

Initial Assessments

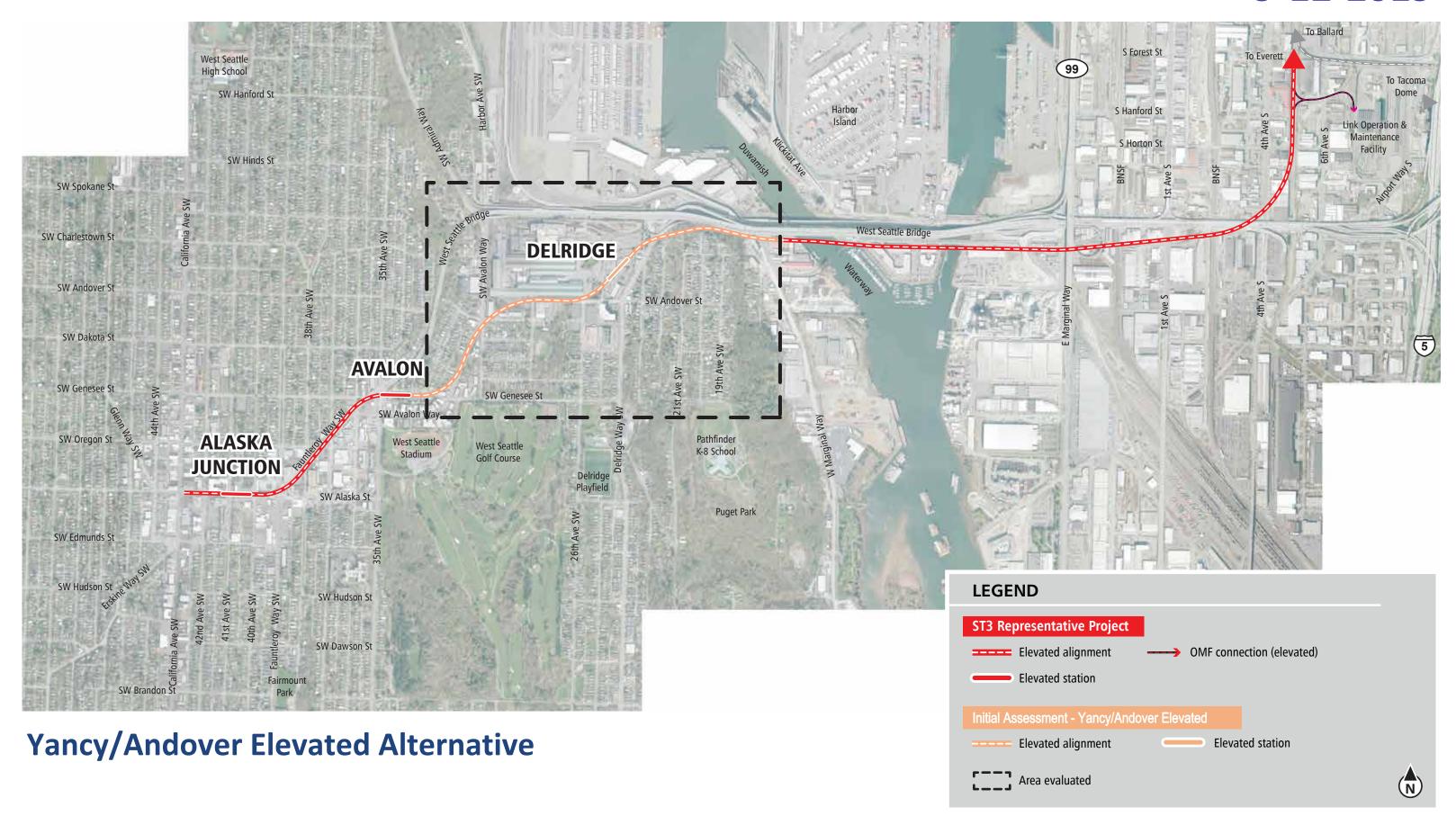
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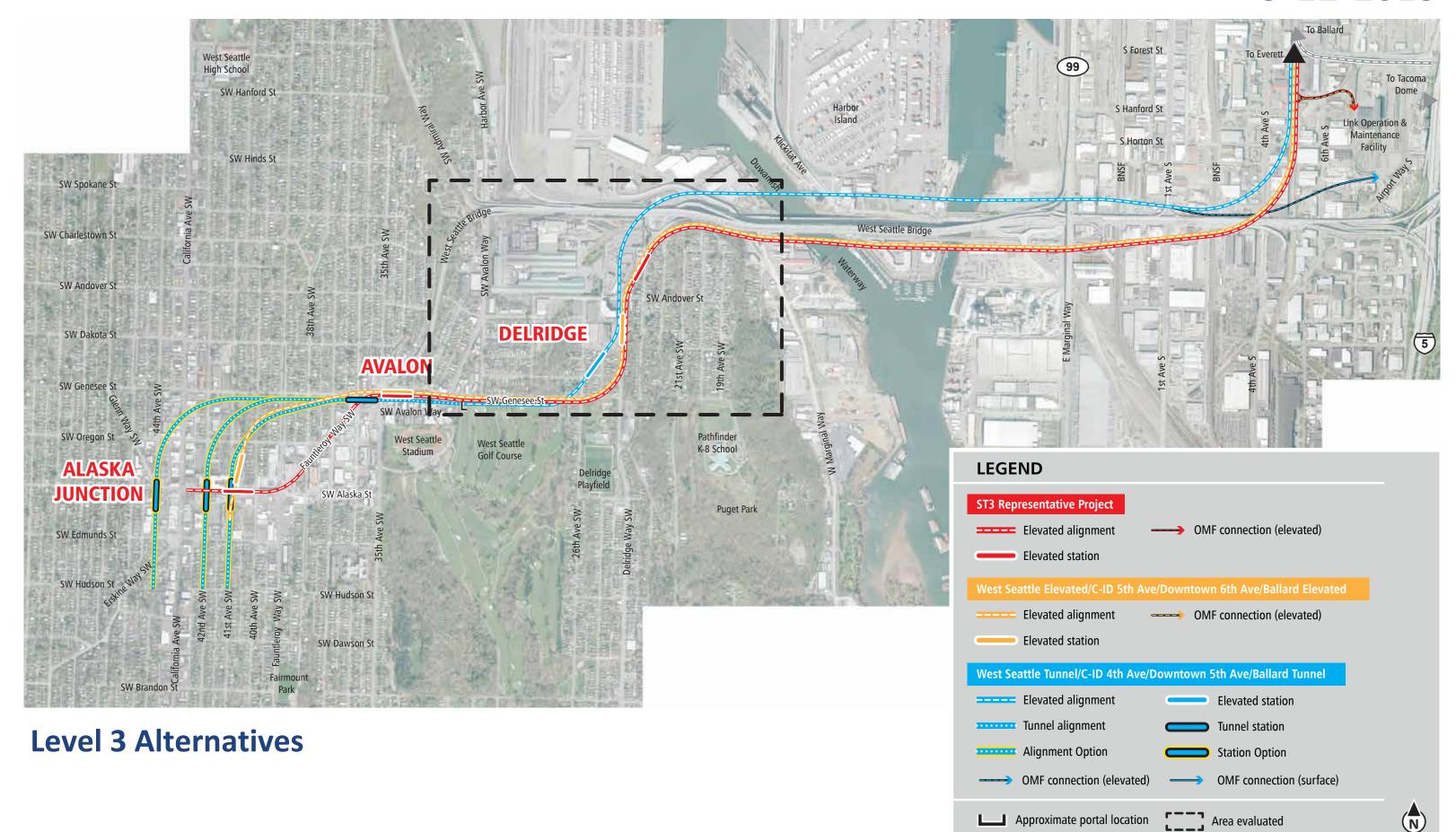




Initial Assessment Results

Yancy / Andover Elevated





Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - Yancy/Andover Elevated

Purpose and Need /			
Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Implement a system that is a	consistent with the ST3 Plan that e	established transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that is technically j	feasible and financially sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.
ST3 Consistency	Potential ST3 implementation schedule effects	Constructability, environmental or other issues/challenges that may cause WSBLE Project schedule risks (e.g., right-of-way [ROW] acquisition needs, in-water work restrictions, regulatory compliance process, etc.)	Higher = Similar implementation schedule for WSBLE Project as included in ST3 Plan Medium = Moderate potential effects to implementation schedule for WSBLE Project as included in ST3 Plan Lower = Major potential effects to implementation schedule for WSBLE Project as included in ST3 Plan
	Engineering constraints	Compliance with Sound Transit Design Criteria Manual, design criteria from agencies with jurisdiction and federal regulations, and engineering obstacles associated with major infrastructure constraints	Higher = Minimal engineering constraints, design meets full standards, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, minimum ROW issues, and/or no unusual design considerations Medium = Moderate engineering constraints, design meets minimums, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, but with additional mitigation and moderate ROW issues, and/or unusual design considerations that could be mitigated Lower = Substantial engineering constraints, deviations to standards, authority having jurisdiction's acceptance requires substantial mitigation, substantial ROW issues, and/or unique design considerations
Technical Feasibility	Constructability issues	Constructability issues based on potential conflicts and technical challenges (e.g., utility conflicts, existing infrastructure, geotechnical, tunnel portals, etc.)	Higher = Lower construction complexity and construction risks (e.g., minimal utility conflicts, building impacts, impacts to existing infrastructure, etc.) Medium = Moderate construction complexity and construction risks Lower = Higher construction complexity requiring special mitigation and construction risks
	Operational constraints	Assessment of operational constraints (e.g., access to maintenance facility, vertical grade, horizonal curvature, movable bridge, etc.)	Higher = Optimum operational characteristics (e.g., operating efficiency and flexibility) Medium = Meets minimum operational goals for design speed and operations and maintenance facility (OMF) connection Lower = Poor operational characteristics, with certain operational goals compromised for design speed and OMF connection
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison	ST3 cost consistency and conceptual capital cost comparison based on conceptual design quantities and Sound Transit unit pricing (2018\$)	Higher = Conceptual capital cost estimates less than ST3 Representative Project Medium = Conceptual capital cost estimates 0% to 10% more than ST3 Representative Project Lower = Conceptual capital cost estimates 10% or more than ST3 Representative Project
Encourage equitable and sus	tainable urban growth in station	areas through support of transit-oriented development, station access, and mo	odal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land use plans and policies.
	Passenger transfers	Assessment of ease of passenger transfer for riders transferring between light rail lines, and between light rail and other motorized modes (i.e., bus, paratransit, drop-off/pick-up, taxis or other ride-hailing services) at stations	Higher = More convenient passenger transfers at stations Medium = Adequate passenger transfers at stations Lower = Less convenient passenger transfers at stations
	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Assessment of transportation facility integration between the station and adjacent transit stops that serve other modes	Higher = Above average transportation facility integration at stations Medium = Adequate transportation facility integration at stations Lower = Below average transportation facility integration at stations
Modal Integration	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Assessment of the quality of bicycle infrastructure and percent of bicycle facility miles (i.e., neighborhood greenways, bicycle lanes, protected bicycle lanes, and trails) to total roadway miles within 10-minute bikeshed of stations	Higher = Greatest quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles greater than 25 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area Medium = Moderate quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles between 15 and 25 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area Lower = Lower quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles lower than 15 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Assessment of number of intersections, percent of sidewalk/trail miles to total roadway miles, and impediments to pedestrian and American with Disabilities Act (ADA) access (i.e., large intersections with signal delay, adjacency to freight corridors/industrial uses, and substantial topography or grade challenges) within 10-minute walkshed of stations	Higher = Higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, good to excellent pedestrian access and few impediments Medium = Moderate number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, average to good pedestrian access and average impediments Lower = Limited number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, poor to fair pedestrian access and greatest impediments

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - Yancy/Andover Elevated

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
	Development potential	Percent of properties with development potential based on zoned capacity and market conditions within 10-minute walkshed of stations (5-minute walkshed in downtown)	Higher = Greater than 20 percent of properties with development potential Medium = Between 10 and 20 percent of properties with development potential Lower = Less than 10 percent of properties with development potential
Station Area Development Opportunities	Equitable development opportunities	Assessment of unique opportunities for equitable development enabled by station location and/or conceptual configuration	Higher = Greatest opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Medium = Opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Lower = Limited opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration
Preserve and promote a hea	Ithy environment and economy by	y minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social environments thro	ough sustainable practices.
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	Number of intersected or adjacent NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and Seattle Landmark properties based on Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (DAHP) data and Seattle Landmark data	Higher = 1 or less historic properties potentially affected Medium = Between 2 and 3 historic properties potentially affected Lower = More than 3 historic properties potentially affected
	Parks and recreational resources	Number of and estimated acres of potential permanent impacts to parks and recreational resources	Higher = Less than 1.5 acres of potential permanent impacts to parks Medium = Between 1.5 and 3 acres of potential permanent impacts to parks Lower = 3 acres or more of potential permanent impacts to parks
	Fish and wildlife habitats	Estimated acres of potential permanent impacts to fish and wildlife habitats using city of Seattle environmentally critical areas	Higher = Less than 1 acre of potential permanent fish and wildlife habitat impacts Medium = Between 1 and 2.5 acres of potential permanent fish and wildlife habitat impacts Lower = More than 2.5 acres of potential permanent fish and wildlife habitat impacts
	Hazardous materials	Number of contaminated hazardous materials sites of high concern potentially affected, including Superfund sites	Higher = 5 or less hazardous materials sites potentially affected Medium = Between 6 and 10 hazardous sites potentially affected Lower = More than 10 hazardous materials sites potentially affected
Environmental Effects	Visual	Assessment of length of elevated guideway adjacent to residential or other visually sensitive areas, including parks and historic properties and assessment of scale of elevated guideway in visually sensitive areas and potential impacts to State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) Scenic Routes	Higher = 0.5 miles or less adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, most elevated guideway not more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and low potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes Medium = Between 0.6 and 1 miles adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, some elevated guideway more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and/or moderate potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes Lower = More than 1 miles potentially adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, extensive elevated guideway more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and/or high potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes
		Number of potential residential unit displacements; does not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction staging, TPSS or underground station entrances (except station entrances in downtown)	Higher = Less than approximately 40 potential residential unit displacements Medium = Between approximately 40 and 60 potential residential unit displacements Lower = More than approximately 60 potential residential unit displacements
	Property acquisitions and displacements	Square feet of potential business displacements (including maritime businesses); does not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction staging, TPSS or underground station entrances (except station entrances in downtown)	Higher = Less than approximately 65,000 square feet of potential residential displacements Medium = Between approximately 65,000 and 110,000 square feet of potential residential displacements Lower = More than approximately 110,000 square feet of potential residential displacements

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - Yancy/Andover Elevated

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	Assessment of temporary construction impacts to communities, including potential for transportation, access, noise, vibration, and visual effects that could disrupt the community (e.g., existing residents, businesses, social service providers), and relative duration of construction and impacts to high volume traffic areas; potential construction impacts that affect freight and business/commerce are addressed in other criteria below	Higher = Lower potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Lower = More substantial potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Assessment of how potential acquisitions and displacements (residential and business) and visual, noise and construction impacts would affect minority and low-income populations relative to other communities	Higher = Little to no potential impact to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Lower = Substantial potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives
Traffic Operations	Traffic circulation and access	Effects on traffic and transit (i.e., bus and streetcar) operations, including potential for lane restrictions, lane eliminations, turn restrictions, driveways impacted, and parking taken	Higher = Most of alignment is outside of roadway, with few to no changes in traffic patterns or access Medium = Potential for changes in traffic patterns or access to some properties; could be mitigated with local circulation modifications Lower = Substantial impacts to traffic circulation and/or access to many properties; mitigation likely requires substantial roadway improvements
		Effects on existing transportation facilities, including bicycle lanes, sidewalks, traffic interchanges and other transportation infrastructure as warranted, and compatibility with planned facilities	Higher = Minor changes to transportation facilities, and/or moderate changes with opportunities to improve infrastructure Medium = Moderate changes to transportation facilities, with more limited opportunities to improve infrastructure Lower = Substantial changes to transportation facilities, with no or limited opportunities to improve infrastructure
Economic Effects	_	Effects on existing freight and future capacity expansion opportunities, including truck, rail and water freight; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = No or less than substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion Medium = Substantial effects on either land or water freight mobility and capacity expansion Lower = Substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion
	Business and commerce effects	Effects on existing businesses, commercial areas and designated industrial centers, as well as future expansion opportunities; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = Minimal effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Medium = Moderate effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Lower = Substantial effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones

NOTES:

- 1. Based on preliminary Purpose and Need Statement.
- 2. Criteria used are a subset of the criteria used for Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3, based on differentiating factors in the subsegment evaluated.
- 3. Thresholds were modified from Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 for the more focused subsegments in order to compare the initial assessment alternatives to the same area of the Level 3 alternatives.
- 4. Agency and stakeholder input will be considered in the overall alternatives evaluation and screening process.
- 5. Qualitative measures ranked from high to low based on anticipated ability to achieve evaluation measure; "Higher" = higher ability to achieve measure, "Medium" = moderate ability to achieve measure, "Lower" = lower ability to achieve measure; no weighting will be applied.
- 6. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native.

		Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Vancy Andovor Floyated
	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	Yancy-Andover Elevated
Implement a system that is consistent with the ST3 Pla	an that established transit mode, corridor, and statio	on locations and that is technically feasible and finan	cially sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.	
Potential ST3 implementation schedule effects	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Lower (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)
Engineering constraints	Lower	Lower	Medium	Lower
Constructability issues	Lower	Lower	Medium	Lower
Operational constraints	Medium	Medium	Higher	Lower
Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)		Similar to ST3 Representative Project (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	\$1,000 million increase (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Similar to ST3 Representative Project (includes entire West Seattle Extension)
Encourage equitable and sustainable urban growth in	station areas through support of transit-oriented do	evelopment, station access, and modal integration in	a manner that is consistent with local land use plan	s and policies.
Passenger transfers	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower
Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Lower	Higher	Medium	Lower
Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Lower	Medium	Higher	Lower
Development potential	Lower	Medium	Higher	Lower
Equitable development opportunities	Lower	Medium	Higher	Lower
Preserve and promote a healthy environment and eco	nomy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural	l, built and social environments through sustainable	practices.	
National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	1	0	1	1
Parks and recreational resources (acres)	3.0	3.1	1.7	2.5
Fish and wildlife habitats (acres)	2.5	2.5	<0.5	2.5
Hazardous materials sites	2	2	2	1
Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)	Lower	Lower	Medium	Medium
Potential residential unit displacements	Lower	Lower	Lower	Medium
Potential business displacements	Higher	Higher	Medium	Lower

		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives		
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Version Andrew Elevated
	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	Yancy-Andover Elevated
Community construction impacts	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium
Burden on minority and low-income populations	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
Traffic circulation and access effects	Medium	Medium	Higher	Medium
Effects on transportation facilities	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Effects on freight movement	Lower	Medium	Medium	Lower
Business and commerce effects	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower

NOTES:

^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Yancy-Andover Elevated
Weasures		Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	rancy-Andover Elevated
Implemei	nt a system that is consistent with the ST3	Plan that established transit mode, corridor, and station	locations and that is technically feasible and financially	sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.	
Consistency	Potential ST3 implementation schedule effects	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan	Lower (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan within the limit of the segment evaluated	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan
ST3 Co				However, segment leads to the West Seattle tunnel, which may affect the ST3 schedule	
		Lower	Lower	Medium	Lower
	Engineering constraints	at Pigeon Point in West Seattle • Higher elevated guideway with potentially larger foundation • Delridge Station at approximately 45-60 feet above Delridge	at Pigeon Point in West Seattle	West Seattle, however may need special design for the long span bridge going above the flyover leading to Terminal 5 and	 Duwamish Waterway crossing south of West Seattle Bridge potentially requires special design for steep and unstable slope at Pigeon Point in West Seattle Higher elevated guideway with potentially larger foundation to fit within constrained right-of-way along SW Andover Street and SW Avalon Way with adjacent multi-story buildings on both sides Higher Delridge Station at approximately 90 feet above ground level and 60 feet above Delridge Way SW results in more complex station structure Substantial straddle bents and support structure at Delridge Way SW and West Seattle bridge ramps
		Lower	Lower	Medium	Lower
Technical Feasibility	Constructability issues	Construction constraints along SW Genesee Street width with adjacent residences and West Seattle Golf Course	Duwamish Waterway crossing south of West Seattle Bridge potentially requires soil stabilization at Pigeon Point in West Seattle Construction constraints along SW Genesee Street width with adjacent residences and West Seattle Golf Course Higher elevated guideway along SW Genesee Street	Duwamish Waterway crossing north of West Seattle Bridge likely avoids challenges of construction at Pigeon Point in West Seattle; however construction near West Marginal Way SW/Chelan Ave SW intersection will be challenging due to limited area for construction and staging Construction constraints at tunnel portal location on SW Genesee Street with adjacent residences and West Seattle Golf Course Lower elevated guideway along SW Genesee Street	Seattle • Construction constraints along Avalon Way SW width with adjacent multi-story buildings on both sides • Higher elevated guideway along SW Andover Street and SW
		Medium	Medium	Higher	Lower
	Operational constraints	Steeper track grades for elevated guideway in West Seattle limit train acceleration and flexibility for crossovers compared to a tunnel in West Seattle	Steeper track grades for elevated guideway in West Seattle limit train acceleration and flexibility for crossovers compared to a tunnel in West Seattle	Less steep track grades for tunnel in West Seattle improves train acceleration and flexibility for crossovers compared to an elevated guideway in West Seattle Larger radius curves crossing West Seattle Bridge and avoiding Pigeon Point with the North Duwamish Waterway crossing would likely result in higher speeds	Steeper track grades for elevated guideway in West Seattle limit train acceleration and flexibility for crossovers compared to a tunnel in West Seattle Potentially lower speeds due to additional curves combined with steep grades.
	Alternative Performance				Yancy/Andover Elevated Pa

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Yancy-Andover Elevated
Measures		Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	rancy-Andover Lievated
		• Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives	Similar to ST3 Representative Project (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Similar cost to ST3 Representative Project in West Seattle	\$1,000 million increase (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Approximately \$1,000 million more than the ST3	Similar to ST3 Representative Project (includes entire West Seattle Extension) • Similar cost to ST3 Representative Project in West Seattle
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)			Representative Project in West Seattle • Higher cost for additional tunnel construction in West Seattle Junction (\$700 million increase) and for north Duwamish Waterway crossing (\$300 million increase) • Cost for additional tunnel in West Seattle Junction not included in ST3 financial plan	
Encourag	e equitable and sustainable urban growth	in station areas through support of transit-oriented deve	elopment, station access, and modal integration in a ma	anner that is consistent with local land use plans and polic	ies.
		Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower
	Passenger transfers	Station location at north end of Delridge Way SW may constrain passenger drop-off/pick-up areas	Station location at Delridge provides opportunity for convenient passenger drop-off/pick-up areas but the higher profile at the guideway and higher station mezzanine result in slightly longer access path	Station location at Delridge off street may constrain passenger drop-off/pick-up areas	Station location at Delridge off-street may constrain passenger drop-off/pick-up areas immediately adjacent to station and result in the need to cross up to two streets to reach the station
		Lower	Higher	Medium	Lower
Modal Integration		Delridge Station may have constrained areas for bus zones Bus routes destined to Alki may need to either be re-routed to serve station or serve a bus zone south of SW Andover Street because of ramp lane configurations	Delridge Station straddling the street provides good integration with buses on both sides of the street		Delridge Station may have constrained areas for bus zones Bus routes destined to Alki may need to either be re-routed to serve station or serve a bus zone south of SW Andover Street because of ramp lane configurations
		Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
			 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include West Seattle Bridge Trail, Alki Trail and Duwamish River Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations 	• There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include West Seattle Bridge Trail, Alki Trail and Duwamish River Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10 minute ride from stations

1			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Yancy-Andover Elevated
eususes		Avalon Station Elevated	Avalon Station Elevated	Avalon Station Tunnel	railey Andover Elevated
		Delridge Station North of Andover	Delridge Station South of of Andover	Delridge Station North of Genesee	
		Lower	Medium	Higher	Lower
Modal Integration (continued)	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Delridge Station is sited closer to the West Seattle Bridge and West Seattle industrial areas, which results in fewer intersections, less sidewalk coverage and lower accessibility compared to all other alternatives	Delridge Station is sited further south, which results in a higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage for better accessibility than the ST3 Representative Project	Delridge Station is sited further south, which results in a higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage for better accessibility than the ST3 Representative Project and Delridge Station South of Andover	Delridge Station is similar in location to the ST3 Representative Project alternative relative to the West Seattle Bridge and West Seattle industrial areas, resulting in fewer intersections and less sidewalk coverage than alternatives that shift Delridge Station further south Pedestrian access for persons with limited mobility is lower in quality than the Delridge South of Andover and Delridge North of Genesee alternatives
		Lower	Medium	Higher	Lower
ities		Fewer development opportunities due to proximity of	Development opportunities at Delridge Station are similar in	Development opportunities at Delridge Station are similar in	
ment Opportunities	Development potential	Delridge Station to West Seattle Bridge	acreage to those associated with other alternatives, but parcels are of higher value due to location	acreage to those associated with other alternatives, but parcels are of higher value due to southern location	proximity of Delridge Station to West Seattle Bridge • Development opportunities similar to ST Representative alternative
Developi		Lower	Medium	Higher	Lower
Station Area Do	Equitable development opportunities	Fewer equitable development opportunities due to proximity of Delridge Station to West Seattle Bridge	• Equitable development opportunities at Delridge Station are improved compared to the ST3 Representative Project	Equitable development opportunities at Delridge Station are similar to other alternatives, but parcels are of higher value due to further south station location	Fewer equitable development opportunities due to proximity of Delridge Station to West Seattle Bridge and industrial areas
Preserve	and promote a healthy environment and e	conomy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, b	ouilt and social environments through sustainable practic	ces.	
		1	0	1	1
Environmental Effects	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks		No NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark properties could be directly affected by the project	1 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark property could be directly affected by the project	1 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark property could be directly affected by the project
) mer		3.0	3.1	1.7	2.5
Environm		Golf Course • Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West	 Approximately 3.1 acres of potential permanent impacts to the following parks: West Duwamish Greenbelt and West Seattle Golf Course Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible 	 Approximately 1.7 acres of potential permanent impacts to the West Seattle Golf Course North Duwamish Waterway crossing avoids steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt 	 Approximately 2.5 acres of potential permanent impacts to the West Duwamish Greenbelt Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible Avoids West Seattle Golf Course

Alternative Performance

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpo	se and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
		Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	Yancy-Andover Elevated
		2.5	2.5	<0.5	2.5
	Fish and wildlife habitats (acres)	 Approximately 2.5 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible Heron rookery has been observed in West Duwamish Greenbelt within 250 feet south of the alignment 	Approximately 2.5 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible Heron rookery has been observed in West Duwamish Greenbelt within 250 feet south of the alignment	Less than approximately 0.5 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts North Duwamish Waterway crossing avoids Pigeon Point	Approximately 2.5 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible Heron rookery has been observed in West Duwamish Greenbelt within 250 feet south of the alignment
		2	2	2	1
					1 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative
	Hazardous materials sites	footprint or within an intersecting parcel	footprint or within an intersecting parcel	footprint or within an intersecting parcel	footprint or within an intersecting parcel
		Lower	Lower	Medium	Medium
Environmental Effects (continued)	Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)		 Approximately 1 mile of elevated guideway near visually sensitive viewers Along SW Genesee Street/West Seattle Golf Course, approximately 900 feet of length of elevated guideway would be over 75 feet, with a maximum height of about 160 feet 	 Approximately 0.9 miles of elevated guideway near visually sensitive viewers There would be no elevated guideway over 75 feet above grade 	Approximately 0.5 miles of elevated guideway near visually sensitive viewers Along SW Avalon Way and SW Yancy Street, approximately 1,650 feet of length of elevated guideway would be over 75 feet, with a maximum height of about 160 feet
		Lower	Lower	Lower	Medium
	Potential residential unit displacements	More than 60 potential residential unit displacements	More than 60 potential residential unit displacements	More than 60 potential residential unit displacements	Between 40 and 60 potential residential unit displacements
		Higher	Higher	Medium	Lower
	Potential business displacements	Fewer than 65,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Fewer than 65,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Between 65,000 and 110,000 square feet of potential business displacements	More than 110,000 square feet of potential business displacements

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpo	se and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Vancus Anderson Elevented
		Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	Yancy-Andover Elevated
		Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near SW Genesee Street and Delridge Way SW Potential Increased congestion on SW Avalon Way, 35th Avenue SW and the West Seattle Bridge due to construction on Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Construction could affect the West Seattle Golf Course Delridge Station construction mostly within right-of-way 	Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near SW Genesee Street and Delridge Way SW Potential increased congestion on SW Avalon Way, 35th Avenue SW and the West Seattle Bridge due to construction on Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Construction could affect the West Seattle Golf Course Delridge Station construction mostly within right-of-way	 Greater amount of construction vehicles in West Seattle neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Would have the greatest potential construction effect to the West Seattle Golf Course 	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near SW Avalon Way, SW Yancy Street and SW Andover Street, a well as the north end of Pigeon Point for elevated guideway and Delridge station construction Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Increased potential congestion on Delridge Way SW and Fauntleroy Way SW due to construction on Avalon Way SW No construction effect to the West Seattle Golf Course
		Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	 Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average 	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average
	Traffic circulation and access effects	Medium	Medium	Higher	Medium
Operations		Could affect driveway access and roadway capacity/turn lanes along Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street	Could affect driveway access and roadway capacity/turn lanes along Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street	Limited effect to driveway access and roadway capacity/turn lanes, including minor circulation changes around West Seattle tunnel portal	
affic C		Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Tra	Effects on transportation facilities	Affected facilities include the Delridge Way SW corridor	Affected facilities include the Delridge Way SW corridor	Affected facilities include the Delridge Way SW corridor	Affected facilities in West Seattle include the Delridge Way SW and Avalon Way corridor
		Lower	Medium	Medium	Lower
Economic Effects	Effects on freight movement	 Elevated guideway columns could affect truck access to local businesses on Delridge Way SW Truck and rail access to Nucor Steel could be affected by the elevated guideway columns and Delridge Station Construction of elevated guideway columns could have limited effects associated with the guideway crossing the W Marginal Way Major Freight Route 	businesses on Delridge Way SW	 businesses on Delridge Way SW Truck and rail access to Nucor Steel could be affected by the elevated guideway columns Traffic signal at SW Dakota Street/Delridge Way SW intersection will likely divert some local traffic away from heavy freight movements on SW Andover Street 	Elevated guideway columns could affect truck access to local businesses on SW Yancy Street, SW Andover Street and Avalon Way Truck and rail access to Nucor Steel could be affected by the elevated guideway columns and Delridge Station Construction of elevated guideway columns could have limited effects associated with the guideway crossing the W Marginal Way Major Freight Route and SW Avalon Way Minor Freight Route

The Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment is based on a limited conceptual design and intended to inform comparison of potential benefits and impacts between alternatives.

Sound Transit will evaluate the potential effects of alternatives for environmental review in an Environmental Impact Statement.

			Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives		
Purp	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Yancy-Andover Elevated
		Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station North of Andover	Avalon Station Elevated Delridge Station South of of Andover	Avalon Station Tunnel Delridge Station North of Genesee	rancy-Andover Elevated
		Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower
Economic Effects (continued)	Business and commerce effects	Manufacturing/Industrial Center (MIC) and along Delridge Way SW Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community Potential construction period effects such as lane closures	majority of which would be in the Duwamish MIC and along Delridge Way SW • Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community • Potential construction period impacts, such as lane closures	the majority of which would be along Delridge Way SW Could displace small businesses in that mostly serve local community Potential construction period impacts, such as lane closures and access changes to local businesses on or near SW Avalon Way and Delridge Way SW	Would have the greatest amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be in the Duwamish MIC and along Delridge Way SW and along SW Andover Street and SW Yancy Street Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community Potential construction period impacts, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near SW Yancy Street and SW Andover Street

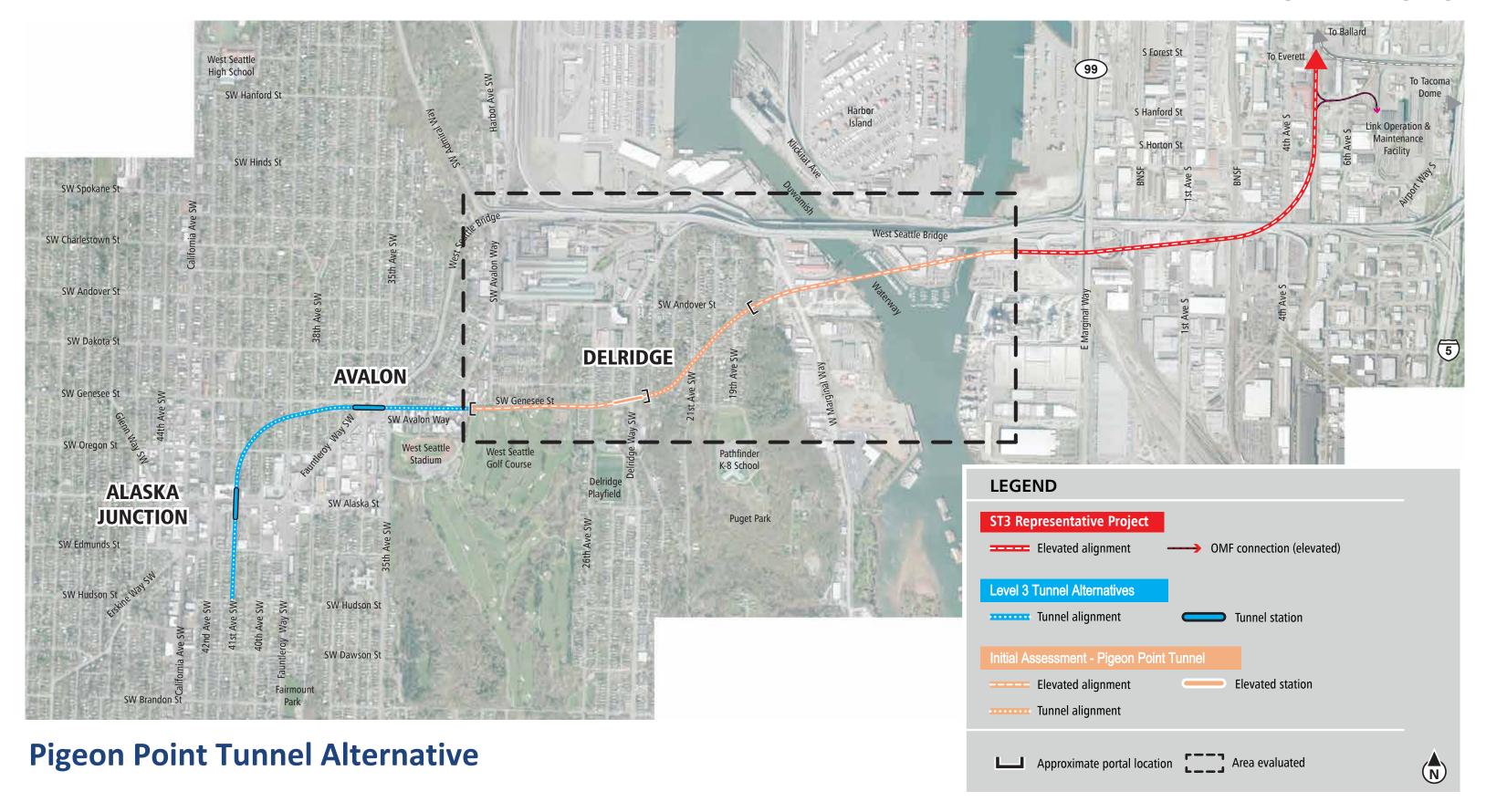
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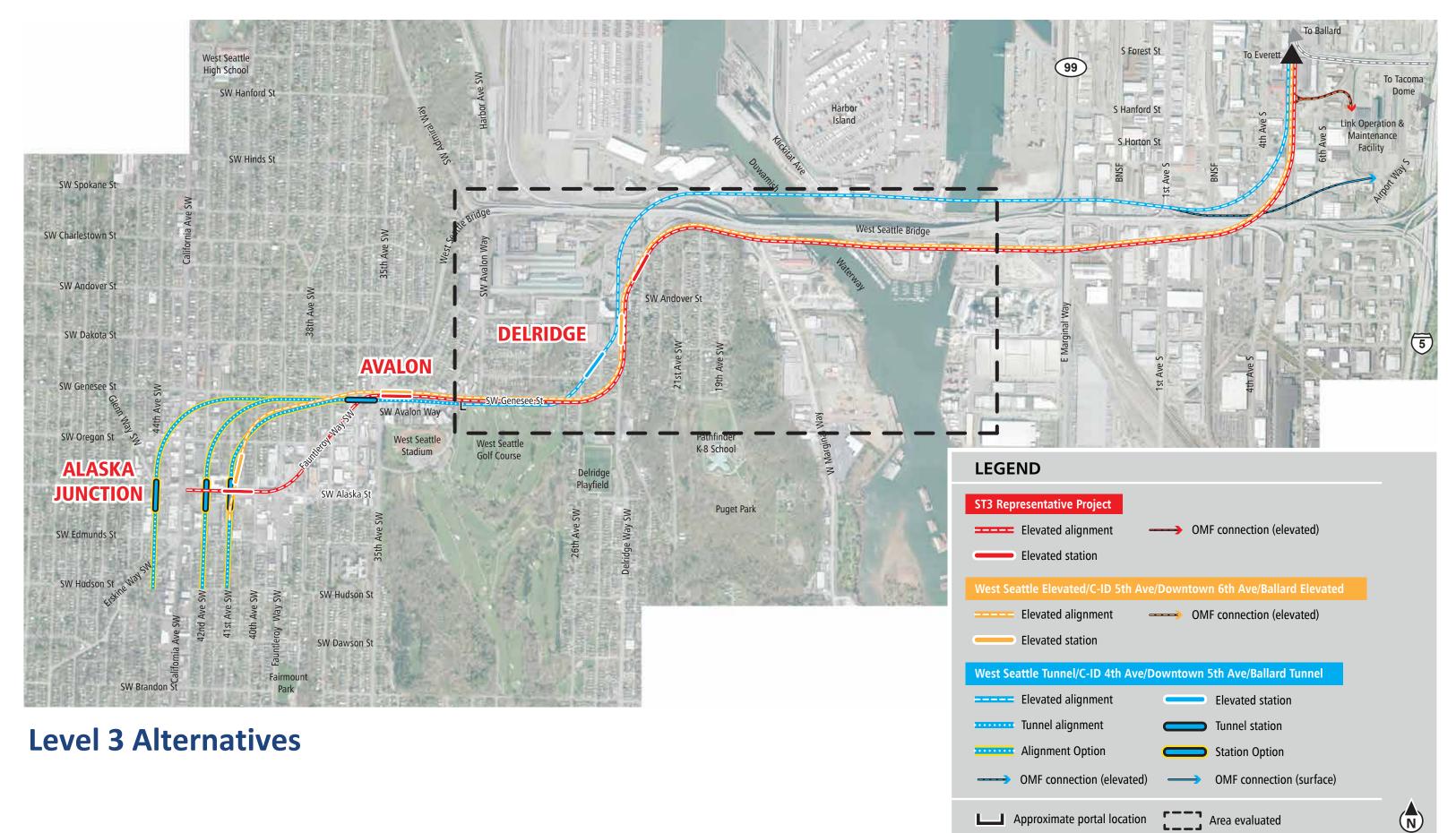
^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native



Initial Assessment Results

Pigeon Point Tunnel





Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - Pigeon Point Tunnel

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Implement a system that is a	consistent with the ST3 Plan that ϵ	established transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that is technically j	feasible and financially sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.
ST3 Consistency	Potential ST3 implementation schedule effects	Constructability, environmental or other issues/challenges that may cause WSBLE Project schedule risks (e.g., right-of-way [ROW] acquisition needs, in-water work restrictions, regulatory compliance process, etc.)	Higher = Similar implementation schedule for WSBLE Project as included in ST3 Plan Medium = Moderate potential effects to implementation schedule for WSBLE Project as included in ST3 Plan Lower = Major potential effects to implementation schedule for WSBLE Project as included in ST3 Plan
	Engineering constraints	Compliance with Sound Transit Design Criteria Manual, design criteria from agencies with jurisdiction and federal regulations, and engineering obstacles associated with major infrastructure constraints	Higher = Minimal engineering constraints, design meets full standards, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, minimum ROW issues, and/or no unusual design considerations Medium = Moderate engineering constraints, design meets minimums, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, but with additional mitigation and moderate ROW issues, and/or unusual design considerations that could be mitigated Lower = Substantial engineering constraints, deviations to standards, authority having jurisdiction's acceptance requires substantial mitigation, substantial ROW issues, and/or unique design considerations
Technical Feasibility	Constructability issues	Constructability issues based on potential conflicts and technical challenges (e.g., utility conflicts, existing infrastructure, geotechnical, tunnel portals, etc.)	Higher = Lower construction complexity and construction risks (e.g., minimal utility conflicts, building impacts, impacts to existing infrastructure, etc.) Medium = Moderate construction complexity and construction risks Lower = Higher construction complexity requiring special mitigation and construction risks
	Operational constraints	Assessment of operational constraints (e.g., access to maintenance facility, vertical grade, horizonal curvature, movable bridge, etc.)	Higher = Optimum operational characteristics (e.g., operating efficiency and flexibility) Medium = Meets minimum operational goals for design speed and operations and maintenance facility (OMF) connection Lower = Poor operational characteristics, with certain operational goals compromised for design speed and OMF connection
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison	ST3 cost consistency and conceptual capital cost comparison based on conceptual design quantities and Sound Transit unit pricing (2018\$)	Higher = Conceptual capital cost estimates less than ST3 Representative Project Medium = Conceptual capital cost estimates 0% to 10% more than ST3 Representative Project Lower = Conceptual capital cost estimates 10% or more than ST3 Representative Project
Encourage equitable and su	stainable urban growth in station	areas through support of transit-oriented development, station access, and mo	dal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land use plans and policies.
	Passenger transfers	Assessment of ease of passenger transfer for riders transferring between light rail lines, and between light rail and other motorized modes (i.e., bus, paratransit, drop-off/pick-up, taxis or other ride-hailing services) at stations	Higher = More convenient passenger transfers at stations Medium = Adequate passenger transfers at stations Lower = Less convenient passenger transfers at stations
	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Assessment of transportation facility integration between the station and adjacent transit stops that serve other modes	Higher = Above average transportation facility integration at stations Medium = Adequate transportation facility integration at stations Lower = Below average transportation facility integration at stations
Modal Integration	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Assessment of the quality of bicycle infrastructure and percent of bicycle facility miles (i.e., neighborhood greenways, bicycle lanes, protected bicycle lanes, and trails) to total roadway miles within 10-minute bikeshed of stations	Higher = Greatest quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles greater than 25 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area Medium = Moderate quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles between 15 and 25 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area Lower = Lower quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles lower than 15 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Assessment of number of intersections, percent of sidewalk/trail miles to total roadway miles, and impediments to pedestrian and American with Disabilities Act (ADA) access (i.e., large intersections with signal delay, adjacency to freight corridors/industrial uses, and substantial topography or grade challenges) within 10-minute walkshed of stations	Higher = Higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, good to excellent pedestrian access and few impediments Medium = Moderate number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, average to good pedestrian access and average impediments Lower = Limited number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, poor to fair pedestrian access and greatest impediments

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - Pigeon Point Tunnel

Purpose and Need /			
Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
	Development potential	Percent of properties with development potential based on zoned capacity and market conditions within 10-minute walkshed of stations (5-minute walkshed in downtown)	Higher = Greater than 20 percent of properties with development potential Medium = Between 10 and 20 percent of properties with development potential Lower = Less than 10 percent of properties with development potential
Station Area Development Opportunities	Equitable development opportunities	Assessment of unique opportunities for equitable development enabled by station location and/or conceptual configuration	Higher = Greatest opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Medium = Opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Lower = Limited opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration
Preserve and promote a hed	Ithy environment and economy by	minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social environments thro	ough sustainable practices.
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	Number of intersected or adjacent NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and Seattle Landmark properties based on Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (DAHP) data and Seattle Landmark data	Higher = 1 or less historic properties potentially affected Medium = Between 2 and 3 historic properties potentially affected Lower = More than 3 historic properties potentially affected
	Potential archaeological resources	Percent of alternative length within previously identified archaeologically sensitive areas that are 500 feet (or 0.5 miles at water crossings) from alignment	Higher = Less than 25 percent of alternative length within Very High Risk or High Risk probability areas Medium = Between 25 and 75 percent of alternative length within Very High Risk or High Risk probability areas Lower = More than 75 percent of alternative length within Very High Risk or High Risk probability areas
	Parks and recreational resources	Number of and estimated acres of potential permanent impacts to parks and recreational resources	Higher = Less than 1.5 acres of potential permanent impacts to parks Medium = Between 1.5 and 3 acres of potential permanent impacts to parks Lower = 3 acres or more of potential permanent impacts to parks
	Water resources	Estimated acres of potential permanent in-water impacts	Higher = Less than 0.1 acre of potential permanent in-water impacts for both water bodies Medium = Up to 0.5 acre of potential permanent in-water impacts in each water body Lower = More than 0.5 acre of potential permanent in-water impacts in one or more water bodies
	Fish and wildlife habitats	Estimated acres of potential permanent impacts to fish and wildlife habitats using city of Seattle environmentally critical areas	Higher = Less than 1.5 acres of potential permanent fish and wildlife habitat impacts Medium = Between 1.5 and 2.5 acres of potential permanent fish and wildlife habitat impacts Lower = More than 2.5 acres of potential permanent fish and wildlife habitat impacts
Environmental Effects	Hazardous materials	Number of contaminated hazardous materials sites of high concern potentially affected, including Superfund sites	Higher = 5 or less hazardous materials sites potentially affected Medium = Between 6 and 10 hazardous sites potentially affected Lower = More than 10 hazardous materials sites potentially affected
	Visual	sensitive areas, including parks and historic properties and assessment of scale of	Higher = 0.5 miles or less adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, most elevated guideway not more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and low potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes Medium = Between 0.6 and 1 miles adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, some elevated guideway more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and/or moderate potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes Lower = More than 1 miles potentially adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, extensive elevated guideway more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and/or high potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes
	Property acquisitions and	Number of potential residential unit displacements; does not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction staging, TPSS or underground station entrances (except station entrances in downtown)	Higher = Less than approximately 20 potential residential unit displacements Medium = Between approximately 20 and 40 potential residential unit displacements Lower = More than approximately 40 potential residential unit displacements
			Higher = Less than approximately 200,000 square feet of potential business displacements Medium = Between approximately 200,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements Lower = More than approximately 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - Pigeon Point Tunnel

Purpose and Need /			
Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	Assessment of temporary construction impacts to communities, including potential for transportation, access, noise, vibration, and visual effects that could disrupt the community (e.g., existing residents, businesses, social service providers), and relative duration of construction and impacts to high volume traffic areas; potential construction impacts that affect freight and business/commerce are addressed in other criteria below	Higher = Lower potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Lower = More substantial potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Assessment of how potential acquisitions and displacements (residential and business) and visual, noise and construction impacts would affect minority and low-income populations relative to other communities	Higher = Little to no potential impact to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Lower = Substantial potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives
	Traffic circulation and access	Effects on traffic and transit (i.e., bus and streetcar) operations, including potential for lane restrictions, lane eliminations, turn restrictions, driveways impacted, and parking taken	Higher = Most of alignment is outside of roadway, with few to no changes in traffic patterns or access Medium = Potential for changes in traffic patterns or access to some properties; could be mitigated with local circulation modifications Lower = Substantial impacts to traffic circulation and/or access to many properties; mitigation likely requires substantial roadway improvements
Traffic Operations	Transportation facilities	Effects on existing transportation facilities, including bicycle lanes, sidewalks, traffic interchanges and other transportation infrastructure as warranted, and compatibility with planned facilities	Higher = Minor changes to transportation facilities, and/or moderate changes with opportunities to improve infrastructure Medium = Moderate changes to transportation facilities, with more limited opportunities to improve infrastructure Lower = Substantial changes to transportation facilities, with no or limited opportunities to improve infrastructure
	Freight movement and access on land and water	Effects on existing freight and future capacity expansion opportunities, including truck, rail and water freight; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = No or less than substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion Medium = Substantial effects on either land or water freight mobility and capacity expansion Lower = Substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion
Economic Effects	Business and commerce effects	Effects on existing businesses, commercial areas and designated industrial centers, as well as future expansion opportunities; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = Minimal effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Medium = Moderate effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Lower = Substantial effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones

NOTES:

- 1. Based on preliminary Purpose and Need Statement.
- 2. Criteria used are a subset of the criteria used for Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3, based on differentiating factors in the subsegment evaluated.
- 3. Thresholds were modified from Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 for the more focused subsegments in order to compare the initial assessment alternatives to the same area of the Level 3 alternatives.
- 4. Agency and stakeholder input will be considered in the overall alternatives evaluation and screening process.
- 5. Qualitative measures ranked from high to low based on anticipated ability to achieve evaluation measure; "Higher" = higher ability to achieve measure, "Medium" = moderate ability to achieve measure, "Lower" = lower ability to achieve measure; no weighting will be applied.
- 6. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native.

		Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Pigeon Point Tunnel
	Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	rigeon roint fuillei
Implement a system that is consistent with the ST3 Plan	that established transit mode, corridor, and station	n locations and that is technically feasible and financia	ally sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.	
Potential ST3 implementation schedule effects	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Lower (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Lower (includes entire West Seattle Extension)
Engineering constraints	Lower	Lower	Higher	Medium
Constructability issues	Lower	Lower	Medium	Higher
Operational constraints	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)		Similar to ST3 Representative Project (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	\$1,000 million increase (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	\$900 million increase (includes entire West Seattle Extension)
Encourage equitable and sustainable urban growth in st	tation areas through support of transit-oriented dev		manner that is consistent with local land use plans and polici	·
Passenger transfers	Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher
Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Lower	Higher	Medium	Higher
Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher
Development potential	Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher
Equitable development opportunities	Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher
Preserve and promote a healthy environment and econo	omy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural,	built and social environments through sustainable pra	octices.	
National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	2	1	2	1
Potential archaeological resources	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Parks and recreational resources (acres)	3.3	3.4	1.7	2.4
Water resources (acres)	>0.1	>0.1	<0.1	>0.1
Fish and wildlife habitats (acres)	3.5	3.5	1.2	2.0
Hazardous materials sites	4	4	6	3
Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)	Lower	Lower	Medium	Higher
Potential residential unit displacements	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium

		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives			
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Discon Doint Tunnel	
	Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	Pigeon Point Tunnel	
Potential business displacements	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium	
Community construction impacts	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	
Burden on minority and low-income populations	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Traffic circulation and access effects	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher	
Effects on transportation facilities	Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher	
Effects on freight movement	Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher	
Business and commerce effects	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium	

NOTES

^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures		ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Pigeon Point Tunnel
		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	rigeon rount funner
mplemen	nt a system that is consistent with the ST3 Plan	that established transit mode, corridor, and station locations a	nd that is technically feasible and financially sustainable to bu	ild, operate, and maintain.	
		Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Higher (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Lower (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	Lower (includes entire West Seattle Extension)
ST3 Consistency	Potential ST3 implementation schedule effects	Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan S S	Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan	However, segment leads to the West Seattle tunnel, which	 Implementation schedule anticipated to be similar to ST3 Plan within the limit of the segment evaluated However, segment leads to the West Seattle tunnel, which may affect the ST3 schedule
Technical Feasibility	Engineering constraints	at Pigeon Point in West Seattle • Duwamish Waterway crossing south of West Seattle Bridge could require potential column placements in Duwamish Waterway and coordination with Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance • Potentially requires additional design measures for the potential in-water pier for being in close proximity to BNSF railroad bridge and West Seattle Bridge	at Pigeon Point in West Seattle • Duwamish Waterway crossing south of West Seattle Bridge could require potential column placements in Duwamish Waterway and coordination with Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance • Potentially requires additional design measures for potential in-water pier for being in close proximity to BNSF railroad bridge and West Seattle Bridge	bridge going above the flyover leading to Terminal 5 and also above the West Seattle Bridge • Duwamish Waterway crossing north of West Seattle Bridge could require potential column placement in Duwamish Waterway and coordination with Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance; north crossing could have less area of in-water effects than other crossings	Duwamish Waterway crossing further south of West Seattle Bridge leading to the tunnel potentially requires special design for steep and unstable slope and landslide evaluation at east and west tunnel portal at Pigeon Point in West Seattle Duwamish Waterway crossing further south of West Seattle Bridge leading to the tunnel could require potential column placement in Duwamish Waterway and coordination with Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance Avoids having a potential in-water pier in close proximity to BNSF railroad bridge and West Seattle Bridge Lower elevated guideway with potentially smaller foundation

Medium Performing

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Pigeon Point Tunnel
		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	rigeon route futilies
		Lower	Lower	Medium	Higher
Technical Feasibility (continued)	Constructability issues	improvements at Harbor Marina Corporate Center (Terminal 102) and Terminal 104 but avoids affecting Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance's major operation directly • Requires coordination with BNSF Railroad for any construction activity close to BNSF railroad bridge • Requires coordination with City of Seattle for any construction activity close to the West Seattle bridge • Requires potential in-water construction activities for piers in Duwamish Waterway with consideration for vessel traffic in the navigation channel, where the waterway is the narrowest at this location • Requires potential in-water construction activities for piers in Duwamish Waterway with consideration for work windows and tribal treaty fishing windows • Construction constraints along SW Genesee Street width		SW/Chelan Ave SW intersection will be challenging due to limited area for construction and staging Requires coordination with Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance for construction access, staging and ground improvements at Terminal 18 on Harbor Island and near access road and tracks leading to Terminal 5 Avoids construction activity close to BNSF railroad bridge and the West Seattle bridge Requires potential in-water construction activities for piers in Duwamish Waterway with consideration for vessel traffic in the navigation channel, however avoids the narrow channel at BNSF railroad bridge Requires potential in-water construction activities for piers in Duwamish Waterway with consideration for work windows and tribal treaty fishing windows Construction constraints at tunnel portal location on SW Genesee Street with adjacent properties and West Seattle Golf Course Lower elevated guideway along SW Genesee Street	stabilization at east and west tunnel portals at Pigeon Point in West Seattle Requires coordination with Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance for construction access, staging and ground improvements at Harbor Marina Corporate Center (Terminal 102), Terminal 104 and Terminal 103 but avoids affecting Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance's major operation directly Avoids construction activity close to BNSF railroad bridge and the West Seattle bridge Minimizes coordination with BNSF Railroad and potentially minimizes risks to construction schedule Requires potential in-water construction activities for piers in Duwamish Waterway with consideration for vessel traffic in the navigation channel, however avoids the narrow channel at BNSF railroad bridge Requires potential in-water construction activities for piers in Duwamish Waterway with consideration for work windows and
		Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
	Operational constraints		 Steeper track grades for elevated guideway in West Seattle limit train acceleration and flexibility for crossovers compared to a tunnel in West Seattle. Tighter radius curves rounding Pigeon Point would likely result in lower speeds 	Larger radius curves crossing West Seattle Bridge and avoiding Pigeon Point would likely result in higher speeds Less steep track grades result in better acceleration and flexibility for crossovers	 Larger radius curves through Pigeon Point tunnel would enable higher speeds Less steep track grades result in better acceleration and flexibility for crossovers
			Similar to ST3 Representative Project (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	\$1,000 million increase (includes entire West Seattle Extension)	\$900 million increase (includes entire West Seattle Extension)
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)	Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives	Similar cost to ST3 Representative Project in West Seattle	Approximately \$1,000 million more than the ST3 Representative Project Higher cost for additional tunnel construction in West Seattle Junction (\$700 million increase) and for north Duwamish Waterway Crossing (\$300 million increase) Cost for additional tunnel in West Seattle Junction not included in ST3 financial plan	 Approximately \$900 million more than the ST3 Representative Project Alignment can only tie to tunnel in West Seattle Junction; higher cost includes additional tunnel construction in Pigeon Point (\$200 million increase) and in West Seattle Junction (\$700 million increase) Cost for additional tunnels in Pigeon Point and West Seattle Junction not included in ST3 financial plan

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures			Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives		
		ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Pigeon Point Tunnel
		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	rigeon rount funitei
courage	e equitable and sustainable urban growth in st	ation areas through support of transit-oriented development, s	tation access, and modal integration in a manner that is consi	stent with local land use plans and policies.	
		Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher
	Passenger transfers	Station location at Delridge may constrain passenger drop- off/pick-up areas	Station location at Delridge provides opportunity for convenient passenger drop-off/pick-up areas but the higher profile at the guideway and higher station mezzanine result in slightly longer access path	Station location at Delridge off street may constrain passenger drop-off/pick-up areas	Station location straddling Delridge provides opportunity for convenient passenger drop-off/pick-up areas and the lower profile at the guideway and lower station mezzanine result in slightly shorter access path
		Lower	Higher	Medium	Higher
Modal Integration	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	 Delridge Station may have constrained areas for bus zones Bus routes destined to Alki may need to either be re-routed to serve station or serve a station platform south of SW Andover Street because of ramp lane configurations 	Delridge Station straddling the street provides good integration with buses on both sides of the street	Delridge Station is located off-street, requiring either some bus reroutings or a walk to the station from bus stops on Delridge Way SW	Delridge Station straddling the street provides good integratio with buses on both sides of the street
al Int	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
Modal		 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include West Seattle Bridge Trail, Alki Trail and Duwamish River Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations 	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include West Seattle Bridge Trail, Alki Trail and Duwamish River Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations 	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include West Seattle Bridge Trail, Alki Trail and Duwamish River Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations 	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include West Seattle Bridge Trail, Alki Trail and Duwamish River Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 1 minute ride from stations
		Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Delridge Station is sited closer to the West Seattle Bridge industrial areas north of SW Andover Street, which results in fewer intersections, less sidewalk coverage and lower accessibility compared to all other alternatives	Delridge Station is sited further south, which results in a higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage for better accessibility than the ST3 Representative Project	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Delridge Station is sited further south, which results in a highenumber of intersections and sidewalk coverage for better accessibility than the ST3 Representative Project and Delridge Station South of Andover
		Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher
velopment Opportunities	Development potential	Fewer development opportunities due to proximity of Delridge Station to West Seattle Bridge	Development opportunities at Delridge Station are similar in acreage to those associated with other alternatives, but parcels are of higher value due to location	acreage to those associated with other alternatives, but	Development opportunities at Delridge Station are similar in acreage to those associated with other alternatives, but parcels are of higher value due to southern location
		Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher
Station Area Deve	Equitable development opportunities	Fewer equitable development opportunities due to proximity of Delridge Station to West Seattle Bridge	Equitable development opportunities at Delridge Station are improved compared to the ST3 Representative Project	Equitable development opportunities at Delridge Station are similar to other alternatives, but parcels are of higher value due to further south station location	Equitable development opportunities similar to opportunities for Delridge North of Genesee

The Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment is based on a limited conceptual design and intended to inform comparison of potential benefits and impacts between alternatives.

Sound Transit will evaluate the potential effects of alternatives for environmental review in an Environmental Impact Statement.

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures		ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	Pigeon Point Tunnel
Preserve a	and promote a healthy environment and econo	my by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and so	cial environments through sustainable practices.		
		2	1	2	1
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	2 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark property could be directly affected by the project	1 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark property could be directly affected by the project	2 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark property could be directly affected by the project	1 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark property could be directly affected by the project
		Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Environmental Effects	Potential archaeological resources	100% of alternative is within Very High Risk or High Risk probability areas due to proximity to shorelines and historic development, and therefore, there is a high probability of encountering buried precontact and historic-era archaeological sites Fill deposits known to be present in the region may have buried/preserved archaeological sites	100% of alternative is within Very High Risk or High Risk probability areas due to proximity to shorelines and historic development, and therefore, there is a high probability of encountering buried precontact and historic-era archaeological sites Fill deposits known to be present in the region may have buried/preserved archaeological sites	encountering buried precontact and historic-era archaeological sites • Fill deposits known to be present in the region may have buried/preserved archaeological sites	100% of alternative is within Very High Risk or High Risk probability areas due to proximity to shorelines and historic development, and therefore, there is a high probability of encountering buried precontact and historic-era archaeological sites Fill deposits known to be present in the region may have buried/preserved archaeological sites Precontact archaeological sites may have been less disturbed and may retain a higher degree of integrity compared to those archaeological sites immediately adjacent to existing infrastructure along/over the Duwamish Waterway Closest to National Register-listed archaeology site
viron		3.3	3.4	1.7	2.4
Envi	Parks and recreational resources (acres)	 Approximately 3.3 acres of potential permanent impacts to the following parks: West Duwamish Greenbelt, West Seattle Golf Course, and Harbor Marina Corporate Center (Terminal 102) Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible 	 Approximately 3.4 acres of potential permanent impacts to the following parks: West Duwamish Greenbelt, West Seattle Golf Course, and Harbor Marina Corporate Center (Terminal 102) Requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible 	 Avoids steep slope on Pigeon Point in the West Duwamish Greenbelt 	 Approximately 2.4 acres of potential permanent impacts to the following parks: Delridge Playfield, West Duwamish Greenbelt, West Seattle Golf Course, and Harbor Marina Corporate Center (Terminal 102) Requires clearing steep slope in the West Duwamish Greenbelt at the tunnel portal; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible
		>0.1	>0.1	<0.1	>0.1
	Water resources (acres)	More than 0.1 acres of potential permanent in-water impact would occur in the Duwamish Waterway from bridge columns Duwamish Waterway crossing south of West Seattle Bridge could have more potential in-water impacts than the north crossing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		More than 0.1 acres of potential permanent in-water impact would occur in the Duwamish Waterway from bridge columns Duwamish Waterway crossing south of West Seattle Bridge could have more potential in-water impacts than the north crossing

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purı	oose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Pigeon Point Tunnel
Measures		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	
	Fish and wildlife habitats (acres)	Approximately 3.5 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts Crosses the Duwamish Waterway and requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible Heron rookery has been observed in West Duwamish Greenbelt within 250 feet south of the alignment	Approximately 3.5 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts Crosses the Duwamish Waterway and requires clearing steep slope on Pigeon Point in West Duwamish Greenbelt; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible Heron rookery has been observed in West Duwamish Greenbelt within 250 feet south of the alignment	slope on Pigeon Point in West Duwamish Greenbelt	Approximately 2.0 acres of potential permanent habitat impacts Crosses the Duwamish Waterway and requires clearing steep slope in West Duwamish Greenbelt near the tunnel portal; revegetation with low-growing shrubs is expected to be possible The alignment and vegetation clearing would bisect the West Duwamish Greenbelt Heron rookery has been observed in West Duwamish Greenbelt within 500 feet north of the elevated guideway and within 550 feet south of the elevated guideway Historical presence of bald eagle nests in the West Duwamish
Environmental Effects (continued)	Hazardous materials sites	footprint or within an intersecting parcel	4 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel Crosses the Harbor Island Superfund Site (includes West and East Duwamish Waterways)	6	Greenbelt. Bald Eagle and Heron Management Areas are approximately 320 feet south of the elevated guideway 3 • 3 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel • Crosses the Harbor Island Superfund Site (includes West and East Duwamish Waterways) • A small portion of the alignment crosses the northern extent of the Lower Duwamish Superfund Site
	Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)	sensitive viewers • Along SW Genesee Street/West Seattle Golf Course, approximately 900 feet of length of elevated guideway would be over 75 feet, with a maximum height of about 160 feet	Lower • Approximately 1 mile of elevated guideway near visually sensitive viewers • Along SW Genesee Street/West Seattle Golf Course, approximately 900 feet of length of elevated guideway would be over 75 feet, with a maximum height of about 160 feet • Would be about 100 feet south of the West Seattle Bridge, a SEPA Scenic Route	Would be about 100 feet north of the West Seattle Bridge, a SEPA Scenic Route	• Approximately 0.3 miles of elevated guideway near visually sensitive viewers • Along 18th Avenue SW and 17th Avenue SW, approximately 500 feet of length of elevated guideway would be over 75 feet, with a maximum height of about 135 feet • Would be between approximately 220 feet (at the eastern extent) to 960 feet (at the western extent) south of the West Seattle Bridge, a SEPA Scenic Route
	Potential residential unit displacements	1 ·	Medium Between approximately 20 and 40 potential residential unit displacements Residential displacements primarily located west of Delridge Way SW	· ·	Medium Between approximately 20 and 40 potential residential unit displacements Residential displacements primarily located east of Delridge Way SW

Sound Transit will evaluate the potential effects of alternatives for environmental review in an Environmental Impact Statement.

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures			Level 3 Alternatives		
		ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	Diggon Doint Tunnel
		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	Pigeon Point Tunnel
		Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium
	Potential business displacements	 Between approximately 200,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements Business displacements are primarily located in the Duwamish MIC and along Delridge Way SW 	Between approximately 200,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements Business displacements are primarily located in the Duwamish MIC and along Delridge Way SW	business displacements • Business displacements are primarily located in the	 Between approximately 200,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements Business displacements are primarily located in the Duwamish MIC and along Delridge Way SW
-		Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near SW Genesee Street and Delridge Way SW Potential increased congestion on SW Avalon Way, 35th Avenue SW and the West Seattle Bridge due to construction on Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Construction could affect the West Seattle Golf Course Delridge Station construction mostly within right-of-way 	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near SW Genesee Street and Delridge Way SW Potential increased congestion on SW Avalon Way, 35th Avenue SW and the West Seattle Bridge due to construction on Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Construction could affect the West Seattle Golf Course Delridge Station construction mostly within right-of-way 	Greater amount of construction vehicles in West Seattle neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Greater construction effect to the West Seattle Golf Course Delridge Station construction outside right-of-way	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near SW Genesee Street and Delridge Way SW (near the intersection of SW Genesee Street) for elevated guideway, station and tunnel portal construction and near the east side of Pigeon Point for the high-level, rail-only bridge and tunnel portal construction Reduces construction disruption on Delridge Way SW and on the northern end of Pigeon Point Greatest amount of construction vehicles in Delridge and Pigeon Point neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Construction could affect use of a portion of Youngstown Cultural Arts Center, Delridge Playfield (which includes Delridge Community Center and Skate Park), and could have greater construction effect to the West Seattle Golf Course
ŀ		Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average	Located in an area where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average
		Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
Operations	Traffic circulation and access effects	Could affect driveway access and roadway capacity/turn lanes along Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street	Could affect driveway and roadway capacity/turn lanes along Delridge Way SW and SW Genesee Street	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 Limited effects to driveway access and roadway capacity/turn lanes because the alignment is outside of major arterial rights-of way
ii o		Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher
Traffic	Effects on transportation facilities	Could affect Delridge Way SW corridor and West Seattle Bridge	Could affect the Delridge Way SW corridor and West Seattle Bridge	Could affect the Delridge Way SW corridor and West Seattle Bridge	Fewer effects to the Delridge Way SW corridor

			Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives
Purp	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
		Delridge Station North of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station South of of Andover South Duwamish Crossing	Delridge Station North of Genesee North Duwamish Crossing	Pigeon Point Tunnel
		Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher
Economic Effects	Effects on freight movement	Elevated guideway columns could affect truck access to local businesses on Delridge Way SW Construction of elevated guideway columns would potentially have limited effects associated with the guideway crossing the West Marginal Way Major Freight Route Truck and rail access to Nucor Steel could be affected by the elevated guideway columns and Delridge Station South bridge crossing would span the Duwamish Waterway navigation channel, but could have temporary construction impacts to waterway operations and BNSF railroad bridge No direct effects expected to Terminal 5 or Terminal 18 access or operations	access to local businesses on Delridge Way SW • Potential to add a traffic signal at SW Dakota Street/Delridge Way SW intersection would likely divert some local traffic away from heavy freight movements on SW Andover Street	 Potential to add a traffic signal at SW Dakota Street/Delridge Way SW intersection would likely divert some local traffic away from heavy freight movements on SW Andover Street Truck and rail access to Nucor Steel could be affected by the elevated guideway columns and Delridge Station Construction of elevated guideway columns could potentially have effects associated with the guideway crossing the West Marginal Way SW Major Freight Route 	minimal truck effects on access to local businesses on Delridge Way SW • Construction of elevated guideway columns could potentially have effects associated with the guideway crossing the West Marginal Way SW Major Freight Route • South bridge crossing would span Duwamish Waterway navigation channel, but could have temporary construction effects to waterway operations and marina • No direct effects expected to Terminal 5 or Terminal 18 access or operations
Econc		Medium • Could have moderate amount of business displacements, the	Medium • Could have moderate amount of business displacements, the	Lower • Would have the greatest amount of business displacements,	Medium • Could have moderate amount of business displacements, the
3 3	Business and commerce effects	majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Duwamish Manufacturing/Industrial Center (MIC) • Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community • Could displace businesses that support international and domestic trade through Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance terminals on Duwamish Waterway • Potential construction period effects such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near Delridge Way SW and south side of West Seattle Bridge	majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Duwamish MIC • Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community • Could displace businesses that support international and domestic trade through Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport	the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Duwamish MIC • Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community • Duwamish Waterway crossing north of West Seattle Bridge may displace some water-dependent businesses • Duwamish Waterway crossing north of West Seattle Bridge could displace businesses that support international and	majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Duwamish MIC • Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community • Could displace businesses that support international and domestic trade through Port of Seattle and Northwest Seaport Alliance terminals on Duwamish Waterway • Potential construction period effects, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near Delridge Way SW

NOTES

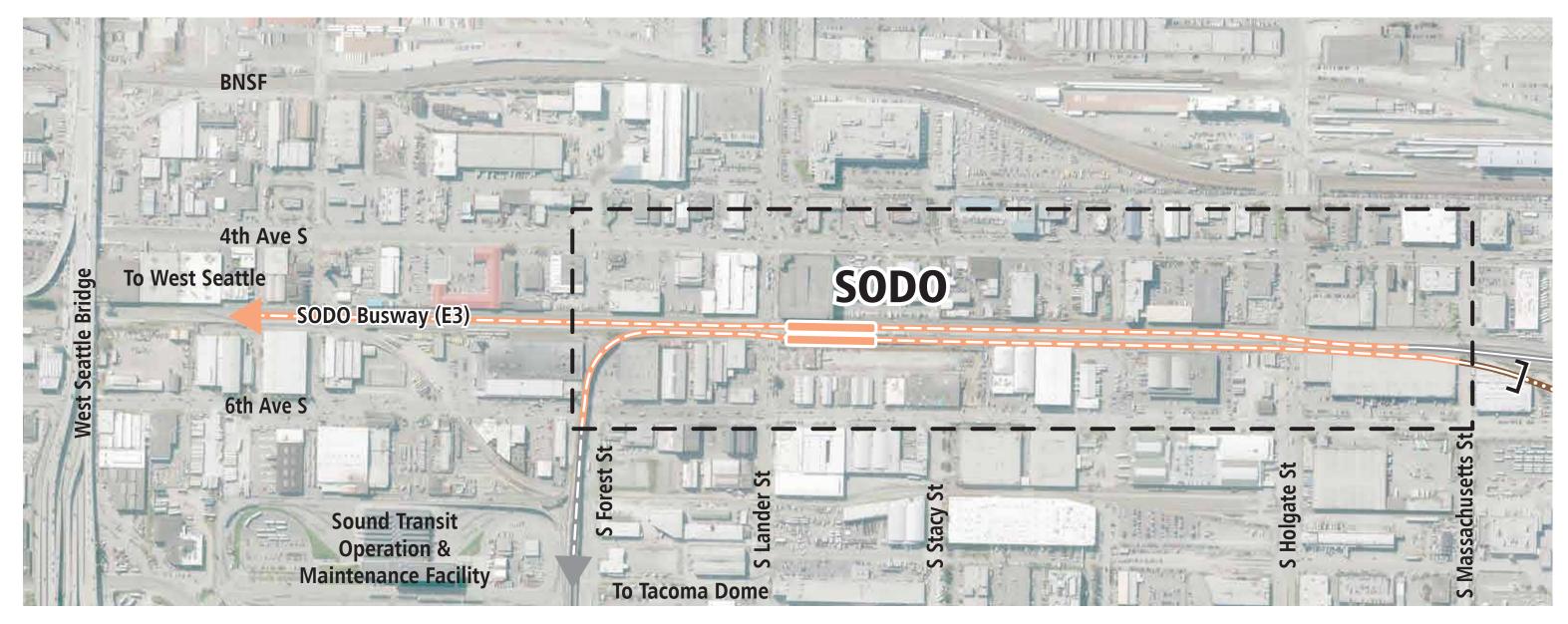
1. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native



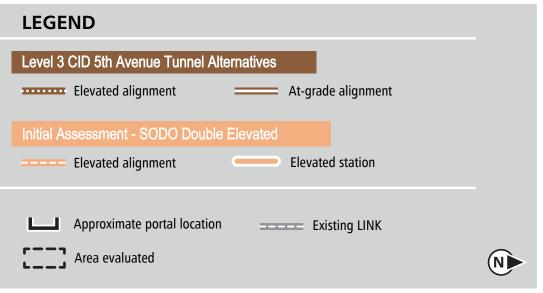
Initial Assessment Results

SODO Elevated



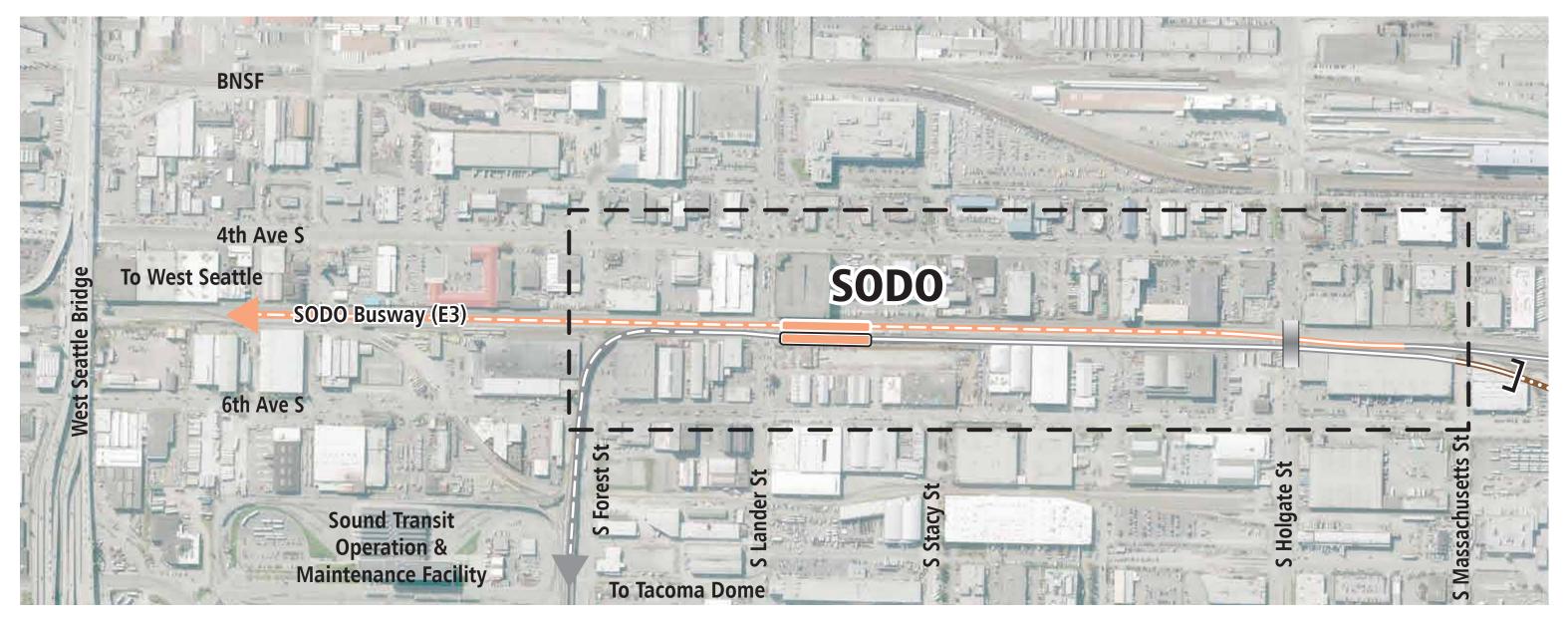


SODO Double Elevated

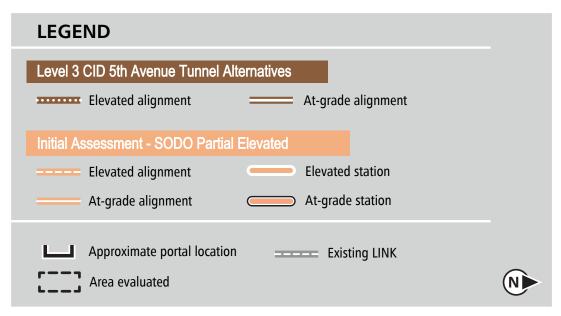


Pre Draft-EIS Initial Assessment Results

9-12-2019



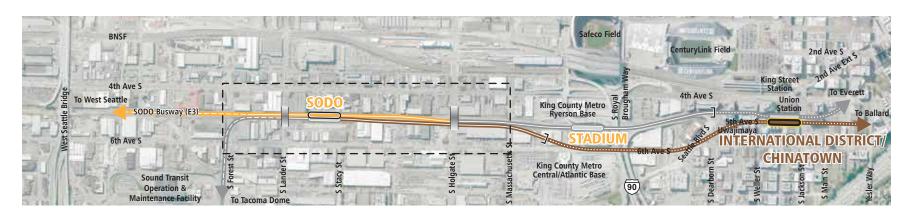
SODO Partial Elevated

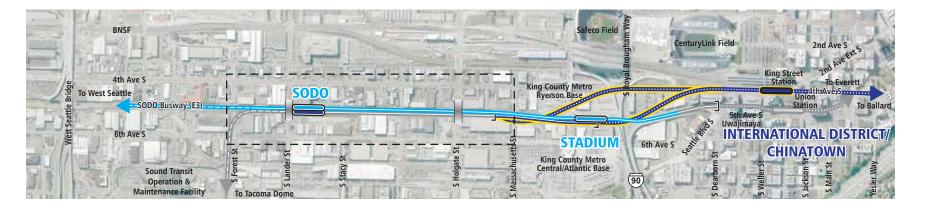


Pre Draft-EIS Initial Assessment Results

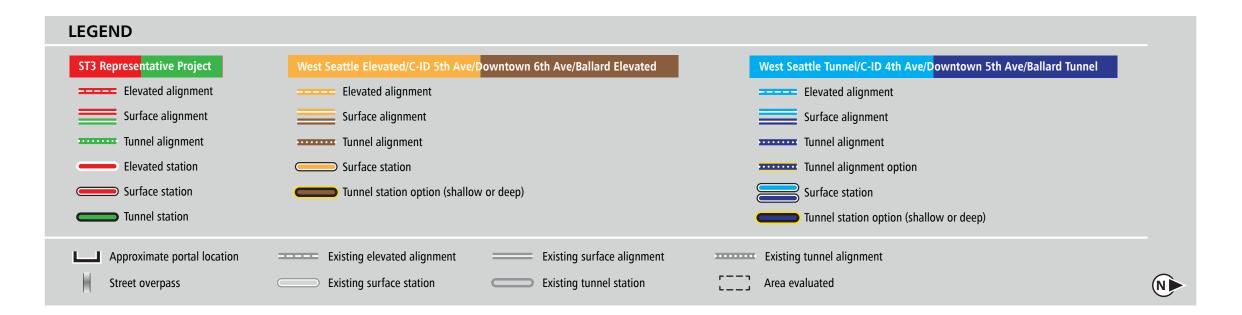


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Level 3 Alternatives



Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - SODO Elevated

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Provide high quality rapid, re	eliable, and efficient peak and off	-peak light rail transit service to communities in the project corridors defined in	ST3.
Reliable Service	At-grade crossings	Number of at-grade signalized intersections traversed	Higher = No at-grade signalized intersections traversed Medium = Between 1 and 2 at-grade signalized intersections traversed Lower = More than 2 at-grade signalized intersections traversed
Reliable Service	Potential service interruptions and recoverability	Likelihood of service interruptions during peak and off-peak travel periods (e.g., frequency and duration of movable bridge openings, etc.) and ability to reroute service	Higher = Low likelihood of service interruptions and good ability to reroute service Medium = Limited likelihood of service interruptions and adequate ability to reroute service Lower = High likelihood of service interruptions and/or limited ability to reroute service
Improve regional mobility by	increasing connectivity and capa	acity through downtown Seattle to meet projected transit demand.	
Regional Connectivity	LRT network integration	Ability to connect and integrate West Seattle and Ballard extensions with existing regional Link light rail transit (LRT) system network and operational flexibility to meet future demand through regional spine (i.e., spine segmentation)	Higher = Facilitates additional connectivity and operational flexibility beyond spine segmentation Medium = Facilitates spine segmentation for operational flexibility consistent with ST3 Plan Lower = Does not facilitate connection and integration with existing Link system network through regional spine (i.e., spine segmentation) or has limited operational flexibility on overall Link system network
Implement a system that is c	onsistent with the ST3 Plan that e	established transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that is technically j	feasible and financially sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.
ST3 Consistency	Potential ST3 operating plan effects	Integration of WSBLE Project into existing LRT spine and overall system (i.e., special trackwork, movable bridge implications, etc.)	Higher = Facilitates special trackwork and/or provides reliable system operations Medium = Facilitates some special trackwork and/or provides moderately reliable system operations Lower = Does not facilitate special trackwork and/or degrades system operations
	Engineering constraints	Compliance with Sound Transit Design Criteria Manual, design criteria from agencies with jurisdiction and federal regulations, and engineering obstacles associated with major infrastructure constraints	Higher = Minimal engineering constraints, design meets full standards, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, minimum ROW issues, and/or no unusual design considerations Medium = Moderate engineering constraints, design meets minimums, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, but with additional mitigation and moderate ROW issues, and/or unusual design considerations that could be mitigated Lower = Substantial engineering constraints, deviations to standards, authority having jurisdiction's acceptance requires substantial mitigation, substantial ROW issues, and/or unique design considerations
Technical Feasibility	Constructability issues	Constructability issues based on potential conflicts and technical challenges (e.g., utility conflicts, existing infrastructure, geotechnical, tunnel portals, etc.)	Higher = Lower construction complexity and construction risks (e.g., minimal utility conflicts, building impacts, impacts to existing infrastructure, etc.) Medium = Moderate construction complexity and construction risks Lower = Higher construction complexity requiring special mitigation and construction risks
	Operational constraints	Assessment of operational constraints (e.g., access to maintenance facility, vertical grade, horizontal curvature, movable bridge, etc.)	Higher = Optimum operational characteristics (e.g., operating efficiency and flexibility) Medium = Meets minimum operational goals for design speed and operations and maintenance facility (OMF) connection Lower = Poor operational characteristics, with certain operational goals compromised for design speed and OMF connection
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison	ST3 cost consistency and conceptual capital cost comparison based on conceptual design quantities and Sound Transit unit pricing (2018\$)	Higher = Conceptual capital cost estimates less than ST3 Representative Project Medium = Conceptual capital cost estimates 0% to 10% more than ST3 Representative Project Lower = Conceptual capital cost estimates 10% or more than ST3 Representative Project
Encourage equitable and sus	tainable urban growth in station	areas through support of transit-oriented development, station access, and mo	odal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land use plans and policies.
Modal Integration	Passenger transfers	Assessment of ease of passenger transfer for riders transferring between light rail lines, and between light rail and other motorized modes (i.e., bus, paratransit, drop-off/pick-up, taxis or other ride-hailing services) at stations	Higher = More convenient passenger transfers at stations Medium = Adequate passenger transfers at stations Lower = Less convenient passenger transfers at stations

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - SODO Elevated

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Modal Integration (continued)	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Assessment of transportation facility integration between the station and adjacent transit stops that serve other modes	Higher = Above average transportation facility integration at stations Medium = Adequate transportation facility integration at stations Lower = Below average transportation facility integration at stations
	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Assessment of the quality of bicycle infrastructure and percent of bicycle facility miles (i.e., neighborhood greenways, bicycle lanes, protected bicycle lanes, and trails) to total roadway miles within 10-minute bikeshed of stations	Higher = Greatest quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles greater than 25 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area Medium = Moderate quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles between 15 and 25 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area Lower = Lower quality of bicycle facilities and bicycle facility miles lower than 15 percent of total roadway miles within bikeshed area
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Assessment of number of intersections, percent of sidewalk/trail miles to total roadway miles, and impediments to pedestrian and American with Disabilities Act (ADA) access (i.e., large intersections with signal delay, adjacency to freight corridors/industrial uses, and substantial topography or grade challenges) within 10-minute walkshed of stations	Higher = Higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, good to excellent pedestrian access and few impediments Medium = Moderate number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, average to good pedestrian access and average impediments Lower = Limited number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, poor to fair pedestrian access and greatest impediments
Station Area Development Opportunities	Development potential	Percent of properties with development potential based on zoned capacity and market conditions within 10-minute walkshed of stations (5-minute walkshed in downtown)	Higher = Greater than 20 percent of properties with development potential Medium = Between 10 and 20 percent of properties with development potential Lower = Less than 10 percent of properties with development potential
	Equitable development opportunities	Assessment of unique opportunities for equitable development enabled by station location and/or conceptual configuration	Higher = Greatest opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Medium = Opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Lower = Limited opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration
Preserve and promote a hea	Ithy environment and economy by	y minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social environments thro	ough sustainable practices.
Environmental Effects	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	Number of intersected or adjacent NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and Seattle Landmark properties based on Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (DAHP) data and Seattle Landmark data	Higher = 1 or less historic properties potentially affected Medium = Between 2 and 3 historic properties potentially affected Lower = More than 3 historic properties potentially affected
	Hazardous materials	Number of contaminated hazardous materials sites of high concern potentially affected, including Superfund sites	Higher = 5 or less hazardous materials sites potentially affected Medium = Between 6 and 10 hazardous sites potentially affected Lower = More than 1 hazardous materials sites potentially affected
	Visual	Assessment of length of elevated guideway adjacent to residential or other visually sensitive areas, including parks and historic properties and assessment of scale of elevated guideway in visually sensitive areas and potential impacts to State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) Scenic Routes	Higher = 0.5 miles or less adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, most elevated guideway not more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and low potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes Medium = Between 0.6 and 1 miles adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, some elevated guideway more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and/or moderate potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes Lower = More than 1 miles potentially adjacent to visually sensitive viewers, extensive elevated guideway more than 75 feet high in visually sensitive areas, and/or high potential to affect SEPA Scenic Routes
	Property acquisitions and displacements	Number of potential residential unit displacements; does not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction staging, TPSS or underground station entrances (except station entrances in downtown)	Higher = Less than approximately 20 potential residential unit displacements Medium = Between approximately 20 and 40 potential residential unit displacements Lower = More than approximately 40 potential residential unit displacements
		Square feet of potential business displacements (including maritime businesses); does not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction staging, TPSS or underground station entrances (except station entrances in downtown)	Higher =Less than approximately 250,000 square feet of potential business displacements Medium = Between approximately 250,000 and 500,000 square feet of potential business displacements Lower = More than approximately 500,000 square feet of potential business displacements

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - SODO Elevated

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	Assessment of temporary construction impacts to communities, including potential for transportation, access, noise, vibration, and visual effects that could disrupt the community (e.g., existing residents, businesses, social service providers), and relative duration of construction and impacts to high volume traffic areas; potential construction impacts that affect freight and business/commerce are addressed in other criteria below	Higher = Lower potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Lower = More substantial potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Assessment of how potential acquisitions and displacements (residential and business) and visual, noise and construction impacts would affect minority and low-income populations relative to other communities	Higher = Little to no potential impact to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Lower = Substantial potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives
Traffic Operations	Traffic circulation and access	Effects on traffic and transit (i.e., bus and streetcar) operations, including potential for lane restrictions, lane eliminations, turn restrictions, driveways impacted, and parking taken	Higher = Most of alignment is outside of roadway, with few to no changes in traffic patterns or access Medium = Potential for changes in traffic patterns or access to some properties; could be mitigated with local circulation modifications Lower = Substantial impacts to traffic circulation and/or access to many properties; mitigation likely requires substantial roadway improvements
	Transportation facilities	Effects on existing transportation facilities, including bicycle lanes, sidewalks, traffic interchanges and other transportation infrastructure as warranted, and compatibility with planned facilities	Higher = Minor changes to transportation facilities, and/or moderate changes with opportunities to improve infrastructure Medium = Moderate changes to transportation facilities, with more limited opportunities to improve infrastructure Lower = Substantial changes to transportation facilities, with no or limited opportunities to improve infrastructure
Economic Effects	Freight movement and access on land and water	Effects on existing freight and future capacity expansion opportunities, including truck, rail and water freight; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = No or less than substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion Medium = Substantial effects on either land or water freight mobility and capacity expansion Lower = Substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion
	Business and commerce effects	Effects on existing businesses, commercial areas and designated industrial centers, as well as future expansion opportunities; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = Minimal effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Medium = Moderate effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Lower = Substantial effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones

NOTES:

- 1. Based on preliminary Purpose and Need Statement.
- 2. Criteria used are a subset of the criteria used for Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3, based on differentiating factors in the subsegment evaluated.
- 3. Thresholds were modified from Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 for the more focused subsegments in order to compare the initial assessment alternatives to the same area of the Level 3 alternatives.
- 4. Agency and stakeholder input will be considered in the overall alternatives evaluation and screening process.
- 5. Qualitative measures ranked from high to low based on anticipated ability to achieve evaluation measure; "Higher" = higher ability to achieve measure, "Medium" = moderate ability to achieve measure, "Lower" = lower ability to achieve measure; no weighting will be applied.
- 6. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native.

		Level 3 Alternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives	
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated	
	Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander	3000 Double Elevateu	SODO Fai tiai Elevateu	
Provide high quality rapid, reliable, and efficient peak	ovide high quality rapid, reliable, and efficient peak and off-peak light rail transit service to communities in the project corridors defined in ST3.					
At-grade crossings	2	0	0	0	1	
Potential service interruptions and recoverability	Lower	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Improve regional mobility by increasing connectivity o	and capacity through downtown Seattle to	meet projected transit demand.				
LRT network integration	Medium	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Implement a system that is consistent with the ST3 Pl	an that established transit mode, corridor,	and station locations and that is technically	feasible and financially sustainable to build,	operate, and maintain.		
Potential ST3 operating plan effects	Lower	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Engineering constraints	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium	
Constructability issues	Medium	Higher	Higher	Lower	Medium	
Operational constraints	Lower	Higher	Higher	Lower	Medium	
Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)		\$200 million decrease	\$200 million decrease	\$300 million increase	Similar to ST3 Representative	
Encourage equitable and sustainable urban growth in	station areas through support of transit-o	riented development, station access, and mo	odal integration in a manner that is consister	nt with local land use plans and policies.		
Passenger transfers	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	
Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	
Development potential	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	
Equitable development opportunities	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower	
Preserve and promote a healthy environment and eco	nomy by minimizing adverse impacts on th	ne natural, built and social environments thro	ough sustainable practices.			
National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	0	0	0	0	0	
Hazardous materials sites	1	4	1	6	3	
Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	

		Level 3 Alternatives			Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives	
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Floyated	
	Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander	SODO Double Elevateu	SODO Partial Elevated	
Potential residential unit displacements	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Potential business displacements	Higher	Medium	Higher	Lower	Lower	
Community construction impacts	Higher	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium	
Burden on minority and low-income populations	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium	
Traffic circulation and access effects	Medium	Higher	Higher	Higher	Medium	
Effects on transportation facilities	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	Medium	
Effects on freight movement	Medium	Higher	Higher	Lower	Medium	
Business and commerce effects	Higher	Medium	Higher	Lower	Lower	

NOTES

^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

			Level 3 Alternatives	
Purpos	e and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
		Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander
Provide hig	nh quality rapid, reliable, and efficient pe	eak and off-peak light rail transit service to communities in the project corrido	ors defined in ST3.	
		2	0	0
vice	At-grade crossings	Approximately 2 at-grade crossings; the existing Link light rail line would continue to have at-grade crossings at S Holgate Street and S Lander Street in SODO	No at-grade crossings; proposed new roadway overpasses at S Lander and S Holgate streets in SODO would improve Link light rail reliability by removing at-grade intersections on both the new and existing light rail line	No at-grade crossings; proposed new Roadway overpasses at S Lander and S Holgate streets in SODO would improve Link light rail reliability by removing at-grade intersections on both the new and existing light rail line
e Service		Lower	Higher	Higher
Reliable	Potential service interruptions and recoverability	No connection between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO limits operational flexibility and recoverability	 Accommodates connection between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO Shared pocket tracks on the West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO accommodate operational flexibility and recoverability 	Accommodates connection between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO Shared pocket tracks on the West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO accommodate operational flexibility and recoverability
Improve re	gional mobility by increasing connectivi	ty and capacity through downtown Seattle to meet projected transit demana		
		Medium	Higher	Higher
Regional Connectivity	LRT network integration	 Facilitates connectivity and integration of West Seattle and Ballard extensions with regional spine of existing Link system network; extensions would operate on two separate lines through the regional spine (i.e., spine segmentation) Limited operational flexibility on overall Link system due to lack of connection between West Seattle and Ballard lines 	 Facilitates connectivity and integration of West Seattle and Ballard extensions with regional spine of existing Link system network; extensions would operate on two separate lines through the regional spine (i.e., spine segmentation) Accommodates connections between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO, but some train movements require out-of-direction travel 	 Facilitates connectivity and integration of West Seattle and Ballard extensions with regional spine of existing Link system network; extensions would operate on two separate lines through the regional spine (i.e., spine segmentation) Accommodates connections between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO, with train movements in all directions possible
Implement	a system that is consistent with the ST3	B Plan that established transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that i	is technically feasible and financially sustainable to build, operate, and main	ntain.
		Lower	Higher	Higher
ST3 Consistency	Potential ST3 operating plan effects	Does not facilitate track interconnections in SODO	• Facilitates all pocket tracks and crossovers needed to provide reliable system operations	Facilitates all pocket tracks and crossovers needed to provide reliable system operations
	Alternative Performance			<u> </u>

		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	essment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated
	Provide high quality ra	pid, reliable, and efficient peak and off-peak light rail transit service to comi	munities in the project corridors defined in ST3.
vice	At-grade crossings	No at-grade crossings; proposed elevated light rail guideway at S Lander and S Holgate streets in SODO would improve Link light rail reliability by removing at-grade intersections on both the new and existing light rail line	Approximately 1 at-grade crossing; proposed elevated light rail guideway at S Lander Street and proposed roadway overcrossing at S Holgate Street in SODO would improve Link light rail reliability by removing at-grade intersections; would maintain at-grade intersection of existing light rail line at S Lander Street
e Ser		Higher	Higher
Reliable Service	Potential service interruptions and recoverability	Accommodates connection between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO Shared pocket tracks on the West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO accommodate operational flexibility and recoverability	 Accommodates connection between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO Shared pocket tracks on the West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO accommodate operational flexibility and recoverability
Improve i	regional mobility by increasing connectivit	y and capacity through downtown Seattle to meet projected transit demand	Higher
Regional Connectivity	LRT network integration		Facilitates connectivity and integration of West Seattle and Ballard extensions with regional spine of existing Link system network; extensions would operate on two separate lines through the regional spine (i.e., spine segmentation) Accommodates connections between West Seattle and Ballard lines in SODO, but some train movements require out-of-direction travel
plement a system that is consistent with the ST3 Plan that established transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that is technically feasible and financially sustainable			
ST3 Consistency	Potential ST3 operating plan effects	Higher Facilitates all pocket tracks and crossovers needed to provide reliable system operations	Facilitates all pocket tracks and crossovers needed to provide reliable system operations

			Level 3 Alternatives	
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
		Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander
		Medium Minimizes roadway modifications, no major cross street work Elevated guideway in poor soils and adjacent to active Link tracks	Medium Substantial roadway modifications on S Lander and S Holgate streets to construct roadway overcrossings	Medium Substantial roadway modifications on S Lander and S Holgate streets to construct roadway overcrossings
	Engineering constraints	Lievateu guideway iii pool soiis and adjacent to active link tracks	 No elevated light rail guideway Enables connection to all four alternatives in Chinatown/International District 	No elevated light rail guideway Enables connection to all four alternatives in Chinatown/International District
	Constructability issues	Medium	Higher	Higher
Technical Feasibility		 Limited interruptions of existing Central Link light rail to connect new lines to existing, likely can be done with single-track operations or potential off-peak closures Would likely require additional ground improvements for the elevated guideway 	 Limited interruptions of existing Central Link light rail to connect new lines to existing, likely can be done with single-track operations or potential off-peak closures Construction of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overcrossings above active light rail tracks Potential partial closure on 4th Avenue S and 6th Avenue S likely required for construction of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overcrossings at the intersections 	 Limited interruptions of existing Central Link light rail to connect new lines to existing and reconstruct existing SODO Station, likely can be done with single-track operations or potential off-peak closures Construction of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overcrossings above active light rail tracks Potential partial closure on 4th Avenue S and 6th Avenue S likely required for construction of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overcrossings at the intersections
		Lower	Higher	Higher
	Operational constraints	No connection between West Seattle and Ballard extension lines in SODO creates operational constraints	Provides all needed track connections and pocket tracks with reasonable spacing for switching between northbound and southbound tracks for both lines Higher Provides all needed track connections and pocket tracks with reasonable spacing for switching between northbound and southbound tracks for both lines	Provides all needed track connections and pocket tracks with reasonable spacing for switching between northbound and southbound tracks for both lines

		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated
	Engineering constraints	with adjacent buildings • Substantial roadway modification on S Holgate Street to lower roadway approximately eight feet with retaining walls and grading resulting in access changes; would likely require a stormwater pump station • Enables connection to the 5th Avenue Cut-and-Cover, 5th Avenue Deep Mined,	• Substantial roadway modifications on S Holgate Street to construct roadway overcrossing • Elevated guideway in poor soils and adjacent to active Link tracks, but less than with ST3 Representative Project • Enables connection to the 5th Avenue Cut-and-Cover, 5th Avenue Deep Mined, and 4th Avenue Cut-and-Cover International District/Chinatown Station • May connect to the 4th Avenue Deep Mined International District/Chinatown Station with additional challenges: would likely require operation at maximum grade or elimination of a pocket track; additional challenges to construct cut-and-cover tunnel below light rail track
Technical Feasibility	Constructability issues	construction schedule • Would require temporary structure/shoofly to connect existing Central Link light	Medium Limited interruptions of existing Central Link light rail to connect new lines to existing and reconstruct existing SODO Station, likely can be done with single-track operations or potential off-peak closures Construction of S Holgate Street overcrossing above active light rail tracks Potential partial closure on 4th Avenue S and 6th Avenue S likely required for construction of S Holgate Street overcrossing at the intersections Would likely require additional ground improvements for the elevated guideway
	Operational constraints	Transitioning for pocket tracks and special trackwork introduces additional curves	Medium Provides all needed track connections and pocket tracks with reasonable spacing for switching between northbound and southbound tracks for both lines Transitioning for pocket tracks and special trackwork introduces additional curves with less desirable operating speeds

			Level 3 Alternatives	
Purp	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
		Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander
			\$200 million decrease	\$200 million decrease
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)	Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives	Lower cost in Chinatown/International District due to reduced cut-and-cover	Approximately \$200 million less than the ST3 Representative Project if connected with 5th Avenue shallow tunnel in Chinatown/International District Approximately \$250 million more than the ST3 Representative Project if connected with 4th Avenue shallow tunnel in Chinatown/International District Lower cost in SODO due to at-grade guideway and station Higher cost in Chinatown/International District due to 4th Avenue S viaduct reconstruction
Encoura	ge equitable and sustainable urban growth	in station areas through support of transit-oriented development, station a	ccess, and modal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land ເ	use plans and policies.
		Medium	Medium	Higher
	Passenger transfers	 Elevated West Seattle line and at-grade Ballard line would require vertical circulation to transfer between the light rail lines At-grade S Lander Street would result in less vertical circulation required to transfer between bus stops on S Lander Street and the at-grade Ballard line 	• S Lander Street overcrossing would require vertical circulation to transfer between bus stops on S Lander Street and the light rail lines	At-grade West Seattle and Ballard lines would require vertical circulation to transfer between the light rail lines S Lander Street overcrossing would require vertical circulation to transfer between bus stops on S Lander Street and the light rail lines SODO Station located closer to S Lander Street would improve passenger transfers to/from buses on S Lander Street
_		Medium	Medium	Higher
Modal Integration	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Would require vertical circulation to transfer between the light rail lines Less vertical circulation required to transfer between bus stops on S Lander Street and the at-grade Ballard line	light rail and buses	Would require vertical circulation to transfer between light rail lines and between light rail and buses Platform closer to S Lander Street to reduce distance to bus/rail transfer
		Medium	Medium	Medium
	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include, SODO Trail, I-90 Trail and West Seattle Trail	• Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include, SODO Trail, I-90 Trail and West Seattle Trail	Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include, SODO Trail, I-90 Trail and West Seattle Trail
		Medium	Medium	Medium
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Number of intersections and sidewalk coverage similar for all alternatives	Number of intersections and sidewalk coverage similar for all alternatives	Number of intersections and sidewalk coverage similar for all alternatives

		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	essment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated
		\$300 million increase	Similar to ST3 Representative
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)	 Approximately \$300 million more than the ST3 Representative Project if connected with 5th Avenue shallow tunnel in Chinatown/International District Additional cost not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology 	Similar cost to the ST3 Representative Project if connected with 5th Avenue shallow tunnel in Chinatown/International District
equitable	and sustainable urban growth in station o	areas through support of transit-oriented development, station access, and i	modal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land use plans an
		Higher	Higher
	Passenger transfers	 Elevated West Seattle and Ballard lines would require vertical circulation to transfer between the light rail lines Elevated West Seattle and Ballard lines above S Lander Street would require vertical circulation to transfer between bus stops on S Lander Street and the light rail lines SODO Station located closer to S Lander Street would improve passenger transfers to/from buses on S Lander Street Opportunity for more direct transfers to/from buses with maintained E3 busway 	 Elevated West Seattle line and at-grade Ballard line would require vertical circulation to transfer between the light rail lines At-grade S Lander Street would result in less vertical circulation required to transfer between bus stops on S Lander Street and the at-grade Ballard line SODO Station located closer to S Lander Street would improve passenger transfers to/from buses on S Lander Street Opportunity for more direct transfers to/from buses with maintained E3 busway
		Higher	Higher
Modal Integration	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Would require vertical circulation to transfer between light rail lines and between light rail and buses Platform closer to S Lander Street to reduce distance to bus/rail transfer Opportunity for more integrated bus transfers with maintained E3 busway	
		Medium	Medium
	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	• Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include, SODO Trail, I-90 Trail and West Seattle Trail	Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include, SODO Trail, I-90 Trail and West Seattle Trail
		Medium	Medium
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Number of intersections and sidewalk coverage similar for all alternatives	Number of intersections and sidewalk coverage similar for all alternatives

			Level 3 Alternatives	
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures		ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
		Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander
ies		Medium	Medium	Medium
pment Opportunities	Development potential	Development potential would be similar for all alternatives	Development potential would be similar for all alternatives	Development potential would be similar for all alternatives
velopi		Lower	Lower	Lower
Station Area De	Equitable development opportunities	Limited equitable development opportunities in SODO due to lack of residential zoning	Limited equitable development opportunities in SODO due to lack of residential zoning	Limited equitable development opportunities in SODO due to lack of residential zoning
Preserve	and promote a healthy environment and a	economy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social envi	ronments through sustainable practices.	
	National Degister of Historia Places (NIPLID)	0	0	0
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	No known NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark properties could be directly affected by the project	No known NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark properties could be directly affected by the project	No known NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark properties could be directly affected by the project
	Hazardous materials sites	1	4	1
		• 1 contaminated site of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	4 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	1 contaminated site of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel
		Higher	Higher	Higher
Environmental Effects	Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)	Elevated guideway and SODO Station would not be near visually sensitive viewers Would include approximately 0.5 miles of new elevated guideway which would bring visual change along the alignment	-	 At-grade alignment and SODO station would not be near sensitive viewers New S Holgate Street and S Lander Street overpasses would bring visual change to the alignment
<u> </u>		Higher	Higher	Higher
	Potential residential unit displacements	No potential residential unit displacements	No potential residential unit displacements	No potential residential unit displacements
		Higher	Medium	Higher
	Potential business displacements	Fewer than approximately 250,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Between approximately 250,000 and 500,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Fewer than approximately 250,000 square feet of potential business displacements

		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	essment Alternatives
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures		SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated
ties		Medium	Medium
Station Area Development Opportunities	Development potential	Development potential would be similar for all alternatives	Development potential would be similar for all alternatives
svelo		Lower	Lower
Station Area De	Equitable development opportunities	Limited equitable development opportunities in SODO due to lack of residential zoning	Limited equitable development opportunities in SODO due to lack of residential zoning
Preserve	and promote a healthy environment and e	conomy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social envi	ronments through sustainable practices.
	National Paristay of Historia Places (NDHP)	0	0
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	No known NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark properties could be directly affected by the project	No known NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark properties could be directly affected by the project
		6	3
	Hazardous materials sites	6 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	3 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel
		Higher	Higher
Environmental Effects	Visual effects (miles of sensitive viewers)	Elevated guideway and SODO Station would not be near visually sensitive viewers Would include approximately 0.5 miles of new dual elevated guideway; the elevated guideway structure would be wider than the guideway for the other alternatives, bringing greater visual change along the alignment	Elevated guideway and SODO Station would not be near visually sensitive viewers Would include approximately 0.5 miles of new elevated guideway and a new S Holgate Street overcrossing which would bring visual change along the alignment
En		Higher	Higher
	Potential residential unit displacements	No potential residential unit displacements	No potential residential unit displacements
		Lower	Lower
	Potential business displacements		 More than approximately 500,000 square feet of potential business displacements Elevated West Seattle SODO station shifted closer to Lander would require additional right-of-way in vicinity of S Lander Street intersection

			Level 3 Alternatives		
Purpo	se and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
		Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander	
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	• Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses	Medium Construction of at-grade guideway and SODO Station in E3 busway would short, off-peak travel disruptions on existing light rail Closure of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street during construction would potentially contribute to congestion on 1st Avenue S, 4th Avenue S, Edgar Martinez Drive S, and Airport Way S Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses	Medium Construction of at-grade guideway and SODO Station in E3 busway would short, off-peak travel disruptions on existing light rail Closure of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street during construction would potentially contribute to congestion on 1st Avenue S, 4th Avenue S, Edgar Martinez Drive S, and Airport Way S Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses	
Environ	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Medium SODO station would be located in an area of moderate displacement risk Construction would result in short, off-peak travel disruptions to passengers traveling from areas where minority or low-income populations are above the city average	Medium SODO station would be located in an area of moderate displacement risk Construction would result in short, off-peak travel disruptions to passengers traveling from areas where minority or low-income populations are above the city average	Medium SODO station would be located in an area of moderate displacement risk Construction would result in short, off-peak travel disruptions to passengers traveling from areas where minority or low-income populations are above the city average	
	Traffic circulation and access effects	Medium No change to circulation in SODO due to maintenance of at-grade crossings of the existing Link light rail line with S Lander and S Holgate streets	Higher Improvements to circulation in SODO due to removal of at-grade Link light rail crossings at S Lander and S Holgate streets	Higher Improvements to circulation in SODO due to removal of at-grade Link light rail crossings at S Lander and S Holgate streets	
Traffic Operations	Effects on transportation facilities	Medium Affected facilities in SODO include Ryerson Base, Central/Atlantic Base and E3 busway Would result in displacement of the E3 Busway	Medium • Affected facilities in SODO include S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, Ryerson Base, Central/Atlantic Base and E3 busway • Would result in displacement of the E3 Busway • Potential partial closure on 4th Avenue S and 6th Avenue S likely required for construction of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overcrossings at the intersections	Medium Affected facilities in SODO include S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, Ryerson Base, Central/Atlantic Base and E3 busway Would result in displacement of the E3 Busway Potential partial closure on 4th Avenue S and 6th Avenue S likely required for construction of S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overcrossings at the intersections	

		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	Construction of double elevated guideway and SODO station in E3 busway would require two extensive shutdowns of existing Central Link light rail to construct; one period of at least approximately two to three months and one period of at least approximately four to six months, requiring extensive temporary additional bus service to replace Central Link service Partial or full closure of S Holgate Street to lower the roadway would potentially contribute to congestion on 1st Avenue S, 4th Avenue S, Edgar Martinez Drive S, and Airport Way S Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses	Medium Construction of elevated guideway and SODO station in E3 busway would have short, off-peak travel disruptions on existing light rail Closure of S Holgate Street to construct the overcrossing would potentially contribute to congestion on 1st Avenue S, 4th Avenue S, Edgar Martinez Drive S, and Airport Way S Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses
Enviror	Burden on minority and low-income populations	SODO station would be located in an area of moderate displacement risk Construction would result in extensive light rail travel disruptions to passengers traveling from areas where minority or low-income populations are above the City of Seattle average, such as Rainier Valley, Tukwila, SeaTac, Kent, Des Moines, and other communities to the south	Medium SODO station would be located in areas of moderate displacement risk Construction would result in short, off-peak travel disruptions to passengers traveling from areas where minority or low-income populations are above the city average
		Higher	Medium
	Traffic circulation and access effects	• Improvements to circulation in SODO due to removal of at-grade Link light rail crossings at S Lander and S Holgate streets	• Improvements to circulation in SODO due to removal of the at-grade Link light rail crossing at S Holgate Street; maintains the at-grade crossing of the existing Link light rail at S Lander Street
		Lower	Medium
Traffic Operations	Effects on transportation facilities	 Affected facilities in SODO include Central Link light rail line, S Holgate Street, Ryerson Base, Central/Atlantic Base and E3 busway Would likely require two extensive shutdowns of existing Central Link light rail to construct, requiring extensive temporary additional bus service to replace Central Link service Connection to the 5th Avenue International District/Chinatown Station alternatives would result in new downtown tunnel portal shifting slightly further north, reducing space available for KC Metro bases Would maintain the E3 Busway 	 Affected facilities in SODO include S Holgate Street, Ryerson Base, Central/Atlantic Base and E3 busway Connection to the 5th Avenue International District/Chinatown Station alternatives would result in new downtown tunnel portal shifting further north, reducing space available for KC Metro bases Potential traffic disruptions on 6th Avenue S related to construction of cut-and-

			Level 3 Alternatives		
Purpe	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
		Elevated West Seattle at Lander and Holgate	SODO At-Grade	SODO At-Grade with SODO Station Closer to Lander	
		Medium	Higher	Higher	
conomic Effects	Effects on freight movement	 Use of BNSF spur track south of S Lander Street in SODO could potentially affect rail freight operations Bus relocation from E3 busway could potentially affect freight routes in SODO Reduced potential construction effects to freight delivery associated with not building the S Lander Street and S Holgate Street overpass There would continue to be minor delays to freight delivery associated with retaining the S Lander Street and S Holgate Street at-grade crossings 	 Use of BNSF spur track south of S Lander Street in SODO could potentially affect rail freight operations Bus relocation from E3 busway could potentially affect freight routes in SODO Construction of overpasses at S Lander Street and S Holgate Street would require temporary closure and could potentially affect local freight delivery Full grade separation at S Lander Street and S Holgate Street would improve long-term freight mobility 	 Use of BNSF spur track south of S Lander Street in SODO could potentially affect rail freight operations Bus relocation from E3 busway in SODO could potentially affect freight routes Construction of overpasses at S Lander Street and S Holgate Street would require temporary closure and could potentially affect local freight delivery Full grade separation at S Lander Street and S Holgate Street would improve long-term freight mobility 	
ES		Higher	Medium	Higher	
	Business and commerce effects	 Would have the least amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community Potential construction period effects, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near S Forest Street, S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, S Massachusetts Street, and the E3 busway 	Would have moderate amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community Potential construction period effects, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near S Forest Street, S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, S Massachusetts Street, and the E3 busway	Would have the least amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community Potential construction period effects, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near S Forest Street, S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, S Massachusetts Street, and the E3 busway	

NOTES:

^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	SODO Double Elevated	SODO Partial Elevated
		Lower	Medium
Economic Effects	Effects on freight movement	 Use of BNSF spur track south of S Lander Street in SODO could potentially affect rail freight operations Reduced construction impacts to freight associated with not building the S Lander Street overpass Construction associated with lowering S Holgate Street could potentially require temporary full or partial closure and affect freight delivery Construction of the new elevated guideway and reconstruction of the existing Central Link light rail line on elevated guideway could affect local freight delivery due to additional road closure Two extensive shutdowns of existing Central Link light rail for construction could substantially increase bus traffic in the area and could affect freight movement 	Use of BNSF spur track south of S Lander Street in SODO could potentially affect rail freight operations Construction of the overpass at S Holgate Street could potentially require temporary closure and could affect freight delivery Full grade separation at S Holgate Street would improve truck freight mobility by reducing at-grade crossings Reduced potential construction impacts to freight delivery associated with not building the S Lander Street overpass There would continue to be minor delays to freight delivery associated with retaining the S Lander Street at-grade crossing
8		Lower	Lower
	Business and commerce effects	would be industrial or light-industrial businesses • Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community • Potential construction period effects, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near S Forest Street, S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, S	Would have the greatest amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses Could displace small businesses that mostly serve local community Potential construction period effects, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near S Forest Street, S Lander Street, S Holgate Street, S Massachusetts Street, and the E3 busway

NOTES:

^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

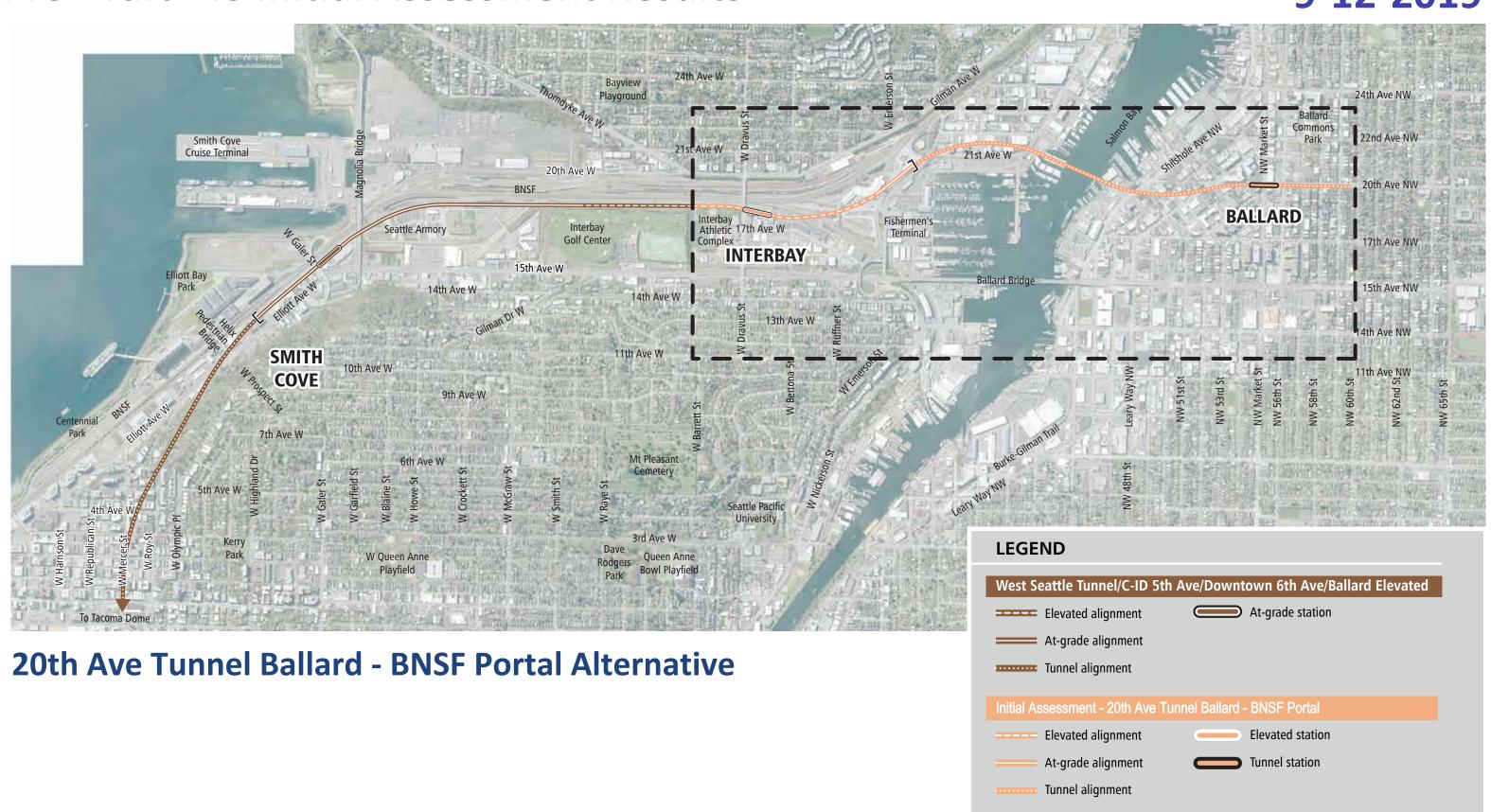


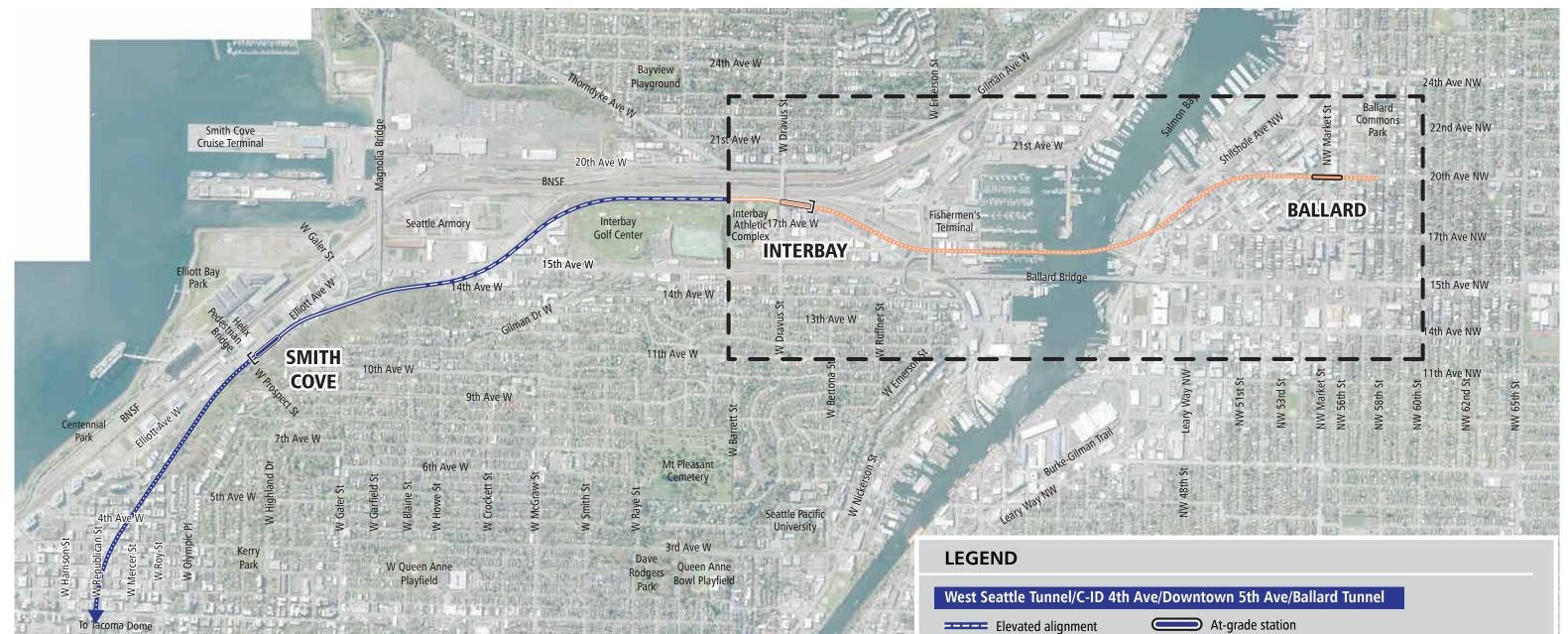
Initial Assessment Results

20th Ave Ballard Tunnel



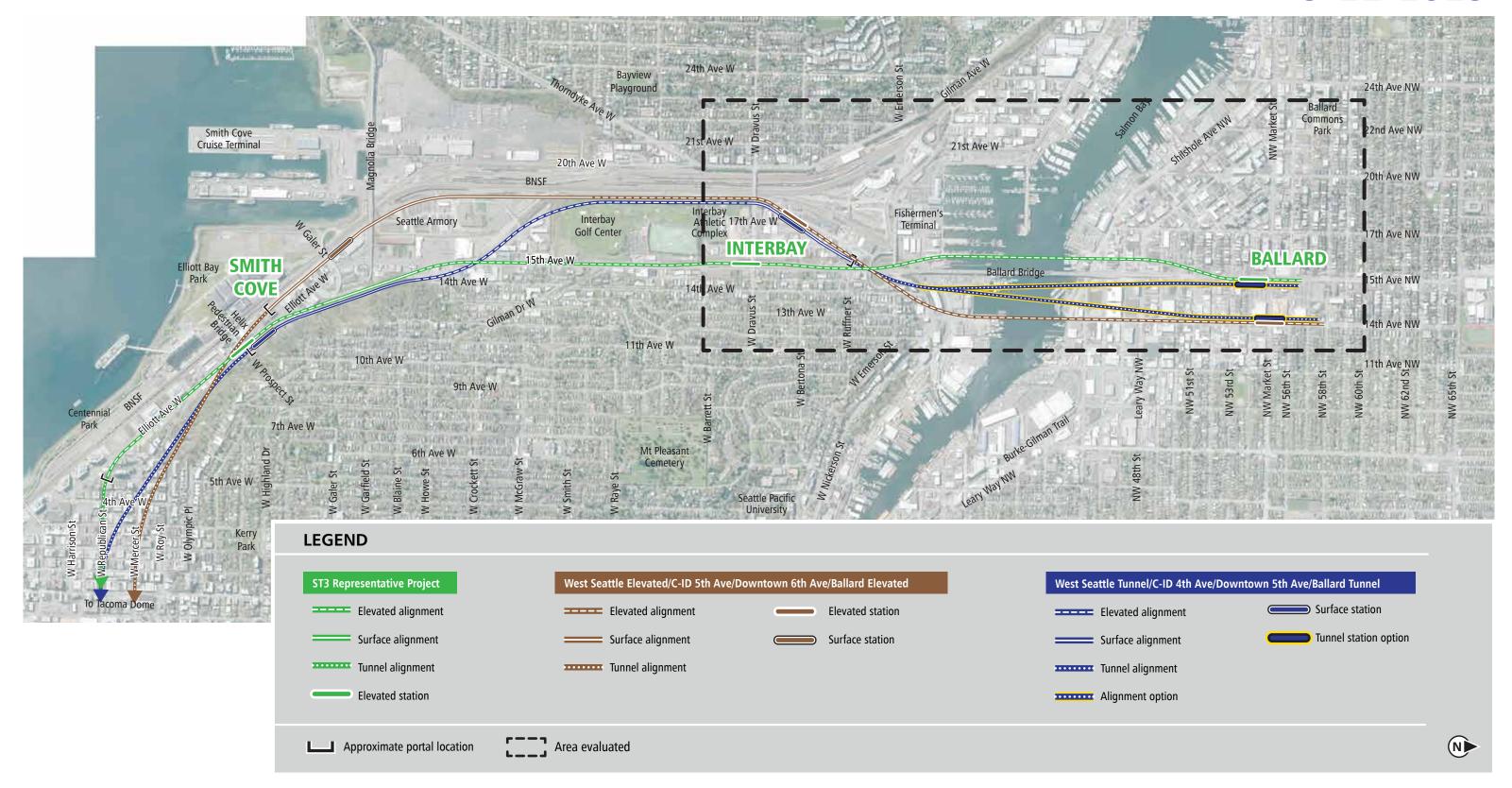
Approximate portal location Area evaluated





20th Ave Tunnel Ballard - Thorndyke Portal Alternative

West Seattle Tunnel/C-ID 4th Ave/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
Elevated alignment At-grade station	
At-grade alignment	
Tunnel alignment	
Initial Assessment - 20th Ave Tunnel Ballard - Thorndyke Portal	
Elevated alignment Elevated station	
—— At-grade alignment Tunnel station	
Tunnel alignment	
Approximate portal location Area evaluated	N



Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Improve regional mobility by	v increasing connectivity and capa	city through downtown Seattle to meet projected transit demand.	
Projected Transit Demand	Ridership forecasts		Higher = Average weekday trips at least 5% more than average of all alternatives Medium = Average weekday trips within 5% of average of all alternatives Lower = Average weekday trips at least 5% less than average of all alternatives
Connect regional centers as	described in adopted regional and	local land use, transportation, and economic development plans and Sound Tr	ansit's Regional Transit Long-Range Plan.
Regional Centers Served	Population and job densities	Future PSRC-forecasted 2040 population and job densities within 10-minute walkshed of stations	Higher = Population and job densities at least 5% more than average of all alternatives Medium = Population and job densities within 5% of average of all alternatives Lower = Population and job densities at least 5% less than average of all alternatives
Sound Transit Long-Range Plan Consistency Accommodates future LRT extension beyond ST3		Ability to accommodate expansion potential of future LRT extensions identified in Sound Transit Regional Transit Long-Range Plan	Higher = A future LRT extension per Sound Transit Long-Range Plan more feasible and more direct Medium = A future LRT extension per Sound Transit Long-Range Plan feasible Lower = A future LRT extension per Sound Transit Long-Range Plan would be less feasible and less direct
Implement a system that is o	consistent with the ST3 Plan that e	stablished transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that is technically j	feasible and financially sustainable to build, operate, and maintain.
	Engineering constraints	Compliance with Sound Transit Design Criteria Manual, design criteria from agencies with jurisdiction and federal regulations, and engineering obstacles associated with major infrastructure constraints	Higher = Minimal engineering constraints, design meets full standards, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, minimum ROW issues, and/or no unusual design considerations Medium = Moderate engineering constraints, design meets minimums, likely acceptance by authority having jurisdiction, but with additional mitigation and moderate ROW issues, and/or unusual design considerations that could be mitigated Lower = Substantial engineering constraints, deviations to standards, authority having jurisdiction's acceptance requires substantial mitigation, substantial ROW issues, and/or unique design considerations
Technical Feasibility	Constructability issues	Constructability issues based on potential conflicts and technical challenges (e.g., utility	Higher = Lower construction complexity and construction risks (e.g., minimal utility conflicts, building impacts, impacts to existing infrastructure, etc.) Medium = Moderate construction complexity and construction risks Lower = Higher construction complexity requiring special mitigation and construction risks
	Operational constraints	Assessment of operational constraints (e.g., access to maintenance facility, vertical grade, horizonal curvature, movable bridge, etc.)	Higher = Optimum operational characteristics (e.g., operating efficiency and flexibility) Medium = Meets minimum operational goals for design speed and operations and maintenance facility (OMF) connection Lower = Poor operational characteristics, with certain operational goals compromised for design speed and OMF connection
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison	ST3 cost consistency and conceptual capital cost comparison based on conceptual design quantities and Sound Transit unit pricing (2018\$)	Higher = Conceptual capital cost estimates less than ST3 Representative Project Medium = Conceptual capital cost estimates 0% to 10% more than ST3 Representative Project Lower = Conceptual capital cost estimates 10% or more than ST3 Representative Project
Encourage equitable and sus	stainable urban growth in station	areas through support of transit-oriented development, station access, and mo	dal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land use plans and policies.
Station Area Land Use Plan Consistency	Proximity to Seattle-designated Urban Centers and Villages	Percent of 10-minute station walkshed land area located within Seattle-designated Urban Centers and/or Villages	Higher = More than 50% of station walkshed within Urban Centers and Villages Medium = Between 30% and 50% of station walkshed within Urban Centers and Villages Lower = Less than 30% of station walkshed within Urban Centers and Villages
Modal Integration	Passenger transfers	<u> </u>	Higher = More convenient passenger transfers at stations Medium = Adequate passenger transfers at stations Lower = Less convenient passenger transfers at stations
iviodai integration	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Assessment of transportation facility integration between the station and adjacent transit stops that serve other modes	Higher = Above average transportation facility integration at stations Medium = Adequate transportation facility integration at stations Lower = Below average transportation facility integration at stations

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Assessment of the quality of bicycle infrastructure and percent of bicycle facility miles (i.e., neighborhood greenways, bicycle lanes, protected bicycle lanes, and trails) to total roadway miles within 10-minute bikeshed of stations	Higher = Greatest quality of bicycle facilities within bikeshed area Medium = Moderate quality of bicycle facilities within bikeshed area Lower = Lower quality of bicycle facilities within bikeshed area
Modal Integration (continued)	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	IMILES AND IMPEDIMENTS TO DEDESTRIAN AND AMERICAN WITH DISABILITIES ACTIVIDAL ACCESS	Higher = Higher number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, good to excellent pedestrian access and few impediments Medium = Moderate number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, average to good pedestrian access and average impediments Lower = Limited number of intersections and sidewalk coverage, poor to fair pedestrian access and greatest impediments
	Development potential	Percent of properties with development potential based on zoned capacity and market conditions within 10-minute walkshed of stations (5-minute walkshed in downtown)	Higher = Greater than 20 percent of properties with development potential Medium = Between 10 and 20 percent of properties with development potential Lower = Less than 10 percent of properties with development potential
Station Area Development Opportunities	Equitable development opportunities	Assessment of unique opportunities for equitable development enabled by station	Higher = Greatest opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Medium = Opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration Lower = Limited opportunities for equitable development that would accommodate future residential and employment growth based on station location and configuration
Preserve and promote a hea	lthy environment and economy by	minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social environments thro	ough sustainable practices.
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	_	Higher = 1 or less historic properties potentially affected Medium = Between 2 and 3 historic properties potentially affected Lower = More than 3 historic properties potentially affected
	Parks and recreational resources	INTIMPER OF AND ESTIMATED ACTES OF NOTENTIAL DEFINADENT IMPACTS TO DARKS AND	Higher = Less than 1 acre of potential permanent impacts to parks Medium = Between 1 and 2 acres of potential permanent impacts to parks Lower = 2 acres or more of potential permanent impacts to parks
	Water resources		Higher = Less than 0.1 acre of potential permanent in-water impacts for both water bodies Medium = Up to 0.5 acre of potential permanent in-water impacts in each water body Lower = More than 0.5 acre of potential permanent in-water impacts in one or more water bodies
Environmental Effects	Hazardous materials	Number of contaminated hazardous materials sites of high concern potentially affected, including Superfund sites	Higher = 5 or less hazardous materials sites potentially affected Medium = Between 6 and 10 hazardous sites potentially affected Lower = More than 10 hazardous materials sites potentially affected
	Property acquisitions and	Number of potential residential unit displacements; does not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction staging, TPSS or underground station entrances (except station entrances in downtown)	Higher = Less than approximately 25 residential unit displacements Medium = Between approximately 25 and 100 residential unit displacements Lower = More than approximately 100 residential unit displacements
	displacements	not include potential permanent or temporary easements or area for construction	Higher = Less than approximately 150,000 square feet of potential business displacements Medium = Between approximately 150,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements Lower = More than approximately 300,000 square feet of potential business displacementss

Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Criteria, Measures, Methods and Thresholds - 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria	Measure	Methods	Thresholds
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	Assessment of temporary construction impacts to communities, including potential for transportation, access, noise, vibration, and visual effects that could disrupt the community (e.g., existing residents, businesses, social service providers), and relative duration of construction and impacts to high volume traffic areas; potential construction impacts that affect freight and business/commerce are addressed in other criteria below	Higher = Lower potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives Lower = More substantial potential for impacts to community relative to other alternatives
	Burden on minority and low-income populations Assessment of how potential acquisitions and displacemen and visual, noise and construction impacts would affect minopopulations relative to other communities		Higher = Little to no potential impact to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Medium = Moderate potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives Lower = Substantial potential for impacts to minority or low-income communities relative to other alternatives
Traffic Operations	Traffic circulation and access	Effects on traffic and transit (i.e., bus and streetcar) operations, including potential for lane restrictions, lane eliminations, turn restrictions, driveways impacted, and parking taken	Higher = Most of alignment is outside of roadway, with few to no changes in traffic patterns or access Medium = Potential for changes in traffic patterns or access to some properties; could be mitigated with local circulation modifications Lower = Substantial impacts to traffic circulation and/or access to many properties; mitigation likely requires substantial roadway improvements
	Transportation facilities	Effects on existing transportation facilities, including bicycle lanes, sidewalks, traffic interchanges and other transportation infrastructure as warranted, and compatibility with planned facilities	Higher = Minor changes to transportation facilities, and/or moderate changes with opportunities to improve infrastructure Medium = Moderate changes to transportation facilities, with more limited opportunities to improve infrastructure Lower = Substantial changes to transportation facilities, with no or limited opportunities to improve infrastructure
	Freight movement and access on land and water	Effects on existing freight and future capacity expansion opportunities, including truck, rail and water freight; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = No or less than substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion Medium = Substantial effects on either land or water freight mobility and capacity expansion Lower = Substantial effects on both land and water freight mobility and capacity expansion
Economic Effects	Business and commerce effects	Effects on existing businesses, commercial areas and designated industrial centers, as well as future expansion opportunities; includes potential impacts during construction and operations	Higher = Minimal effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Medium = Moderate effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones Lower = Substantial effects on local businesses, as well as commercial areas and designated industrial zones

NOTES:

- 1. Based on preliminary Purpose and Need Statement.
- 2. Criteria used are a subset of the criteria used for Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3, based on differentiating factors in the subsegment evaluated.
- 3. Thresholds were modified from Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 for the more focused subsegments in order to compare the initial assessment alternatives to the same area of the Level 3 alternatives.
- 4. Agency and stakeholder input will be considered in the overall alternatives evaluation and screening process.
- 5. Qualitative measures ranked from high to low based on anticipated ability to achieve evaluation measure; "Higher" = higher ability to achieve measure, "Medium" = moderate ability to achieve measure, "Lower" = lower ability to achieve measure; no weighting will be applied.
- 6. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native.

		Level 3 Al	ternatives		Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downt	own 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal
	Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel	15th Ave Ballard Tunnel	bivor futiliei Portai	mornayke rumer Fortar
Improve regional mobility by increasing connectivity o	and capacity through downtown Se	attle to meet projected transit dem	and.			
Average weekday trips on Ballard extensions (year 2042)	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Connect regional centers as described in adopted regi	onal and local land use, transporta	tion, and economic development pl	ans and Sound Transit's Regional T	ransit Long-Range Plan.		
Population / job densities served (persons per acre, year 2040)	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
Accommodates future LRT extension beyond ST3	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Implement a system that is consistent with the ST3 Pla	an that established transit mode, co	orridor, and station locations and t	hat is technically feasible and finan	cially sustainable to build, operate,	and maintain.	
Engineering constraints	Lower	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	Lower
Constructability issues	Lower	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	Lower
Operational constraints	Lower	Higher	Higher	Higher	Medium	Medium
Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)		\$100 million increase (north of Dravus only)	\$350 million increase (north of Dravus only)	\$350 million increase (north of Dravus only)	\$750 million increase (north of Dravus only)	\$450 million increase (north of Dravus only)
Encourage equitable and sustainable urban growth in	station areas through support of t	ransit-oriented development, statio	on access, and modal integration in	a manner that is consistent with lo	cal land use plans and policies.	
Proximity to Seattle-designated Urban Centers and Villages	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
Passenger transfers	Medium	Higher	Higher	Medium	Higher	Higher
Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Medium	Higher	Higher	Medium	Medium	Medium
Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium
Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	Higher	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher	Higher
Development potential	Medium	Lower	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
Equitable development opportunities	Lower	Lower	Medium	Medium	Higher	Higher
Preserve and promote a healthy environment and eco	onomy by minimizing adverse impac	cts on the natural, built and social e	environments through sustainable p	practices.		
National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	2	3	3	3	7	8
Parks and recreational resources (acres)	0.0	1.1	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.9
Water resources (acres)	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		Level 3 Alternatives				Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives	
Purpose and Need / Evaluation Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel		20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel -	
	Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel	15th Ave Ballard Tunnel	DNSF Tulliel Fortal	Thorndyke Tunnel Portal	
Hazardous materials sites	5	10	11	10	8	8	
Potential residential unit displacements	Higher	Lower	Higher	Higher	Lower	Medium	
Potential business displacements	Medium	Lower	Medium	Medium	Medium	Higher	
Community construction impacts	Lower	Medium	Medium	Medium	Lower	Lower	
Burden on minority and low-income populations	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Traffic circulation and access effects	Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher	Higher	Higher	
Effects on transportation facilities	Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher	Medium	Medium	
Effects on freight movement	Lower	Medium	Higher	Higher	Medium	Higher	
Business and commerce effects	Medium	Lower	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	

NOTES

^{1.} Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

			Level 3 Alternatives	
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria /	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
	Measures	Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel
Improve	regional mobility by increasing connectivity	y and capacity through downtown Seattle to meet projected transit demand	1.	
nsit		Medium	Medium	Medium
Projected Tra	Average weekday trips on Ballard extensions (year 2042)	Average weekday trips on the Ballard extension would be similar for all alternatives	Average weekday trips on the Ballard extension would be similar for all alternatives	Average weekday trips on the Ballard extension would be similar for all alternatives
Connect i	regional centers as described in adopted re	gional and local land use, transportation, and economic development plans	and Sound Transit's Regional Transit Long-Range Plan.	
-		Medium	Medium	Medium
Regional Centers Served	Population / job densities served (persons per acre, year 2040)	Population and employment densities would be less than average for the ST3 Representative Project in this 15th Avenue NW Ballard Station location due to its distance from the center of the Ballard Urban Village	Population and employment densities would be less than average for the 14th Avenue Elevated Ballard Station due to its distance from the center of the Ballard Urban Village	Population and employment densities would be less than average for the 14th Avenue Tunnel Ballard Station due to its distance from the center of the Ballard Urban Village.
		Medium	Medium	Medium
Sound Transit Long-Range Plan Consistency	Accommodates future LRT extension beyond ST3	Elevated Ballard Station oriented north-south along 15th Avenue NW would accommodate a future extension to the north or east, similar to all alternatives	Elevated Ballard Station oriented north-south along 14th Avenue NW would accommodate a future extension to the north or east, similar to all alternatives	Tunnel Ballard Station oriented north-south along 14th Avenue NW would accommodate a future extension to the north or east, similar to all alternatives
Impleme	nt a system that is consistent with the ST3	Plan that established transit mode, corridor, and station locations and that	is technically feasible and financially sustainable to build, operate, and mai	ntain.
		Lower • Straddle bents likely required to minimize roadway impacts along 15th Avenue W	Medium Potential need for ground improvements along guideway between W Dravus	Medium • Potential need for ground improvements along guideway between W Dravus
Technical Feasibility	Engineering constraints	 Straddle bents likely required to minimize roadway impacts along 15th Avenue W in Interbay, as well as NW Market Street in Ballard Movable bridge could require column placements in Salmon Bay and coordination with maritime properties and vessel movements Complex movable bridge over Salmon Bay in a high seismic zone 	Forential need for ground improvements along guideway between W Dravus Street and 15th Avenue W in Interbay Fixed bridge would require column placements in Salmon Bay and coordination with maritime properties and vessel movements	Street and 15th Avenue W in Interbay, and for tunnel boring under Nickerson Street bridge in Interbay

			Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	essment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel 15th Ave Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal
Improve	regional mobility by increasing connectivit	y and capacity through downtown Seattle to meet projected transit deman	d.	
sit		Medium	Medium	Medium
Projected Transit Demand	Average weekday trips on Ballard extensions (year 2042)	Average weekday trips on the Ballard extension would be similar for all alternatives	Average weekday trips on the Ballard extension would be similar for all alternatives	Average weekday trips on the Ballard extension would be similar for all alternatives
Connect	regional centers as described in adopted re	egional and local land use, transportation, and economic development plans	and Sound Transit's Regional Transit Long-Range Plan.	
5		Medium	Higher	Higher
Regional Centers Served		Population and employment densities would be less than average for the 15th Avenue Tunnel Ballard Station for this station location due to its distance from the center of the Ballard Urban Village	Population and employment densities would be greater than average for the 20th Avenue Tunnel Ballard Station due to its proximity to the center of the Ballard Urban Village	Population and employment densities would be greater than average for the 20th Avenue NW Tunnel Ballard Station due to its proximity to the center of the Ballard Urban Village
		Medium	Medium	Medium
Sound Transit Long-Range Plan Consistency	Accommodates future LRT extension beyond ST3	Tunnel Ballard Station oriented north-south along 15th Avenue NW would accommodate a future extension to the north or east, similar to all alternatives	Tunnel Ballard Station oriented north-south along 20th Avenue NW would accommodate a future extension to the north or east, similar to all alternatives Less direct for a future extension to the north or east than alternatives with a terminus along 14th Avenue NW or 15th Avenue NW	Tunnel Ballard Station oriented north-south along 20th Avenue NW would accommodate a future extension to the north or east, similar to all alternatives Less direct for a future extension to the north or east than alternatives with a terminus along 14th Avenue NW or 15th Avenue NW
	Implement a sys	tem that is consistent with the ST3 Plan that established transit mode, corri	dor, and station locations and that is technically feasible and financially sust	tainable to build, operate, and maintain.
		Medium	Lower	Lower
Technical Feasibility	Engineering constraints	 Potential need for ground improvements along guideway between W Dravus Street and 15th Avenue W in Interbay, and for tunnel boring under Nickerson Street bridge in Interbay Tunnel Ballard Station at 15th Avenue NW would require a deeper tunnel under Salmon Bay than alternatives with a Ballard Station at 14th Avenue NW to avoid a large diameter planned Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) storage tunnel under Shilshole Avenue 	 Would require relocation of 144-inch diameter major King County combined sewer pipeline, resulting in increased engineering complexity and schedule/cost risk to construct while maintaining operation of pipeline Would require a long span elevated structure with large foundations to cross BNSF railroad tracks 	Would require underpinning of foundations of a portion of W Dravus Street bridge Would require relocation of 96-inch diameter major King County combined sewer pipeline, resulting in increased engineering complexity and schedule/cost risk to construct while maintaining operation of pipeline Would require tunnel to be deeper compared to 14th Avenue NW tunnel and 15th Avenue NW tunnel alternatives In order to avoid the Nickerson Bridge retrofit structure Lowered alignment approaching tunnel portal would result in Interbay Station in deep trench approximately 40 feet below BNSF yard and 60 feet below W Dravus Street in constrained space below the W Dravus Street bridge

			Level 3 Alternatives	
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
	Wedsules	Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel
		Lower	Medium	Medium
y (continued)	Constructability issues	 Potential challenges maintaining traffic during construction along 15th Avenue W in Interbay and 15th Avenue NW in Ballard Movable bridge would require in-water construction activities for multiple piers in Salmon Bay and need to take into account vessel traffic in the navigation channel, fish windows and tribal treaty fishing 	Coordination likely required with BNSF Railway in Interbay Fixed bridge would require in-water construction activities for piers in Salmon Bay and need to take into account vessel traffic in the navigation channel, fish windows, and tribal treaty fishing	 Coordination likely required with BNSF Railway in Interbay Construction under the Nickerson Street bridge in Interbay creates potential challenges for maintenance of traffic Potential challenges identifying muck hauling routes for tunnel construction and constructing cross passages
Technical Feasibility (continued)				
1		Lower Movable bridge openings over Salmon Bay would result in periodic service	Higher Fixed bridge over Salmon Bay would not require openings for vessel traffic	Higher Tunnel under Salmon Bay would not require openings for vessel traffic associated
	Operational constraints	interruptions, which would impact systemwide operations	associated with a movable bridge	with a movable bridge
,			\$100 million increase	\$350 million increase
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)	Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives	\$100 million increase (north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$100 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Additional cost for elevated guideway outside of public right-or-way compared to ST3 Representative Project	\$350 million increase (north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$350 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Higher cost for additional tunnel construction • Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology
	millions)	Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives	(north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$100 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Additional cost for elevated guideway outside of public right-or-way compared to	(north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$350 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Higher cost for additional tunnel construction • Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology
Encourag	millions)	Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives in station areas through support of transit-oriented development, station of transit-oriented development.	(north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$100 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Additional cost for elevated guideway outside of public right-or-way compared to ST3 Representative Project ccess, and modal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land under the consistency with land under t	(north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$350 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Higher cost for additional tunnel construction • Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology
	millions)	Baseline for capital cost comparison to other alternatives in station areas through support of transit-oriented development, station of the Medium Ballard Station located on 15th Avenue NW is one block closer to the center of the Ballard Hub Urban Village than the station alternatives on 14th Avenue NW	(north of Dravus only) • Approximately \$100 million more than the ST3 Representative Project • Additional cost for elevated guideway outside of public right-or-way compared to ST3 Representative Project **Cccess, and modal integration in a manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that is consistent with local land under the manner that with local land under the manner that with local land under the manner than the manner than the manner than the	(north of Dravus only) Approximately \$350 million more than the ST3 Representative Project Higher cost for additional tunnel construction Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology see plans and policies.

			Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	essment Alternatives
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel 15th Ave Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal
		Medium	Lower	Lower
Technical Feasibility (continued)	Constructability issues	Coordination likely required with BNSF Railway in Interbay Construction under the Nickerson Street bridge in Interbay creates potential challenges for maintenance of traffic Potential challenges identifying muck hauling routes for tunnel construction and constructing cross passages	 Maintaining operation of 144-inch diameter major King County combined sewer pipeline during construction would increase construction challenges and schedule/cost risk Construction of Ballard Station would be more constrained than with other alternatives due to narrower right-of-way along 20th Avenue NW Potential closure of the Intersection of 21st Avenue W and W Emerson Street for the cut-and-cover tunnel Potential traffic disruptions on W Dravus Street for construction of elevated Interbay Station Coordination required with BNSF Railroad in Interbay for construction of tunnel portal in BNSF property with approximately 1,000-foot long transition from retained fill/cut Requires long span of elevated structure over BNSF tracks to avoid disruption to freight service and need for rail reconstruction Potential challenges identifying muck hauling routes for tunnel construction and constructing cross passages 	 Maintaining operation of 96-inch diameter major King County combined sewer pipeline during construction would increase construction challenges and schedule/cost risk Construction of Ballard Station would be more constrained than with other alternatives due to narrower right-of-way along 20th Avenue NW Coordination likely required with BNSF Railway in Interbay Construction under the W Emerson Street bridge in Interbay creates potential challenges for maintenance of traffic Potential challenges identifying muck hauling routes for tunnel construction and constructing cross passages Includes reconstruction of portion of W Dravus Street bridge and potential retrofit or reconstruction of W Emerson Street bridge
=		Higher	Medium	Medium
	Operational constraints	• Tunnel under Salmon Bay would not require openings for vessel traffic associated with a movable bridge	 Tunnel under Salmon Bay would not require openings for vessel traffic associated with a movable bridge Would include additional curves, resulting in lower operating speeds than other alternatives Tunnel would be approximately 200 to 500 feet shorter than tunnel to 14th Avenue NW or 15th Avenue NW 	 Tunnel under Salmon Bay would not require openings for vessel traffic associated with a movable bridge Would include additional curves and steeper grades, resulting in lower operating speeds than other alternatives Tunnel would be approximately 1,400 to 1,700 feet longer than tunnel to 14th Avenue NW or 15th Avenue NW, requiring additional ventilation and emergency egress
>		\$350 million increase (north of Drayus only)	\$750 million increase (north of Dravus only)	\$450 million increase (north of Dravus only)
Financial Sustainability	Conceptual capital cost comparison (2018\$ in millions)	Approximately \$350 million more than the ST3 Representative Project Higher cost for additional tunnel construction Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology	Approximately \$750 million more than the ST3 Representative Project Higher cost for additional tunnel construction Additional right-of-way costs in downtown Ballard Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology	Approximately \$450 million more than the ST3 Representative Project Higher cost for additional tunnel construction Additional right-of-way costs in downtown Ballard Cost of additional tunnels not included in ST3 financial plan or evaluation methodology
	Encourage equitable an	t d sustainable urban growth in station areas through support of transit-orier	ted development, station access, and modal integration in a manner that is	consistent with local land use plans and policies.
Station Area Land Use Plan Consistency	Proximity to Seattle-designated Urban Centers and Villages	• Ballard Station located on 15th Avenue NW is one block closer to the center of the Ballard Hub Urban Village than the station alternatives on 14th Avenue NW	Higher Ballard Station located on 20th Avenue NW is closer to the center of the Ballard Hub Urban Village than the station alternatives on 14th Avenue NW and 15th Avenue NW	Higher • Ballard Station located on 20th Avenue NW is closer to the center of the Ballard Hub Urban Village than the station alternatives on 14th Avenue NW and 15th Avenue NW

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		Level 3 Alternatives			
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
		Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel	
		Medium	Higher	Higher	
	Passenger transfers	Transfers from southbound buses on 15th Avenue NW would require crossing 15th Avenue NW	 Opportunity for buses in all directions to serve station entrances without requiring passengers to cross a street Pick-up and drop-off activity can be distributed over several blocks 	 Opportunity for buses in all directions to serve station entrances without requiring passengers to cross a street Pick-up and drop-off activity can be distributed over several blocks 	
		Medium	Higher	Higher	
uc	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Transfers from southbound buses on 15th Avenue NW would require crossing 15th Avenue NW	Ballard Station straddling NW Market Street provides good integration with buses on both sides of the street	Ballard Station straddling NW Market Street provides good integration with buses on both sides of the street	
Integration		Medium	Medium	Medium	
Modal Inte	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	Burke-Gilman Trail, Elliot Bay Trail, and Ship Canal Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations, particularly: 8th Avenue NW, Thorndyke Avenue W/20th Avenue W/Gilman	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include: Burke-Gilman Trail, Elliot Bay Trail, and Ship Canal Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations, particularly: 8th Avenue NW, Thorndyke Avenue W/20th Avenue W/Gilman Avenue W, NW 45th Street/Shilshole Avenue NW, and Nickerson Street 	Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include: Burke-Gilman Trail, Elliot Bay Trail, and Ship Canal Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations, particularly: 8th Avenue NW, Thorndyke Avenue W/20th Avenue W/Gilman Avenue W, NW 45th Street/Shilshole Avenue NW, and Nickerson Street	
		Higher	Medium	Medium	
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	 Interbay Station on 15th Avenue W straddling W Dravus Street Bridge has a lower percentage of sidewalks and trails, but more intersections than other alternatives; walkshed for this station does not extend as far west towards Magnolia neighborhood, but extends further east into Queen Anne neighborhood Alternative with 15th Avenue NW Ballard Station includes slightly more intersections within combined walkshed than alternatives with 14th Avenue NW Ballard Station 	 Interbay Station on 17th Avenue W has a lower percentage of sidewalks and trails than other alternatives; walkshed for this station extends farther west towards Magnolia neighborhood than the ST3 Representative Project, but less far into Queen Anne neighborhood Ballard Station on 14th Avenue NW has a lower percentage of sidewalks and trails than other alternatives 	Anne neighborhood	

The Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment is based on a limited conceptual design and intended to inform comparison of potential benefits and impacts between alternatives.

Sound Transit will evaluate the potential effects of alternatives for environmental review in an Environmental Impact Statement.

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures			Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives
		West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal
		15th Ave Ballard Tunnel		
		• Transfers from southbound buses on 15th Avenue NW would require crossing 15th	Higher Opportunity for buses in all directions to serve station entrances without requiring	Higher Opportunity for buses in all directions to serve station entrances without requiring
	Passenger transfers	Avenue NW • Drop-offs more challenging compared to station options on lower-volume streets	passengers to cross a street • Good passenger access to downtown Ballard area; Pick-up and drop-off activity can be distributed over several blocks	passengers to cross a street Good passenger access to downtown Ballard area; Pick-up and drop-off activity can be distributed over several blocks
		Medium	Medium	Medium
	Bus/rail and rail/rail integration	Ballard station is adjacent to north/south bus routes on 15th Avenue NW Ballard Station is on the east side of 15th Avenue NW and does not straddle NW Market Street, reducing integration with buses on both sides of NW Market Street	 Ballard Station straddling NW Market Street provides good integration with buses on both sides of the street Ballard station on 20th Avenue NW would require greater out-of-direction travel for connecting bus routes to continue north on 15th Avenue NW than other alternatives, adding delay Ballard Station on 20th Avenue NW may have constrained areas for bus zones 	 Ballard Station straddling NW Market Street provides good integration with buses on both sides of the street Ballard station on 20th Avenue NW would require greater out-of-direction travel for connecting bus routes to continue north on 15th Avenue NW than other alternatives, adding delay Ballard Station on 20th Avenue NW may have constrained areas for bus zones
Integration		Medium	Medium	Medium
Modal Inte	Bicycle infrastructure and accessibility	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include: Burke-Gilman Trail, Elliot Bay Trail, and Ship Canal Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations, particularly: 8th Avenue NW, Thorndyke Avenue W/20th Avenue W/Gilman Avenue W, NW 45th Street/Shilshole Avenue NW, and Nickerson Street 	 There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations, particularly: Thorndyke Ave W/20th Ave W/Gilman Avenue W, NW 45th Street/Shilshole Avenue NW, and Nickerson Street The 20th Avenue NW station location is closer to the Burke-Gilman Trail and NW 	 Existing multi-use bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations include: Burke-Gilman Trail, Elliot Bay Trail, and Ship Canal Trail There are existing in-street, separated bike facilities within a 10-minute ride from stations, particularly: Thorndyke Avenue W/20th Avenue W/Gilman Avenue W, NW 45th Street/Shilshole Avenue NW, and Nickerson Street The 20th Avenue NW station location is closer to the Burke-Gilman Trail and NW 58th Greenway than other alternatives
		Higher	Higher	Higher
	Pedestrian and persons with limited mobility accessibility	 Interbay Station on 17th Avenue W has a lower percentage of sidewalks and trails than other alternatives; walkshed for this station extends farther west towards Magnolia neighborhood than the ST3 Representative Project, but less far into Queen Anne neighborhood Alternative with 15th Avenue NW Ballard Station includes slightly more intersections within combined walkshed than alternatives with 14th Avenue NW Ballard Station 	than other alternatives; walkshed for this station extends farther west towards Magnolia neighborhood than the ST3 Representative Project, but less far into Queen Anne neighborhood • Alternative with 20th Avenue NW Ballard Station includes more intersections within combined walkshed than alternatives with the Ballard Station at 14th Avenue	 Interbay Station on 17th Avenue W has a lower percentage of sidewalks and trails than other alternatives; walkshed for this station extends farther west towards Magnolia neighborhood than the ST3 Representative Project, but less far into Queen Anne neighborhood Alternative with 20th Avenue NW Ballard Station includes more intersections within combined walkshed than alternatives with the Ballard Station at 14th Avenue NW or 15th Avenue NW

		Level 3 Alternatives			
Purpo	ose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	
	ivicasures	Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel	
s		Medium	Lower	Medium	
ment Opportunities	Development potential	Moderate development opportunities with elevated station at 15th Ave NW due to smaller surplus lots than tunnel alternatives	Fewer development opportunities with elevated Ballard Station at 14th Avenue NW due to project footprint almost entirely within street right-of-way and majority industrial zoning south of Ballard station	Greater development opportunities due to tunnel construction resulting in increased surplus land available; however, proximity to industrial zoning allows for less density than 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel alternative	
velopr		Lower	Lower	Medium	
Station Area Dev	Equitable development opportunities	Lower equitable development opportunities with elevated station at 15th Avenue NW due to smaller surplus lots than tunnel alternatives and industrial zoning southeast of station	Lower equitable development opportunities with elevated station at 14th Avenue NW due to project footprint almost entirely within street right-of-way and majority industrial zoning south of Ballard station	Greater equitable development opportunities due to tunnel construction resulting in increased surplus land available; however, proximity to industrial zoning allows for fewer equitable development opportunities than 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel alternative	
Preserve	and promote a healthy environment and o	economy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social envi	ronments through sustainable practices.		
		2	3	3	
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	• 2 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark Properties could be affected by the project	• 3 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark Properties could be affected by the project	• 3 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark Properties could be affected by the project	
		0.0	1.1	0.8	
	Parks and recreational resources (acres)	No permanent impacts to parks	Approximately 1.1 acres of potential permanent impacts to Interbay Athletic Field and 14th Avenue NW Boat Ramp	Approximately 0.8 acres of potential permanent impacts to Interbay Athletic Field	
Effects		0.5	0.5	0.0	
onmental	Water resources (acres)	More than 0.5 acres of potential permanent in-water impacts	More than 0.5 acres of potential permanent in-water impacts	No potential permanent in-water impacts	
Envir		5	10	11	
	Hazardous materials sites	• 5 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	10 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	11 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	
		Higher	Lower	Higher	
	Potential residential unit displacements	• Fewer than approximately 25 potential residential unit displacements	More than approximately 100 potential residential unit displacements	Fewer than approximately 25 potential residential unit displacements	

			Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives		
Purpo	se and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal	
		15th Ave Ballard Tunnel			
S		Medium	Higher	Higher	
ment Opportunities	Development potential	Greater development opportunities due to tunnel construction resulting in increased surplus land available; however, proximity to industrial zoning allows for less density than 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel alternative	Greater development opportunities due to increased density allowed with Mixed-	 Greater development opportunities due to tunnel construction resulting in increased surplus land available Greater development opportunities due to increased density allowed with Mixed-Use and Multi-Family Residential zoning within station walkshed 	
velopi		Medium	Higher	Higher	
Station Area Dev	Equitable development opportunities	Greater equitable development opportunities due to tunnel construction resulting in increased surplus land available; however, proximity to industrial zoning allows for fewer equitable development opportunities than 20th Ave Ballard Tunnel alternative	in increased surplus land available • Greater equitable development opportunities due to Mixed-Use and Multi-Family	 Greater equitable development opportunities due to tunnel construction resulting in increased surplus land available Greater equitable development opportunities due to Mixed-Use and Multi-Family Residential zoning within station walkshed 	
Preserve (and promote a healthy environment and e	economy by minimizing adverse impacts on the natural, built and social envi	ronments through sustainable practices.		
		3	7	8	
	National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) listed or eligible historic properties and Seattle Landmarks	3 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark Properties could be affected by the project	 7 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark Properties could be affected by the project Includes tunnel beneath Ballard Historic District 	8 NRHP-listed, NRHP-eligible, and/or Seattle Landmark Properties could be affected by the project Includes tunnel beneath Ballard Historic District	
		0.8	1.0	0.9	
શ	Parks and recreational resources (acres)	Approximately 0.8 acres of potential permanent impacts to Interbay Athletic Field	Approximately 1.0 acres of potential permanent impacts to Interbay Athletic Field	Approximately 0.9 acres of potential permanent impacts to Interbay Athletic Field	
Effects		0.0	0.0	0.0	
Environmental	Water resources (acres)	No potential permanent in-water impacts	No potential permanent in-water impacts	No potential permanent in-water impacts	
En		10	8	8	
	Hazardous materials sites	10 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	8 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	8 contaminated sites of higher concern within the alternative footprint or within an intersecting parcel	
		Higher	Lower	Medium	
	Potential residential unit displacements	• Fewer than approximately 25 potential residential unit displacements	More than approximately 100 potential residential unit displacements	Between approximately 25 and 100 potential residential unit displacements	

		Level 3 Alternatives				
Purpo	se and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel		
Micasares		Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel		
	Potential business displacements	Medium Between approximately 150,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Lower • More than approximately 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Medium Between approximately 150,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements		
		·		·		
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near 15th Avenue W, 15th Avenue NW and NW Market Street Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses Lane closures during construction on 15th Avenue W in Interbay and 15th Avenue NW in Ballard contribute to widespread diversion and increased congestion in Lower Queen Anne and the Westlake and SR 99 corridors	Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near 15th Avenue W and 14th Avenue W (north of W Emerson Street), and NW Market Street Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses	Medium Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near NW Market Street Greater amount of construction vehicles in the Interbay/Ballard neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses		
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Higher Interbay and Ballard stations would be located in areas where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average and located in areas of lower displacement risk	Higher Interbay and Ballard stations would be located in areas where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average and located in areas of lower displacement risk	Higher Interbay and Ballard stations would be located in areas where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average and located in areas of lower displacement risk		
		Lower	Medium	Higher		
	Traffic circulation and access effects	Lengthy segments of elevated guideway along principal arterial 15th Ave W/NW could eliminate or truncate left turn lanes, reduce capacity, and restrict turning movements	 Includes elevated guideway along 14th Avenue NW, a lower-volume street Columns could affect access by restricting certain turning movements. 	Alignment in tunnel limits permanent effects to traffic circulation and access		
		Lower	Medium	Higher		
Traffic Operations	Effects on transportation facilities	Ballard • Highest number of potential conflicts with existing and planned transportation infrastructure • Affected facilities include W Dravus Street, the Emerson interchange, 15th Avenue	Fully elevated guideway primarily outside of roadway right-of-way and along 14th Avenue NW in Ballard; avoids 15th Avenue W and 15th Avenue NW Reduced number of potential conflicts with existing and planned transportation infrastructure compared to ST3 Representative Project Affected facilities include W Dravus Street, the Emerson interchange and 14th Avenue NW/NW Market Street intersection	Tunnels in Ballard and routing in Interbay reduce the number of potential conflicts with other transportation facilities Affected facilities include the Emerson interchange		

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures			Pre-DEIS Initial Asse	ssment Alternatives
		West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal
		15th Ave Ballard Tunnel		
		Medium	Medium	Higher
	Potential business displacements	Between approximately 150,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements	Between approximately 150,000 and 300,000 square feet of potential business displacements	• Fewer than approximately 150,000 square feet of potential business displacements
		Medium	Lower	Lower
Environmental Effects (continued)	Community construction impacts	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near NW Market Street Greater amount of construction vehicles in the Interbay/Ballard neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses 	 Construction for cut-and-cover tunnel Ballard Station would occur in the core of the Ballard Hub Urban Village Greater amount of construction vehicles in the Interbay/Ballard neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses 	 Potential for visual, noise, and vibration impacts on residences near 20th Avenue NW and NW Market Street Construction for cut-and-cover tunnel Ballard Station would occur in the core of the Ballard Hub Urban Village Includes reconstruction of portion of W Dravus Street bridge and potential retrofit or reconstruction of W Emerson Street bridge Greater amount of construction vehicles in the Interbay/Ballard neighborhoods for tunnel excavation material hauling Access to businesses would be maintained throughout the corridor, although the community may experience changes in access to some businesses
	Burden on minority and low-income populations	Higher	Higher	Higher
		Interbay and Ballard stations would be located in areas where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average and located in areas of lower displacement risk	Interbay and Ballard stations would be located in areas where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average and located in areas of lower displacement risk	Interbay and Ballard stations would be located in areas where minority or low-income populations are not above the city average and located in areas of lower displacement risk
		Higher	Higher	Higher
	Traffic circulation and access effects	Alignment in tunnel limits permanent effects to traffic circulation and access	Alignment in tunnel limits permanent effects to traffic circulation and access	Alignment in tunnel limits permanent effects to traffic circulation and access
		Higher	Medium	Medium
Traffic Operations	Effects on transportation facilities	 Tunnels in Ballard and routing in Interbay reduce the number of potential conflicts with other transportation facilities Affected facilities include the Emerson interchange 	 Tunnels in Ballard and routing in Interbay reduce the number of potential conflicts with other transportation facilities Affected facilities include construction over live BNSF rail tracks and temporary construction-related impacts to W Emerson Place 	 Tunnels in Ballard and routing in Interbay reduce the number of potential conflicts with other transportation facilities Affected facilities in Interbay/Ballard include reconstruction of portion of W Dravus Street bridge, potential retrofit or reconstruction of W Emerson Street bridge

Higher Performing

		Level 3 Alternatives		
Purpo	se and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures	ST3 Representative Project	West Seattle Elevated/Downtown 6th Ave/Ballard Elevated	West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel
	measures	Movable Bridge 15th Ave Ballard Elevated	Fixed Bridge 14th Ave Ballard Elevated	14th Ave Ballard Tunnel
		Lower	Medium	Higher
ımic Effects	Effects on freight movement	 Elevated guideway columns could affect truck access to local businesses on 15th Avenue W and 15th Avenue NW; this alternative would have greatest potential direct impact to truck freight routes of all alternatives Construction activities would be conducted along and affect the 15th Avenue W and 15th Avenue NW Major Freight Routes Construction of elevated guideway columns would likely have limited impacts associated with the guideway crossing the following Major Freight Routes: Shilshole Avenue NW, NW Leary Way and NW Market Street Potential temporary and permanent impacts to water-dependent businesses and Dock 3 at Fishermen's Terminal are expected, and as fresh-water dependent businesses, these uses could be very difficult to relocate Movable bridge columns in Salmon Bay would maintain Ship Canal navigation channel, but could affect large vessel turning movement to Fishing Vessel Owners (FVO)/Fisherman's Terminal Construction of the elevated Ballard Station would occur on 15th Avenue NW and close to NW Market Street, both of which are a Major Freight Route. Construction of the station could have limited impact to freight movement on 15th Avenue NW and NW Market Street 	Construction of elevated guideway columns could have limited potential impacts associated with the guideway crossing the following Major Freight Routes: 15th Avenue W, Shilshole Avenue NW, NW Leary Way and NW Market Street Construction on the east side of BNSF yard in Interbay Avoids impacts to Fishermen's Terminal, but could affect operations of an intermodal freight facility that provides unique shipping services to/from Alaska and is dependent on a freshwater location and proximity to rail lines and freight truck routes, which could be difficult to relocate Columns for the Salmon Bay fixed bridge crossing would maintain navigation channel but could affect large vessel navigation to/from water dependent businesses on Salmon Bay, as well as the Maritime Academy/14th Avenue NW Boat Ramp area, and as freshwater dependent businesses, these uses could be difficult to relocate Columns in 14th Avenue NW would restrict turning movements for businesses in the Ballard MIC Construction of the elevated Ballard Station would occur on 14th Avenue NW straddling NW Market Street which is a Major Freight Route; construction of the station could have limited impact to freight movement on NW Market Street	Construction on the east side of Interbay BNSF yard in Interbay Construction associated with the tunnel portal could affect local freight access Tunnel avoids in-water columns in Salmon Bay and impacts on Fishermen's Terminal Construction of the tunnel Ballard Station would occur beneath 14th Avenue NW straddling NW Market Street which is a Major Freight Route; construction of the station could have temporary impact to freight movement on NW Market Street
Econom		Medium	Lower	Medium
	Business and commerce effects	·	 Could have the greatest amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Interbay MIC Could displace small businesses in Interbay that are service-or light-industrial-oriented Could displace businesses that support international and domestic trade through terminals on Salmon Bay Potential construction period effects such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near 14th Avenue W, 17th Avenue W, 16th Avenue W and 13th Avenue W in Interbay, 14th Avenue NW and NW Market Street in Ballard Would avoid impacts to Fishermen's Terminal, but could affect operations of an intermodal freight facility that provides unique shipping services to/from Alaska and is dependent on a freshwater location and proximity to rail lines and freight routes Other water dependent businesses could be displaced 	Could have a moderate amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Interbay MIC Potential construction period effects such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near 15th Avenue W, 17th Avenue W, 16th Avenue W and 13th Avenue W in Interbay; 14th Avenue NW and NW Market Street in Ballard Could displace small businesses in Interbay that are service-or light-industrial-oriented Tunnel under Salmon Bay would avoid permanent maritime business impacts, including those at Fishermen's Terminal

NOTES:

1. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native

Purpose and Need / Evaluation Criteria / Measures			Pre-DEIS Initial Assessment Alternatives		
		West Seattle Tunnel/Downtown 5th Ave/Ballard Tunnel	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - BNSF Tunnel Portal	20th Ave Ballard Tunnel - Thorndyke Tunnel Portal	
		15th Ave Ballard Tunnel		20117100 Samara Tamici. Thornay he Familie Fortal	
		Higher	Medium	Higher	
mic Effects	Effects on freight movement	 Construction on the east side of Interbay BNSF yard in Interbay Construction associated with the tunnel portal could affect local freight access Tunnel avoids in-water columns in Salmon Bay and impacts on Fishermen's Terminal Construction of the tunnel Ballard Station would occur beneath 15th Avenue NW and close to NW Market Street, both of which are Major Freight Routes; construction of the station could have temporary impact to freight movement on 15th Avenue NW and NW Market Street, but less impact compared to the alternative with the elevated station 	 Construction on the east side of Interbay BNSF yard in Interbay could require relocation of some BNSF operations due to the proximity of guideway construction and tunnel excavation Construction associated with the tunnel could affect local freight access Tunnel avoids in-water columns in Salmon Bay and impacts on Fishermen's Terminal Construction of the tunnel Ballard Station would occur beneath 20th Avenue NW straddling NW Market Street which is a Major Freight Route; construction of the station could have temporary impact to freight movement on NW Market Street 	Construction on the east side of Interbay BNSF yard in Interbay Construction associated with the tunnel could affect local freight access Tunnel avoids in-water columns in Salmon Bay and impacts on Fishermen's Terminal Construction of the tunnel Ballard Station would occur beneath 20th Avenue NW straddling NW Market Street which is a Major Freight Route; construction of the station could have temporary impact to freight movement on NW Market Street	
Econor		Medium	Medium	Medium	
	Business and commerce effects	 Could have a moderate amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Interbay MIC Potential construction period impacts, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near 15th Avenue W, 16th Avenue W in Interbay; 17th Avenue W, 15th Avenue NW and NW Market Street in Ballard Could displace small businesses in Interbay that are service-or light-industrial-oriented Tunnel under Salmon Bay would avoid permanent maritime business impacts, including those at Fishermen's Terminal 	local businesses on or near 17th Avenue W in Interbay, 20th Avenue NW and NW	Could have the least amount of business displacements, the majority of which would be industrial or light-industrial businesses in Interbay MIC Potential construction period impacts, such as lane closures and access changes, to local businesses on or near 17th Avenue W in Interbay, 20th Avenue NW and NW Market Street in Ballard Could displace small businesses in Interbay that are service-or light-industrial-oriented Tunnel under Salmon Bay would avoid permanent maritime business impacts, including those at Fishermen's Terminal	

NOTES:

1. Minority population is defined in US Department of Transportation Updated Environmental Justice Order 5610.2(a) as persons belonging to any of the following groups: Black, Hispanic, Asian American, and American Indian and Alaska Native