



Today's Agenda

➤ Project Status

Current Pre-Baseline Project Cost Estimates/Schedule

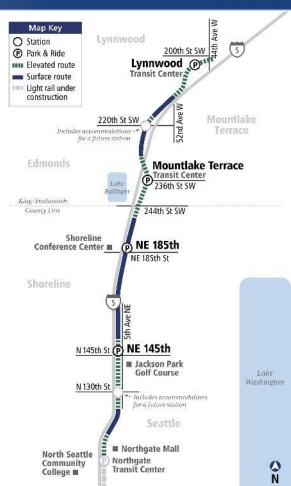
➤ Value Engineering Efforts

> Federal Funding Update



Lynnwood Link Extension

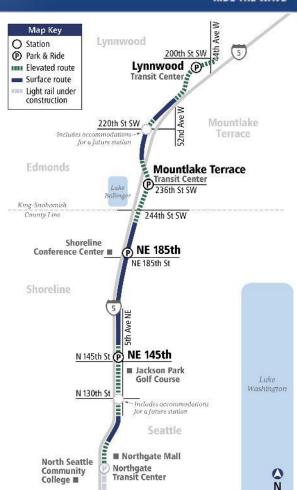
- Length: 8.5 miles from Northgate to Lynnwood
- Elevated/at-grade: approximately 4.1 miles of elevated guideway and 4.4 miles at-grade
- Stations: Shoreline South/145th, Shoreline North/185th, Mountlake Terrace, Lynnwood City Center
- Parking: 3 parking garages with 1,500 added spaces over the 8.5 mile extension





Project Benefits

- Fast, frequent, reliable service in congested
 I-5 corridor 28 minutes from Lynnwood
 Transit Center to downtown
- Generates over 74,000 weekday boardings system-wide by 2035
- Connects Shoreline, Mountlake Terrace, and Lynnwood to regional Link system
- Serves existing transit centers at Mountlake Terrace and Lynnwood Transit Center
- Potential TOD opportunities





Project Status

- Final Design began in April 2016
- Designer, Civil GC/CM Contractors, Construction Management Consultants on board, co-located with staff
- Currently at 60% level of design





Previously Reported/Monitored Top Risks

- Third party approvals Cities, WSDOT, FHWA
- Timely ROW acquisition for construction
- Uncertainty with Federal funding
- Construction market conditions price escalation, labor shortages ongoing



Differing site and underground utility conditions



Cost Estimates* (YOE\$)

- ST2 cost estimate (2005): up to \$2.4B
 - Start of revenue service 2023
- Preliminary Engineering estimate (2015): \$2.1B
 - Start of revenue service 4Q 2023
- Preliminary Engineering re-estimated (2016): \$2.4B**
- Final Design 60% estimate (2017): \$2.9B
 - Start of revenue service mid-2024

^{*}All estimates include assigned costs for light rail vehicles and Operations and Maintenance Facility

^{**}Estimate used in FTA/ST risk assessment (Feb 2017)



ST2 Cost Estimate vs Current 60% Cost Estimate

	ST2 Estimate	60% Estimate	Variance (60% to ST2)	% Change (60% to ST2)
ST PHASE	(YOE\$, M)	(YOE\$, M)	(YOE\$, M)	%
Administration	\$100.4	\$95.0	(\$5.4)	-5%
Preliminary Engineering	\$61.5	\$22.7	(\$38.9)	-63%
Final Design	\$147.7	\$126.9	(\$20.8)	-14%
Right of Way	\$134.8	\$235.7	\$101.0	75%
Construction	\$1,367.0	\$1,878.5	\$511.5	37%
Construction - OMFE	\$184.2	\$184.2	\$0.0	0%
Construction Services	\$116.5	\$111.5	(\$5.0)	-4%
Third Parties	\$0.0	\$17.3	\$17.3	N/A
Vehicles	\$169.0	\$169.0	\$0.0	0%
Unallocated Ctg. For Const.	\$137.1	\$93.9	(\$43.1)	-31%
Total (excludes finance charges)	\$2,418.2	\$2,934.8	\$516.6	21%

Note: 60% estimate does not include \$19.8M spent prior to entry to project development.



Major Factors Increasing Cost Estimates

- Real Estate Acquisition / Market Conditions
- Construction Market Conditions
- Design Evolution/Scope Changes



General Contractor/Construction Manager Contracting



Real Estate Acquisitions / Market Conditions

- Number of needed properties has increased
- Appraisals are 44% higher than 2014 → 20-25%
 - higher than anticipated escalation
- Relocation is difficult → limited supply of comparable properties





Construction Market Conditions

- Saturated market & labor shortages
- Not a "buyer's market", multiple contracts to pursue
- Public work less preferred for contractors in this overheated market
- Material and commodity price escalation continues
- Current market risk influences pricing
- Other regional public agencies experiencing overheated market impacts on cost





Design Evolution/Scope Changes

- Transit integration better bus transfer facilities with partner agencies
- Changes in 3rd party requirements, evolving codes/regulations
- ST3 integration (BRT, 130th Station)
- Trees approx. \$32 million more in landscaping costs





Design Evolution/Scope Changes

- Design provisions to minimize construction disruption
 - Temporary noise walls
 - Temporary traffic control
 - Temporary parking





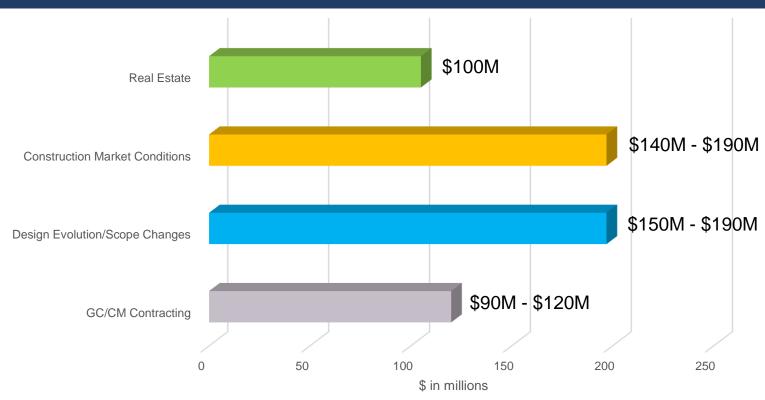
GC/CM Contracting

- 5-10% initial higher cost than Design-Bid-Build (DBB) contracting
- Benefits include:
 - Contractor input into value engineering, constructability, scheduling, estimating
 - Reduces risks during construction
 - Typically requires less contingencies than DBB (subject to FTA concurrence)





Cost Estimate Increases by Major Factors





Snapshot of Building Cost Escalation 2015 - 2017

Description	Market Condition Percentage	
Division 3 – Concrete	8%	
Division 4 – Masonry	100%	
Division 5 – Metals	30%	
Division 7 – Thermal/Moisture Protection	45%	
Division 8 – Openings (doors & windows)	40%	
Division 9 – Finishes	35%	
Division 14 – Conveying Systems (elevators & escalators)	350%	
Division 31 – Earthwork Source: Hoffman Construction	10%	

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Construction Cost Escalation Example

University of Washington Station

- Contract award to Hoffman 2011: \$141M
- Sound Transit Engineer's Estimate: \$143M
- Hoffman's current estimate if station bid and built today: \$248M





What We Are Doing to Lower Costs

- Value Engineering
 - Brainstorming and analyzing multiple cost saving options
 - Engaging with jurisdictions, revisiting requirements
- Risk Assessment
 - Working with GC/CM contractors to identify and properly allocate risk for pricing
- Peer Review
 - Invited experts from Dallas and Portland

Process results in new direction to design team



Federal Funding Update

- Executive Branch Budget Proposals
- Congressional actions
- FFGA Process





Next Steps

- Complete Cost Saving Idea Evaluation: 4Q 2017
- Incorporate cost saving ideas: 1Q 2018
- Prepare Revised Cost Estimates: 1Q 2Q 2018
- Risk Assessment: 2Q 2018
- Secure land use permits/agreements with cities and WSDOT: 4Q 2017
 1Q 2018
- Baseline Project (budget and schedule) and Execute FFGA: 3Q 2018
- Complete Design/Begin Construction: 4Q 2018



Continuing Top Risks

- Uncertainty with Federal funding
- Construction market conditions price escalation, labor shortages ongoing
- Time and cost of ROW acquisition for construction
- Third party approvals Cities, WSDOT, FHWA
- Differing site and underground utility conditions



Major Project Status

- ~\$7B of ST2 projects baselined, fully committed & trending within budget:
 - South 200th, Northgate, East Link Extensions
 - I-90 Two-Way Transit & HOV Operations (Stage 3)
 - Tacoma Trestle Track & Signal, Sounder Yard Expansion projects
 - Sounder South Expanded Service
 - Light Rail Vehicle Procurement
- ST2 projects <u>not</u> baselined, facing cost and schedule uncertainty:
 - Lynnwood, Federal Way Link Extensions
 - Tacoma Link Expansion
 - Sounder Maintenance Base, Sounder Access Improvement projects
- ST3 Program includes financial capacity for limited market fluctuations
 - Staff will continue monitoring and responding to potential cost impacts

