be important for decision-makers, opinion leaders and the general public. An online questionnaire/survey was implemented to gather feedback as part of the scoping process to inform development of alternatives to be examined in the LRP Draft SEIS.

Implementation Steps

The following steps were used for implementation:

- Run dates: questionnaire October 25 November 25, 2013
- Link to questionnaire via LRP website
- Methods for data verification:
 - IP Address for potential auto-populate of survey
 - "Blanks" removed from each question results; totals are based on those who answered each question, unless where shown (e.g., those who omitted demographics information)

Questions and Results

Total Surveys: 11,282 (answered at least one question)

Demographics

Please let us know the zip code where you live

Subarea	Total Received	%
NORTH KING COUNTY	4183	37.08%
EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	2121	18.80%
NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	1211	10.73%
EAST KING COUNTY	804	7.13%
PIERCE COUNTY	517	4.58%
N/A	412	3.65%
EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	351	3.11%
SNOHOMISH COUNTY	338	3.00%
NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	321	2.85%
SOUTH KING COUNTY	261	2.31%
PIERCE COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	232	2.06%
EAST KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	191	1.69%
EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	165	1.46%
EAST KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	154	1.37%
NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY, PIERCE COUNTY	20	0.18%
SOUTH KING COUNTY, PIERCE COUNTY	1	0.01%
Grand Total	11,282	100%

Zip Subarea, Neighborhood (>50 received)	Quantity	Neighborhood
98116: NORTH KING COUNTY	782	West Seattle
98107: NORTH KING COUNTY	558	Ballard
98126: NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	554	West Seattle/White Center
98122: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	538	Capitol Hill/Madrona
98103: NORTH KING COUNTY	517	Fremont, Phinney, Greenwood
98136: NORTH KING COUNTY	479	West Seattle
98117: NORTH KING COUNTY	447	Ballard
98102: NORTH KING COUNTY	429	Eastlake/Capitol Hill
98106: NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	364	West Seattle, Delridge, White Center
98115: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	348	Greenlake, Maple Leaf, Sand Point
98105: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	308	U-District
98118: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	242	Rainier Valley, Columbia City
98109: NORTH KING COUNTY	237	Queen Anne, South Lake Union
98112: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	227	Madison Park, Montlake
98144: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	209	Mt. Baker, Beacon Hill
98125: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	208	Northgate, Lake City
98052: EAST KING COUNTY	197	Redmond
98101: NORTH KING COUNTY	170	Downtown Seattle
98119: NORTH KING COUNTY	165	Queen Anne
98146: NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	162	West Seattle, White Center, Burien
98121: NORTH KING COUNTY	151	Downtown Seattle
98133: NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	140	Shoreline, Bitter Lake
98108: NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	123	Beacon Hill, Georgetown, South Park
98033: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	111	Kirkland, Bellevue
98034: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	105	Kirkland, Woodinville
98199: NORTH KING COUNTY	102	Magnolia
98004: EAST KING COUNTY	98	Bellevue
98104: NORTH KING COUNTY	97	Downtown Seattle
98155: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	93	Lake Forest Park, Shoreline
98012: SNOHOMISH COUNTY	76	Mill Creek
98027: EAST KING COUNTY	72	Issaquah
98028: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	71	Kenmore
98405: PIERCE COUNTY	71	Tacoma (Central)
98166: SOUTH KING COUNTY	68	Burien, Normandy Park
98201: SNOHOMISH COUNTY	67	Everett
98006: EAST KING COUNTY	67	Bellevue
98168: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	64	Tukwila, SeaTac
98026: NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	61	Edmonds
98023: PIERCE COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	61	Federal Way (Twin Lakes)
98036: EAST KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	59	Lynnwood

Zip Subarea, Neighborhood (>50 received)	Quantity	Neighborhood
98058: EAST KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	57	Renton (Fairwood)
98029: EAST KING COUNTY	56	Issaquah
98177: NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	55	Broadview, Shoreline
98040: EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	55	Mercer Island
98198: SOUTH KING COUNTY	54	Des Moines
98056: EAST KING COUNTY	50	Renton, Newcastle
98031: SOUTH KING COUNTY	49	Kent

Gender	%
Female	39.43%
Male	59.91%
Other	0.65%

Age	%
<18	0.45%
18 - 25	13.15%
26 - 35	37.10%
36 - 45	23.41%
46 - 55	13.56%
56 - 65	8.76%
66-75	3.04%
76+	0.55%

Household members with drivers' license	%
0	2.06%
1-2	84.01%
3-4	12.23%
More than 4	1.70%

Household members who are transit riders	%
0	13.65%
1-2	76.92%
3-4	8.46%
More than 4	0.97%

Ethnicity	%
Asian/Pacific Islander	4.90%
Black or African American	0.96%
Hispanic or Latino	2.33%
Native American or American Indian	0.61%
Other	3.92%
White	75.55%
Did not specify	11.73%

Household Income	%
Below \$20,000	3.56%
\$21,000 - \$30,000	4.41%
\$31,000 - \$40,000	5.13%
\$41,000 - \$50,000	5.89%
\$51,000 - \$60,000	6.09%
\$61,000 - \$70,000	6.99%
\$71,000 - \$100,000	17.49%
\$101,000 or more	35.02%
Did not specify	15.41%

Answers to content questions

1. Did you use public transportation today to get to your destinations?

	%
Yes	76.50%
No	23.50%

2. If yes, what kind of transit options do you use today in King, Pierce and Snohomish counties? (Check all that apply)

Type of Transit used	% of all respondents*
Sounder commuter rail	12%
Central Link light rail	34%
Tacoma Link light rail	4%
ST Express buses	24%
King County Metro bus service/RapidRide	65%
Community Transit bus service/SWIFT bus rapid transit	7%
Pierce Transit	3%
Everett Transit	2%
Intercity Transit	1%
Vanpool	1%
DART service/Access	1%
Washington State Ferries	26%
King County Water Taxi	12%
Other	3%

^{*}Will be >100% due to ability to answer multiple questions.

3. When I compare my commute or most frequent trips to five years ago, I generally am:

	%
Using transit options more	45.90%
Using transit options about the same	33.72%
Using transit options less	20.38%

4. What is the overall importance you put on expanding regional transit services on a scale of 1 to 5 [5 is extremely important]

SNOHOMISH COUNTY	4.76
NORTH KING COUNTY	4.70
N/A (no zip code provided, or outside district)	4.61
PIERCE COUNTY	4.58
EAST KING COUNTY	4.40
SOUTH KING COUNTY	4.37
Overall average	4.65

5. Please rank the following regional transit system goals and options on a scale of 1 to 5 reflecting what is important to you [5 is "extremely important"]:

	%
Reliability of service	4.62
Frequency of service	4.46
Speed of service	4.31
High-capacity service in response to rising population	4.15
Promote livable communities with where more people have close access to transit	4.01
Improve connections between regional and local transit services	3.92
Protect our environment	3.78
Contribute to the region's economic vitality	3.64
Increase pedestrian access at facilities	3.56
Increase bicyclist access at facilities	3.18
Increase parking at transit facilities	2.93

6. Which of the following statements best describes your views for how the regional transit system should expand in the coming decades?[select one]

	%
Focus on light rail extensions that offer congestion-free and high-capacity service	85.91%
Focus on express bus and bus rapid transit services with lower capacity and more vulnerability to rising congestion but lower construction costs	8.42%
Focus on improved service on the Sounder commuter rail system, providing service on freight tracks with focus on peak commuting hours	3.86%
Expanding the regional transit system is not a priority for me	1.80%

7. In deciding what future regional transit options to study it's important to consider how people would access expanded train and bus services. Please select one: I would be <u>most likely</u> to use mass transit if...

Access method	Selection by total respondents
I could access it by walking	58.32%
I could access it by driving and parking at a park and ride/transit center	19.60%
I could access it by a connecting, local bus	15.07%
I could access it on my bike	7.01%

8. There are a lot of reasons people choose to use transit. Please rate each of these criteria on a scale of 1 to 5 for why you would or do use transit [5 is "most important"]:

Reason provided	Average rating
to save time/get out of traffic	4.32
to save money on parking	3.75
to use less gas/reduce carbon emissions	3.71
to save money on gas	3.62
to save money on tolls	2.69
I don't think I will use transit in the future	1.30

9. Please "drop a pin" on two geographic areas in the Sound Transit District you think should be better served by mass transit:

$$[N/A - SEE MAP]$$

10. The current regional transit Long-Range Plan and studies in support of updating it identify a number of corridors where rail or other high-capacity transit service could be expanded following the scheduled 2023 completion of funded extensions north to Lynnwood, east to Redmond's Overlake area, and south to Kent/Des Moines. Please provide the emphasis you think should be placed on service in each of these corridors. [5 is very important, 1 is the least important]

Named Corridor	Average Emphasis
Ballard to Downtown Seattle	3.98
Downtown Seattle to West Seattle to Burien	3.98
Ballard to U-District	3.72
Redmond to Kirkland to U-District	3.34
I-405 corridor	3.24
Eastside rail corridor	3.11
Renton to Tukwila, SeaTac to Burien	2.79
Potential Tacoma Link extension	2.78
Kirkland to Bellevue to Issaquah	2.75
Lynnwood to Everett	2.70
SR-522 corridor/Bothell-Woodinville	2.65
Overlake to downtown Redmond	2.62
Federal Way to Tacoma	2.59
Kent/Des Moines to Federal Way	2.47
Lakewood to DuPont	2.01

		Corridors													
Row Labels	Overlake to downtown Redmond	Kent/Des Moines to Federal Way	Ballard to Downtown Seattle	Federal Way to Tacoma	Ballard to U- District	SR-522 corridor/ Bothell- Woodinville	Potential Tacoma Link extension	Lakewood to DuPont	Eastside rail corridor	Kirkland to Bellevue to Issaquah	Lynnwood to Everett	Downtown Seattle to West Seattle to Burien	I-405 corridor	Renton to Tukwila, SeaTac to Burien	Redmond to Kirkland to U- District
EAST KING COUNTY	3.64	2.36	3.10	2.36	2.91	2.84	2.39	1.91	4.20	4.19	2.52	2.93	4.02	2.75	3.94
EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY	2.81	2.36	4.27	2.48	4.15	2.87	2.76	1.95	3.19	2.97	2.68	3.95	3.20	2.58	3.82
EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	2.80	2.44	3.58	2.57	3.59	4.43	2.76	2.03	3.49	3.04	3.47	3.40	3.83	2.61	3.70
EAST KING COUNTY, NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	2.58	2.75	4.02	2.85	3.63	2.51	2.98	1.99	3.18	2.57	2.72	4.32	3.46	3.58	3.16
EAST KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	3.03	2.17	2.95	2.44	2.85	4.43	2.37	1.97	3.99	3.67	3.65	2.86	4.44	2.43	3.76
EAST KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	2.67	3.31	3.13	2.98	2.92	2.56	3.02	2.12	3.79	2.91	2.61	3.53	4.32	4.21	3.09
N/A	2.72	2.58	3.42	2.80	3.24	2.95	3.07	2.61	3.45	2.96	3.38	3.33	3.52	2.68	3.15
PIERCE COUNTY	2.29	3.44	2.81	4.28	2.65	2.16	4.50	3.36	2.77	2.05	2.43	2.97	3.10	2.80	2.55
SNOHOMISH COUNTY	2.66	2.32	2.98	2.58	2.93	3.41	2.49	1.95	3.52	3.00	4.49	2.80	4.08	2.37	3.26
SOUTH KING COUNTY	2.35	3.84	3.00	3.27	2.94	2.20	3.04	2.07	3.07	2.42	2.46	3.82	3.64	3.71	2.60
NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	2.22	2.40	3.83	2.41	3.31	2.21	2.51	1.82	2.71	2.19	2.35	4.92	2.94	3.26	2.85
NORTH KING COUNTY	2.42	2.18	4.46	2.30	4.13	2.43	2.58	1.82	2.80	2.45	2.47	4.26	2.88	2.61	3.26
PIERCE COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY	2.50	4.41	3.05	4.14	2.82	2.34	3.91	2.48	3.09	2.39	2.64	3.17	3.60	3.24	2.78
NORTH KING COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY	2.62	2.41	4.06	2.60	3.90	3.06	2.76	2.18	3.00	2.68	3.70	3.61	3.25	2.63	3.47
NORTH KING COUNTY, SOUTH KING COUNTY, PIERCE COUNTY	2.69	3.07	4.18	3.14	3.63	2.71	3.47	2.33	2.64	2.50	3.00	4.95	3.13	3.47	2.64
Overall Average	2.62	2.47	3.98	2.59	3.72	2.65	2.78	2.01	3.11	2.75	2.70	3.98	3.24	2.79	3.34

Lowest high rank Highest high rank

11. If a project is underway in my community, the <u>top two</u> ways I might provide my input would be [select two]:

Engagement method	% of all respondents*
Providing my feedback through a questionnaire (as I am right now)	68.8%
Sending an email	39.7%
Attending a public meeting	18.4%
Responding to social media inquiries or polls (such as on Facebook or Twitter)	16.4%
Responding to a blog post	4.7%
Sending a letter	3.1%
By text message	3.1%
Over the phone	3.0%

^{*}Will add up to >100% due to multiple selections















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